

Obihai Technology, Inc.

OBi Device Administration Guide

Models:

- OBi110 Voice Service Bridge and Terminal Adapter
- OBi100 Telephone Adapter and Voice Service Bridge
- OBi202 VoIP Phone Adapter with Router, 2-Phone Ports, T.38 Fax
- OBi302 VoIP Phone Adapter with Router, 2-Phone Ports, T.38 Fax (SIP Only)



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USER SETTINGS FEATURES OF THE OBI DEVICE



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Introduction

Audience

Cloud Service Providers and Managed Service VARS

Note to End Users

End users are highly encouraged to use the OBiTALK web portal to configure and manage their OBi devices. The reason for this is two-fold. One, the major benefits afforded by the OBi devices are available to be turned on, set-up and modified from within the portal. What's more is the application of the functional configuration is controlled by device configuration files tightly integrated with the settings configured by the OBiTALK portal and cloud-based applications managed by Obihai which make possible the device's "plug-n-play" operation.

Where to Go for Help

Obihai has a number of options available to customers who are seeking help regarding their Obihai products.

Obihai Web Site:

- Obihai Support Web Site: <u>http://www.obihai.com/support.html</u> On this web site visitors will find links to the OBiTALK forum, Documents and Downloads, Tools Tips and Tricks as well as an FAQ / Knowledge Base.
- 2. Enter a Support Request at: <u>http://www.obihai.com/supportTicketForm.php</u>
- 3. Go to the OBiTALK forum at: <u>www.obitalk.com/forum</u>
- 4. E-mail the Obihai Support Team at: support@obihai.com

Notational Conventions

An OBi device configuration parameter and value is represented in the style listed below:

Group Name::ParameterName = Parameter Value

Group Name is the heading of the parameter group on the left side panel of the device configuration web page and may contain spaces. When a group heading has more than one level, each level is separated with a -, such as

Services Providers - ITSP Profile A - SIP::

ParameterName is the name of the parameter as shown on the web page and MUST NOT CONTAIN ANY SPACES. *Parameter Value* is the literal value to assign to the named parameter and may contain spaces. **Group Name** or its top level headings may be omitted when the context is clear. Examples:

SP1 Service::AuthUserName = 4082224312

ITSP Profile A - SIP::ProxyServer = sip.myserviceprovider.com

The OBi110 LINE Port

The LINE port is available only on the OBi110 model. As such references in this document that describe configuration or behavior of the LINE port or "Li" interface apply only to the OBi110.



Introduction to OBi Devices

Built with a high-performance system-on-a-chip platform to ensure high quality voice conversations, OBi devices are dedicated systems targeted at applications for voice over IP services. OBi devices have high availability and reliability because they are always-on to make or receive calls. With an OBi device, a computer is not required and a computer does not need to be on to talk to people. To get started, all you need is a phone, power and a connection to the Internet.

Model	VoIP Account Support (SIP or Google Voice)	OBiTALK Support	Phone Port(s)	Line Port	Ethernet Port(s)	USB Port
OBi100	Yes – 2 Accounts	Yes	1	0	1	0
OBi110	Yes – 2 Accounts	Yes	1	1	1	0
OBi202	Yes – 4 Accounts	Yes	2	0	2	1
OBi302	Yes – 4 Accounts (SIP only)	Yes	2	0	2	1

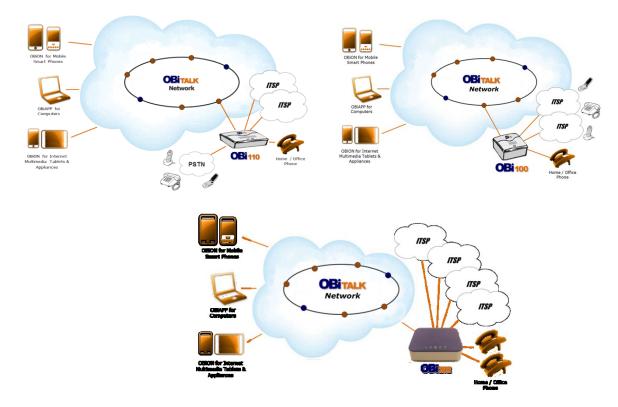
OBi Devices:

OBi Devices Are Complemented by Other OBi Products & Services

OBITALK: A customer portal for device management allowing members to add people and associated OBi endpoints to "circles of trust" such that additional functionality can be shared amongst authorized users. The OBITALK portal is also where members can download the OBIAPP and OBION applications for PCs and the iPhone, iPad, iPod touch & Android devices, respectively.

OBiON for iPhone, iPad, iPod touch & Android Devices: An application for iPhone, iPad, iPod touch and Android devices which makes possible placing and receiving calls to/from other OBi endpoints.

OBiAPP for PC: An application for a PC that facilitates placing and receiving calls to/from other OBi endpoints.





Key Features of the OBi Voice Service Bridge / Telephone Adapter:

- Google Voice Support for Up to Four (4) Google Accounts 2 on the OBi100 and OBi110, 4 on the OBi202
 Google Voice Support Not Available on the OBi302
- SIP Service Provider Support for Up to Four (4) SIP Accounts 2 on the OBi100 and OBi110, 4 on the OBi202
- Any Available Service Can be Accessed from Each Phone Port Independently
- Aggregation and Bridging of SIP and/or Google Voice, OBiTALK & Land Line (POTS) Services**
- Automatic Attendant for Simplified Call Routing (AA)
- Call Back Service Automatic Call Back to Connect User to the AA to Make a New Call or Ring the Attached Phone

OBiTALK Web Portal Integration

- Configuration and Management of OBi Endpoints
- Download OBi Client Applications for PCs, Mobile Phones & Internet Devices
- Creating & Joining Circles of Trust So You Can Share Your OBi
- Setting Up Your OBi Endpoint Speed Dial Directory

Configurable to Work with Any SIP Compliant Internet Telephone Service or Google Voice Communications Service Configurable to Work with Most Loop Start Analog Telephone Lines Analog Phone & Telephone Line Impedance Agnostic

Robust Telephony Features:

- Message Waiting Indication Visual and Tone Based
- Speed Dialing of 99 OBi Endpoints or Numbers
- Three Way Conference Calling with Local Mixing
- Hook Flash Event Signaling
- Caller ID Name & Number
- Call Waiting
- Call Forward Unconditional
- Call Forward on Busy
- Call Forward on No Answer
- Call Transfer
- Anonymous Call
- Block Anonymous Call
- Do Not Disturb
- Call Return
- Repeat Dialing

Powerful Call Routing & Voice Service Features:

- SIP Support for Voice and Fax Over IP from Internet Telephony Service Providers
- OBITALK Managed VoIP Network for OBI Endpoint Devices & Applications
- High Quality Voice Encoding Using G.711, G.726, G.729 and iLBC (OBi202/OBi302 only) Algorithms
- Recursive Digit Maps & Associated Call Routing (Outbound, Inbound)







** Land line available on OBi110 only.

Physical Interfaces of the OBi Device

Overview of the OBi Device Physical Interfaces







Top Views of the OBi100, OBi110 and OBi202/OBi302

LED Order (Left to Right): Power Status – Internet Port Activity – LAN Port Activity (OBi202) – PHONE Status – LINE Status (OBi110)



Rear Views of the OBi100, OBi110 and OBi202/OBi302 Port Order (L-to-R): LINE Port (OBi110) – PHONE Port(s) – LAN Port (OBi202/OBi302) – Internet Port – 12v DC Power Jack

Connecting Power to the OBi Device

Connect the supplied 12-volt power adapter to the OBi device and the wall outlet or working power strip. Only use the power adapter supplied with the original packaging to power the OBi device. Use of any power adaptor other than what was provided with the OBi will void the warranty and may cause the unit to not function at all or cause undesired operation.



LED Description and LED Behaviour

There are four (4) LED lights on the top of the OBi. They are used to provide the user with a visual indication of the working order and general status of key functional aspects of the OBi device. Under normal operating conditions the LEDs should show green (solid or blinking) signals.

LED Icon	Light Behavior	What It Means
	Off	The OBi is not receiving power.
	Solid Green	The OBi is operational.
С С	Flashing Green	The OBi is looking for a DHCP IP address.
-	Flashing Orange	The OBi is upgrading. DO NOT remove power!
	Solid Red	The OBi is non-operational.
LED Icon	Light Behavior	What It Means
\bigcirc	Flashing Green (Intermittent)	Light flashes when there is data activity on the OBi Internet Ethernet port.
	Flashing Green (Intermittent)	Light flashes when there is data activity on the OBi LAN Ethernet port. (OBi202 Only)
LED Icon	Light Behavior	What It Means
OBi100 & OBi110:	Off	 The port is not enabled. Otherwise: If the Primary Line is the PSTN LINE, indicates OBiTALK service is not available. If Primary Line is SP1/SP2/OBiTALK, indicates the corresponding primary service is not available (but the secondary services may still be available).
ові202:	Solid Green	 The phone is ready to be used: If the Primary Line is the PSTN LINE, indicates OBiTALK service is available. If the Primary Line is SP1/SP2/OBiTALK, indicates the corresponding primary service is available.
	Flashing Green	The phone is in use.
	Fast Flashing Green	The phone is ringing.

Here below, are specific details/explanation of the OBi LED description and behaviour.



LED Icon	Light Behavior	What It Means
	Off	The port in not enabled.
	Solid Green	The line is ready to be used.
OBi110 Only	Flashing green	The line is in use.
	Fast Flashing Green	The line is ringing.

LED Pattern When Hardware Reset Button Is Pressed for Ten (10) Seconds:

Power LED blinks green slowly for 5 seconds and fast for 4 seconds prec Supprteding unit reboot.



Internet Connection Set-Up and Configuration

Connect one end of an Ethernet cable to the OBi INTERNET port and the other end of the Ethernet cable to an Ethernet port on your Internet router or Ethernet switch. By default the OBi will request an IP, DNS and Internet (WAN) Gateway IP addressing via DHCP.

PHONE Port Set-Up and Configuration

A phone has a very basic UI (User Interface) for I/O (Input / Output) of signalling or control messages.

The OBi PHONE port supports input signalling and control messages comprised of: On Hook, Off Hook, Hook Flash, DTMF tones.

The OBi PHONE port supports output signalling and control messages comprised of: Caller ID/CWCID, MWI, DTMF/Tone, Ring, Pol-Rev, CPC, Power Denial.

The OBi PHONE port has a Maximum Sessions capacity of two (2). This is not configurable.

The OBi PHONE port will reply BUSY to a new incoming call when:

- The PHONE port already has 2 calls in session.
- The PHONE port is ringing the phone.
- The phone is in a dialing or fast busy "Invalid" state.
- The OBi is already in a FAX call.

The OBi PHONE port supports Call Waiting when a 2nd call is an inbound call:

- A Hook-Flash (or depressing the Flash button) invokes switching between two (2) calls.
- When the OBi PHONE port goes On-Hook this will end current call and invoke a ring for the holding call.

The OBi PHONE port supports 3-way Calling when the second call is an outbound call.

On the first Hook-Flash during an active call the OBi can make a second outbound call.

On the second Hook-Flash, the first call and the second outbound call are placed in a conference.

To remove the second conferenced party, invoke a third Hook-Flash.

When the OBi goes On-Hook during a 3-way Call, this will become a transfer when 2nd (outbound) call is ringing or connected. If the 2nd (outbound) call does not succeed, e.g. no answer or busy, then the OBi PHONE port can go to an On Hook state and will ring as the holding call is still on the line, or simply Hook-Flash to resume the first call.

The OBi PHONE port can select from the following services to which it can complete a call: SP1 Service (SP1), SP2 Service (SP2), OBiTALK Service (PP1), and PSTN Line (LI1).

PHONE PORT::DigitMap

PHONE PORT::OutboundCallRoutes

PHONE PORT::CallReturnDigitMaps

Using the OBi as a Paging System

You may connect the OBi PHONE port to an external PA system via an RJ11-to-Line-Out connector (available at many popular electronics shops), and enable the PHONE port option UseForPagingOnly. In this configuration, the phone port is expected to be "off-hook" all the time. The OBi will automatically answer incoming calls. It will not accept call-waiting.



When the phone port goes from on-hook to off-hook, in case the user needs to dial * * * to invoke the IVR, the OBi will play a dial tone for 5 seconds. After 5 seconds the OBi will turn silent and be ready to accept an incoming call to page.

Primary Line

By default, devices which come with an analog (PSTN) line port will use this as the Primary Line for outbound calls made from the PHONE port and via the OBi Auto Attendant. This means that when you dial a new number using the AA, you do not need to first dial a service route access code. You can select the Primary Line for the PHONE port and for the AA, respectively, using the parameters **PHONE Port:**:PrimaryLine and **Auto Attendant:**:PrimaryLine.

Depending on the device model, you may add up to two (2) or four (4) SP VoIP services to the OBi, and attach a PSTN line to the LINE Port as an additional voice service. The VoIP services can be SIP-based services or the Google Voice service (SIP only on OBi302). In addition, all device models come with the free OBiTALK (peer-to-peer) service. In this document we sometimes refer to any one of these voice services as a *trunk*. A trunk group (TG) is a (comma-separated) ordered list of trunks. If a TG is selected for making an outbound call, the OBi will pick the first available member in that trunk group for the call. Up to four (4) TGs can be defined in an OBi (see the section *Trunk Groups* for detail).

You can make one of the available trunks or TG1 as the Primary Line for outbound calls. The Primary Line for the PHONE port(s) and the Auto Attendant is configured via the OBi device management web page described herein or the OBiTALK Device Configuration VoIP Service Provider set-up screen also gives the user the option to select a trunk or TG1 as the Primary Line. The list below summarizes the choices available for selection as the primary line:

- SP1 Service
- SP2 Service
- SP3 Service
- SP4 Service
- OBiTALK Service
- PSTN Line¹
- Trunk Group 1

When you want to make a call via a service that is not the Primary Line, you will need to dial that service's access code before the destination number.

The default service route access codes are defined as:

- ** 1 : SIP Service Provider 1 or Google Voice Service 1
- ** 2 : SIP Service Provider 2 or Google Voice Service 2
- ** 3 : SIP Service Provider 3 or Google Voice Service 3
- ** 4 : SIP Service Provider 4 or Google Voice Service 4
- ** 8 : PSTN Line Port Service Provider¹
- ** 9 : OBiTALK Network

Service route access codes for calling from the PHONE port can be customized if necessary by modifying **PHONE Port:**:DigitMap and **PHONE Port:**:OutboundCallRoute. Service route access codes for calling via the Auto Attendant can be customized if necessary by modifying **Auto Attendant:**:DigitMap and **Auto Attendant:**:OutboundCallRoute.

Note: Occurrences of (Mpli) and pli are substituted internally with the corresponding abbreviated trunk name of the selected primary line.

¹ LINE Port is available on the OBi110 only



LINE Port Set-Up and Configuration

Like a PHONE port, a LINE port has a basic UI (User Interface) for I/O (Input / Output) of signalling or control messages:

The OBi LINE port supports the following inputs: DTMF, Polarity, CPC, Caller ID, Ring, Tone

The OBi LINE port supports the following outputs: DTMF/Tone, On Hook, Off Hook, Hook Flash*

The OBi LINE port will assume a call is Connected on the following conditions:

End of dialing for outbound calls

Off-hook for inbound calls

The OBi LINE port will assume a call is Disconnected on the following conditions:

Power Down, CPC, Long Silence, or Disconnect Tone

Note: The OBi LINE port and system logic will not attempt to invoke or interpret PSTN supplementary services. This is directly between the user and the Phone Company.

• To signal hook-flash to the PSTN Line during a call from the phone attached to the PHONE port, Phone **PORT::** HookFlashHandling must be set to Send Flash Hook to PSTN

Features Available on the OBi202 Model

Sharing Files on an External USB Storage Device

The OBi202 has a USB port that can be attached to an external USB storage device, such as a USB flash drive or USB hard disk drive. The OBi202 native web server includes functionality for browsing the contents on the attached USB device and sharing them selectively with other parties.

There are three levels of access to an attached USB storage device, *admin, user*, and *anonymous*. Admin and user level access are protected by a User ID and Password. The admin will have full access while a user level access can be restricted. Anonymous access is limited to read-only without being prompted by the OBi202 to enter a User ID or Password. To have admin level access, one must login with the User ID "admin" and provide the corresponding password. To login as a user, one must login with a valid User ID and provide the corresponding password. Up to 10 User IDs can be specified in the OBi202 configuration for user level access, and each User ID can be enabled individually and assigned a different set of restrictions with the following attributes:

- Home Directory: This specifies where in the device directory tree the user nay start browsing.
- File Filter: This specifies which file types the user can see and manipulate. File filters are limited to filename suffixes such as *.jpg; *.mp3
- Write Enable: This specifies whether the user can upload, delete, copy, cut and paste files or create new directories on the USB device. Note: By default, read/file-download access is granted to all users.

Use the following URLs on a web browser to launch the OBi File Explorer:

- For anonymous level access: http://<OBi-IP-Address>/obi_share/anonymous
- For admin or user level access: http://<OBi-IP-Address>/obi_share

The File Explore can be launched from either the WAN or LAN side of the OBi. The WAN side access can be disabled in the configuration.



IP Routing and LAN Switching Features (OBi202 Only)

OBi202 has two Ethernet ports labelled as the Internet port and the LAN port. The OBi works as a router by default. All the native voice services and features use the WAN port only when the OBi202 is in router mode. The OBi can also be set to work as a 3-port switch (a.k.a. Bridge mode), by changing its OperationMode parameter from Router to Bridge. Note: One of the switch ports is for OBi202 internal use only.

IP Routing Features

In router mode we refer to the network connected to the OBi Internet Port as the WAN side of the OBi202, and the network connected to the OBi LAN Port the LAN side of the OBi. The WAN side may be connected to another Ethernet switch or directly to an access device such as a cable or DSL modem for Internet access. The OBi202 routes traffic between the LAN side and the WAN side, thus allowing the devices (such as PCs) attached to the LAN side to share Internet access. The OBi202 supports subnet masks as big as 255.255.255.0 to accommodate up to 253 IP addresses on its LAN side subnet.

In addition to being a NAT (Network Address Translation) router, the OBi202 includes a DHCP server, a DNS forwarder and a basic firewall. It supports port forwarding, DMZ, QoS, and VLAN (802.1q). The maximum routing throughput between the WAN and the LAN side is approximately 30 Mbps. This speed can be achieved when there are no active calls in the system. Otherwise the throughput will be limited to a slower speed to accommodate the load for voice processing. Note that if the WAN side is connected to an Internet access device directly, then the throughout could be further limited by the speed of the Internet uplink and downlink.

The OBi202 will acquire its WAN side IP address using one of the following methods: Static Address Assignment, DHCP, or PPPoE. By default, the OBi202 acquires its WAN side IP address using DHCP. Also by default, the OBi202's own DHCP server is enabled to support LAN side clients, e.g. PCs. The default LAN side IP address of the router is 192.168.10.1.

Incoming packets receiving from the WAN side are forwarded by the router according to the following flow:

- If firewall is enabled, discard the packet if it is rejected by any one of the active firewall components
- If the sending host address matches a valid entry in an internal host binding table, queue the packet for local processing. This binding table is updated by the router with an internal algorithm.
- If the sending host address matches a valid entry in an internal NAT binding table, forward the packet to the corresponding LAN IP address. The NAT binding table is updated by the router with an internal algorithm.
- If the receiving port and protocol matches a reserved pair to support an internal process (e.g. TCP Port 80 for the OBi202 web server process), queue the packet for local processing.
- If the receiving port and protocol matches a port forwarding rule, forward the packet to the LAN IP address
 according to that rule.
- If a DMZ host is configured, forward the packet to that LAN IP address.
- Queue the packet for internal processing.

DHCP Server

By default, the built-in DHCP server is enabled on the OBi202. It assigns IP address, network mask, DNS server and default gateway address to the DHCP clients on the LAN side. The default gateway and DNS server have the same IP address as the LAN side IP address of the router. In the DHCP server configuration, you may select the range of client IP addresses to give out the Lease Time and the Local Domain Name. Furthermore, by using the DHCP reservation feature, you may reserve specific IP addresses for some devices with specific MAC addresses. With this, those devices can always be assigned the same IP addresses reserved for them each time they make a request to the DHCP server. See the LAN Settings and DHCP Reservation sections for more details.



Firewall

The firewall protects local processes and LAN side clients against certain basic threats from the WAN side (or the Internet), such as port scanning and a DOS (Denial of Service) attack. The firewall settings also allow you to selectively turn on or off the following related features:

- NATRedirection Supports NAT Redirection (a.k.a NAT Loopback or Hairpin) if enabled (default is disabled).
- DRDOSAttackProtection Protects against DOS attack if enabled (default is disabled).
- VPNPassThrough Blocks all VPN traffic if disabled (default is enabled).

The settings of these features will take effect only if firewall is enabled. Otherwise, they will take on their respective default values (that is, no NATRedirection or DRDOSAttackProtection and VPNPasssThrough is allowed).

Port Forwarding

Up to 20 port forwarding rules may be defined on the OBi. For each rule a range of ports and a designated receiving LAN IP address must be specified such that incoming traffic arriving at any of those ports on the WAN side are forwarded to the same port at the designated IP address on the LAN side. You may also specify for each rule if it should only apply to packets transported over UDP, TCP or both.

DMZ

The DMZ host in the router is the default LAN client address to which a packet received from the WAN side is forwarded when the router fails to find a matching LAN IP address or matching local process to forward the packet to. Note if firewall is enabled, that the packet is still subject to firewall inspection before forwarding to the DMZ host.

QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) refers to the prioritization of network traffic based on the type of traffic. For example, time critical traffic such as VoIP may be allocated the highest priority so they can have a better chance of on time delivery to the destination. On the OBi202, QoS policy applies to upstream traffic (LAN-to-WAN) only. Downstream QoS is entirely up to the ISP / upstream routers and switches. The upstream traffic is prioritized according to its type of service as indicated by the DiffServ/TOS bits in the IP header of each packet. In the QoS settings, you may map the 64 possible types of service to one of the three priority classes: High, Medium and Low. You may also specify the guaranteed minimum upstream bandwidth for each priority class. LAN side clients indicate the desired priority class of their outbound packets to the router by marking the DiffServ/TOS bits of their packets accordingly. See the QoS Settings section for more details.

In addition to the three priority classes, a fourth priority class known as the **Restricted** class is available. The Restricted class has the highest priority among the four classes. The guaranteed bandwidth for the Restricted class is allocated separately with its own parameter in the configuration.

Note that the total guaranteed bandwidth allocated to all the four priority classes is equal to the total available uplink bandwidth, which must be specified correctly in the UpStreamBandwidth parameter in the QoS settings for QoS to work properly.



VLAN Support in Router Mode

In router mode, the OBi202 can support VLAN (802.1Q) on the WAN side. When VLAN is enabled, incoming packets from the WAN side not belonging to the same VLAN are dropped, while all outgoing packets to the WAN side are tagged with the configured VLAN ID. The VLAN support is transparent to the devices on LAN side. The router removes the VLAN tag when forwarding packets to the LAN side.

LAN Switching Features

Instead of acting as a router, the OBi202 can be set to work as a 3-port switch. One of the ports is internal and is used by the OBi202 CPU only, while the two external ports (labelled as Internet and LAN) can be connected to other devices. This mode of operation is known as the bridge mode. In this mode, all the router features, such DHCP server, firewall and port forwarding, will not take effect. The QoS policy in this case is hardwired such that the native voice and related traffic will always have highest priority (this behavior is not configurable). Furthermore, accessing the OBi device management web pages from either of the two external ports is always allowed.

VLAN Support in Bridge Mode

When VLAN is enabled, packets sent to the OBi not belonging to the same VLAN are dropped, while packets sent by the OBi are tagged with the configured VLAN ID. The packets switched directly between the external ports, on the other hand, are not modified by the OBi.



End User Features Available on the OBi

OBiTALK Web Portal:

The OBiTALK Web Portal allows you to manage your OBi endpoints and their relation to other endpoints in your Circle of Trust. OBiTALK is a web portal and OBi configuration utility which helps OBi users configure devices for optimum savings and access applications which make using OBi with even more convenience.

OBi Circles of Trust

The OBiTALK Web Portal is also where you can set-up Circles of Trust. The Circles of Trust provide a means to team-up with other people with OBi devices and endpoints so that everyone's calls can be made as inexpensively as possible.

OBiON iPhone & iPod Touch + Android Smart Phone Apps

After setting up an account and logging in to the OBiTALK portal, users may download applications for their iPhone and Android smart phones.

OBiAPP for PC Soft Phone App

After setting up an account and logging in to the OBiTALK portal, users may download applications for their iPhone and Android smart phones.

OBi Works with Your Existing Services

If you do not want to configure a new service in order to make free calls using your Internet connection you can simply plug in your existing analog line from your telco phone service or connect the line coming from an VoIP service (from an ATA or cable EMTA) to the OBi. Connect your telephone to the OBi's phone port and you are ready to call other users' endpoints on the OBiTALK network.

Bridge Your Services for Optimum Savings & Convenience

With the OBi device, you can bridge multiple services to route calls in the most efficient cost-effective way. You can connect your telco phone service to the OBi at your house and use your PC or Apple iPhone, iPod touch or Android Smart phone to bridge a call from the OBiTALK network to the phone landline or Internet phone service connected to the OBi device at home.

Call Forwarding

Call Forwarding allows you to send incoming calls to another number of your choosing. Calls can be forwarded to a number reachable from the landline service, VoIP service or OBITALK network. The following types of call forwarding are possible with the OBi:

Call Forward ALL: When you use Call Forward ALL, all calls are immediately forwarded to the number you indicate when you turn on the feature. To enable Call Forward ALL, from a phone attached to the OBi, dial *72. You will be prompted to enter the number to which the calls will be forwarded. Dial the number plus the # key and a confirmation tone will be heard. To disable Call Forward ALL, dial *73. A confirmation tone will be heard.

Call Forward on Busy: When you use Call Forward on Busy, all calls are forwarded to the number you indicate only when you are already engaged in a call with your phone attached to the OBi. To enable Call Forward on Busy, from a phone attached to the OBi, dial *60. You will be prompted to enter the number to which the calls will be forwarded. Dial the number plus the # key and a confirmation tone will be heard. To disable Call Forward on Busy, dial *61. A confirmation tone will be heard



Call forward on No Answer: When you use Call Forward on No Answer, all calls are forwarded to the number you indicate only when you do not answer the call with your phone attached to the OBi. To enable Call Forward on No Answer, from a phone attached to the OBi, dial *62. You will be prompted to enter the number to which the calls will be forwarded. Dial the number plus the # key and a confirmation tone will be heard. To disable Call Forward on No Answer, dial *63. A confirmation tone will be heard.

Caller ID – Name & Number

Caller ID allows you to see the number and (if available) the name of the person calling you. You can use this information to decide whether or not to answer the call. You must have a phone (or device) that supports caller ID to use this feature.

Call Waiting

Call waiting lets you take a second call that comes in when you are already on the phone with another party and not have to disconnect to take the new call. When you are on the line with the first party, you will hear a tone signalling you there is a second call coming in. To answer this call, press the "flash" button on your phone or depress and release the switch hook on the telephone. The first party will be placed on hold and you will be connected to the second party until you press the "flash" button or depress and release the switch hook again.

Since Call Waiting can interfere with fax calls already in progress, it is advised that you configure your fax machine to dial the Cancel Call Waiting code before it dials the destination fax machine.

3-Way Calling

3-Way Calling allows you to talk to two parties at the same time with everyone on a telephone at a different location. To use 3-Way Calling, when you are in a call with another party and want to add a second to the conversation, press the "flash" button or depress and release the switch hook on your phone. You will be presented with a second dial tone and the first party will be placed on hold. Dial the second party. When they answer, you will be able to inform them that you intend to connect them with the first party (now on hold) and have a conference. At this point press the "flash" button or depress and release the switch hook on your phone. This will connect the first party, the second party and yourself. You can all continue to talk together.

Call Transfer (Attended)

You can transfer a call to a third party using the attended transfer capabilities of the OBi. To use Attended Call Transfer, while in a call with the party who will be transferred, press the "flash" button or depress and release the switch hook on your phone. You will be presented with a second dial tone. The party who will be transferred will be placed on hold. Dial the transfer target. When the transfer target answers, you will be able to inform them that you intend to connect them with the party on hold. At this point press the "flash" button or depress and release the switch hook on your phone. This will connect the party to be transferred, the transfer target and yourself. You can continue to talk together, as this is now a 3-way call, or you can hang up the phone and the other two parties will remain connected.



Nordic Style Feature Invocation

In the above description of call waiting, 3-way calling, and call transfer operations, the way the features are invoked is referred to as N. America style. In Nordic regions (such as Sweden, Norway), the same features are invoked by hook flashing followed by a digit 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 to more precisely control which operations to apply to the calls. For these regions, the phones may also be equipped with an R button for hook flashing. The commands issued to the OBi are referred to as R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5. Here is a summary of the operations:

Commands	Operations	Scenarios
RO	Reject the 2 nd incoming call	1 st call connected, 2 nd call ringing
R1	End the 1 st call. Resume or answer the 2 nd call	1 st call connected, 2 nd call on
		hold or ringing
R2	Hold 1 st call. Resume or answer the 2 nd call (swap	1 st call connected, 2 nd call on
	calls)	hold or ringing
R3	Keep the 1 st call. Resume or answer the 2 nd call	1 st call connected, 2 nd call on
	(conference)	hold or ringing
R4	Transfer 2 nd call peer to the 1 st call peer	1 st call connected, 2 nd call on
		hold or connected

To select the Nordic style of feature invocation, set the parameter PHONE Port::CallCommandSignalMethod to "Nordic Regions (R1, R2, ...)". The default is: N. America.

Caller ID Block (Anonymous Calling)

Caller ID Block allows you to mask your name and number information from appearing on the phone you are calling. To use Caller ID Block for one call only, dial *67 and then the destination number. To use Caller ID Block on a persistent basis, dial *81 from the handset attached to the OBi. All calls will use the Caller ID Block feature until you cancel the Caller ID Block. To cancel Caller ID Block, dial *82 from the handset attached to the OBi.

Automatic Call Back (Call Return)

Automatic Call Back, also called Call Return can be used to call back the last caller who called you without actually dialing their number. To use Automatic Call Back, from the phone attached to the OBi, dial *69. The OBi will then attempt to use the previous callers Caller ID information to make the call.

Repeat Dialing

Repeat Dialing is useful when you call a number that is busy and you want to keep trying so that your call gets through when the far end is available. Repeat dialing will continue to try the last number until the OBi device can complete the call or Repeat dialing is cancelled. To enable repeat dialing, from the phone attached to the OBi, dial *05 and hang up. To cancel repeat dialing, from the phone attached to the OBi, dial *05 and hang up. To

Anonymous Call Block

Anonymous Call Block allows you to block calls from incoming callers when there is no identifying caller ID name or number. Incoming calls will be presented with a busy signal. To use Anonymous Call Block, from the phone attached to the OBi, dial *77. To cancel Anonymous Call Block, from the phone attached to the OBi, dial *87.

Do Not Disturb

Do Not Disturb (DND) allows you to set the phone to immediately forward calls made to your OBi to the number set-up as your voicemail number / account. If no voicemail account is set-up, the OBi will return a busy signal to the caller until you turn off DND. To turn on DND, from a phone attached to the OBi, dial *78. To turn off DND, from a phone attached to your OBi, dial *79.



Message Waiting Indication – Visual and Tone Based

Message Waiting Indication allows you to be notified when there is a new voice message for you. The OBi supports both Visual and Tone based Message Waiting Indication. With Tone-based Message Waiting Indication, you will know there is a message for you when you hear a "stutter" dial tone right when you first pick up the phone to make a call. Typically, this stutter tone will be removed once you listen to your message(s). Visual-based Message Waiting Indication will turn on a light or screen icon on your phone (or phone base station) when there is a message waiting for you. Typically, this light or icon will go dark when you have listened to your new message(s).

Speed Dialing of 99 OBi Endpoints or Numbers

The OBi device supports Speed Dialing of 99 numbers. These numbers can be associated with phones reachable via an Internet or landline service or the OBiTALK network. Be careful with the Speed Dial Set-Up as this will conflict with the Speed Dials set-up on the OBiTALK portal. The Speed Dials that are set-up on the OBiTALK portal will always overwrite anything set-up via the phone connected to the OBi.

PHONE 1/2 Collaborative Features (OBi202 Only)

While PHONE 1 and PHONE 2 can function independently of each other, the OBi202 also offers some collaborative features to let the two phone ports work together as a mini phone system.

With the factory default digit map and call routing rules, you can dial a single "#" (pound/hash) digit to call from one phone port to ring the other phone port. Depending on the current state of the called phone, one of the following can happen:

- 1. If the called phone is idle (on-hook), it will ring normally with a special Caller-ID that indicates the call is from the other PHONE Port.
- 2. If the called phone is already on a call, the calling phone will barge in to join the call.
- 3. If the called phone is on-hook with a call on-hold, the calling phone will pick up and resume that call.
- 4. If the called phone is ringing, the calling phone will pick up and aswer that call.
- 5. For all other scenarios, the calling phone will hear busy tone.

Note that you can prevent the calling phone port from doing 2, 3 and 4, as they can be disabled by setting the parameter EnablePhonePortBargeIn to false for that port. In that case, 2 will become normal call-waiting on the called phone, but the calling phone will hear busy tone for 3 and 4.

You can also transfer an external call from PHONE 1 to PHONE 2 the usual way: while connected on an external all, hook flash and dial # to ring the other phone, then hang up to transfer when the caller phone rings or answers.

For incoming calls on any trunk (SP1-4 or OBiTALK Service), one can set up the corresponding inbound call route to ring just PHONE 1 or PHONE 2 or both. The default inbound call routes are setup to ring both phone ports.

For outgoing calls, each phone port has its own digit map and outbound call route configuration, which means that you have the full flexibility in allocating trunks for making calls from each port independently. Each port may also have a different primary line assigned; the default however is to set the prmary line to SP1 for both phone ports.

Star Code Features

The OBi device supports service features via the handset connected to the PHONE port. The following Star Codes can be used to access the indicated features. OBi Star Code Enabled Features Apply to All Voice Services.



- *03, Request peer device to loopback media in the next outbound call
- *04, Request peer device to loopback RTP packets in the next outbound call
- *05, Tell device to periodically redial the last called number until the called party rings or answers
- *06, Cancel the last repeat dial request
- *07 Redial
- *69 Call Return
- *81 Block Caller ID (Persistent Mode)
- *82 Unblock Caller ID (Persistent Mode)
- *67 Block Caller ID (One Time)
- *68 Unblock Caller ID (One Time)
- *72 Call Forward All (Enter Number + #)
- *73 Disable Call Forward All
- *60 Call Forward on Busy (Enter Number + #)
- *61 Disable Call Forward in Busy
- *62 Call Forward on No Answer (Enter Number + #)
- *63 Disable Call Forward No Answer
- *77 Block Anonymous Calls
- *87 Unblock Anonymous Calls
- *56 Enable Call Waiting
- *57 Disable Call Waiting
- *78 Do Not Disturb Turn On
- *79 Do Not Disturb Disable
- *66 Repeat Dial
- *86 Disable Repeat Dial
- *74 Speed Dial Set-Up (Enter SD No. [1-99] then Tel No. + #) ∞
- *75 Speed Dial Read-Back (Enter SD No.)
- *76, Clear a Speed Dial
- *96, Barge In
- *98, Blind Transfer
- *4711, Use G711 Only on the next outbound call
- *4729, Use G729 Only on the next outbound call

*28, Make OBiBT Bluetooth Adapter discoverable for the next 120s (OBI202 only)

∞ Note: Be careful with the Speed Dial Set-Up as this will conflict with the Speed Dials set-up on the OBiTALK portal. The Speed Dials that are set-up on the OBiTALK portal will always overwrite anything set-up via the phone connected to the OBi.





Call Forward Numbers

There is one set of Call Forward Settings per voice service on the OBi, such that the settings apply to incoming calls on that service only. However calls may be forwarded to numbers on the same service or on another service. Therefore each call forward number stored in the OBi configuration MUST include call routing information to let the device know which voice service should be used to forward the call to. The general format of a call forward number is:

TK(number)

Note: *TK* is the abbreviated name of a voice service.

Valid values of *TK* are SP1 for the SP1 Voice Service (with ITSP A or B), SP2 for the SP2 Voice Service (with ITSP A or B), LI1 for the PSTN service (on the LINE Port), or PP1 for the OBITALK Service.

The *number* to forward to must be in the final form that is acceptable by the service provider. OBi will not apply any Digit Map or Call Routing Rules on it.

Examples: SP1(14089991234), PP1(ob200333456)



Configuration and Management Interfaces of the OBi Device

Telephone-IVR-Based Local Configuration

The OBi utilizes an interactive voice response (IVR) system for both its configuration and day-to-day function. The IVR is, in essence and automated attendant the OBi user will access to either invoke a verbal response from the OBi to provide information to the user (such as IP address) or instruct the OBi to act on the routing / placement of a call to a particular interface. More information about the Auto Attendant IVR for OBi call processing will be provided later in the document.

There are two IVR menus.

- 1. Auto Attendant IVR 1: Referred to as "aa" (or aa1) for call processing commands.
- 2. Auto Attendant IVR 2: Referred to as "aa2" for local configuration.

If settings require reboot, it will be done automatically when quitting the IVR.

IVR (AA2) invoked by *** as default.

Tip: By pressing the appropriate button sequence on the telephone key pad, you can barge into the next menu of the IVR or invoke a command without first waiting for the previous announcement to end.

Main Menu configuration options are accessed by pressing * * * from a phone attached to the PHONE port of the OBi, followed by a single digit of the option number as listed below:

Selection	Announcement	What Can You Do?
1	Basic Network Status Your IP address and DHCP status will be read back to you.	Press 0 to repeat the information.
2	Advanced Network Status Your primary & back-up DNS server, primary & back-up NTP server will be read back to you.	Press 0 to repeat the information.
3	DHCP Current Value Your current value will be read back to you and you will be given the option to change the value	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.
4	IP Address Current Value Your current value will be read back to you and you will be given the option to change the value. If you elect to enter a new value (static IP address) DHCP will be disabled.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.
5	Password Current Value Your current IVR password value will be read back to you and you will be given the option to change the value.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.



	Please Wait (while OBi is checking for software update) This is followed by either:	If an update is available, press 1 to proceed with the update. The software update process will start as soon as you hang up the phone.
6	 Software Update Available. Press 1 to update software, OR Software Update Not Available 	Warning: Once the software upgrade process starts, the device's power LED will blink rapidly. Please make sure the power and network cable stay connected to the unit until the process is complete.
8	Restore Factory Default	Press 1 to confirm device restore to factory default settings. Press # to return to device configuration menu. Press # # to exit IVR.
9	Reboot OBi Device	Press 1 to confirm device reboot. Press # to return to device configuration menu. Press # # or hang up to exit IVR.
0	Additional Options Access other configuration options of the OBi device.	Enter option followed by the # key.

Note for OBi202 and OBi302: Options 1 – 4 apply to the WAN (Ethernet) interface only. These options will appy to OBiWiFi instead if the WAN (Ethernet) interface is not connected and the OBiWiFi Wireless Adapter is connected to a Wi-Fi access point. To access similar options that apply specifically to OBiWiFi, we recommend use of options 41 – 44 instead to avoid ambiguity.

System Level Configuration Options

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
1	Firmware Version The current value of the firmware version will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
2	IVR Password	Press 1 to enter a new value.



	The current value of the IVR password will be read back. Debug Level	 Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection. Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value.
3	The current value of the debug level will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
4	Syslog Server IP Address The current IP address of the syslog server will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value.Press 2 to set the default value.Press 0 to repeat the information.Press # to enter another configuration selection.
5	Syslog Server Port The current value of the syslog server port will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value.Press 2 to set the default value of 514.Press 0 to repeat the information.Press # to enter another configuration selection.
81 ³	Factory Reset just the Voice configuration parameters. Leave the Router configuration parameters unchanged	Press 1 to confirm. Press # to enter another configuration selection
82 ³	Factory Reset just the Router configuration parameters. Leave the Voice configuration parameters unchanged	Press 1 to confirm. Press # to enter another configuration selection

Network Related Configuration Options

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
20	DHCP Configuration The current value of the DHCP configuration will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.



		Press # to enter another configuration
		selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	IP Address	Press 2 to set the default value.
21	The current value of the IP address will	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	Default Gateway	Press 2 to set the default value.
22	The current value of the default	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	internet gateway will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	Subnet Mask	Press 2 to set the default value.
23	The current value of the subnet mask	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration
		selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	DNS Server (Primary)	Press 2 to set the default value.
24	The current value of the primary DNS	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	server will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	NTP Server (Primary)	Press 2 to set the default value.
26	The current value of the primary NTP	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	server will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.

Router Related Configuration Options (OBi202 and OBi302 Only)

Selection Note: Always Press "#" After Entering Selection	Announcement	What Can You Do?
30	Enable Web Management Access from WAN port The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value.



	(Effective in Pouter mode only)	Proce 0 to repeat the information
	(Effective in Router mode only)	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	0: Disable Access from WAN	Press # to enter another configuration
	1: Enable Access from WAN	selection.
31	Choose Router or Bridge Mode The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.
	0: Router 1: Bridge	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
	Enable DHCP Server on LAN side in	Press 1 to enter a new value.
	router mode	Press 2 to set the default value.
32	The current value will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	0: Disable DHCP Server	Press # to enter another configuration
	1: Enable DHCP Server	selection.
	Enable Firewall in router mode	Press 1 to enter a new value.
	The current value will be read back.	Press 2 to set the default value.
33	0: Disable Firewall	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	1: Enable Firewall	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
	Enable QoS feature in router mode	Press 1 to enter a new value.
	The current value will be read back.	Press 2 to set the default value.
38	0: Disable QoS	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	1: Enable QoS	Press # to enter another configuration selection.

OBiWiFi Network Related Configuration Options (OBi202 and OBi302 Only)

Selection Note: Always Press "#" After Entering Selection	Announcement	What Can You Do?
40	DHCP Configuration The current value of the DHCP configuration will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.



		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	IP Address	Press 2 to set the default value.
41	The current value of the IP address will	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	Default Gateway	Press 2 to set the default value.
42	The current value of the default	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	internet gateway will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	Subnet Mask	Press 2 to set the default value.
43	The current value of the subnet mask	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	DNS Server (Primary)	Press 2 to set the default value.
44	The current value of the primary DNS	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	server will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	NTP Server (Secondary)	Press 2 to set the default value.
46	The current value of the Secondary	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	NTP server will be read back.	Press # to enter another configuration selection.

SIP Service Provider Configuration Options

Additional Configuration Options Available with the OBi IVR after Pressing * * * 0 for SIP Service Provider One (SP1):

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
100	Enable Service Provider One (SP1) The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.



		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
101	Registration State of SP1 The current value will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
102	SP1 User ID The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
167	SP1 Block Caller ID Enable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
168	SP1 Block Anonymous Call Enable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
172	SP1 Call Forward ALL – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
173	SP1 Call Forward ALL Number	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
174	SP1 Call Forward on Busy – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.



175	SP1 Call Forward on Busy Number	Press 1 to enter a new value.Press 2 to set the default value.Press 0 to repeat the information.Press # to enter another configuration selection.
176	SP1 Call Forward on No Answer – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
177	SP1 Call Forward on No Answer Number	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.

Additional Configuration Options Available with the OBi IVR after Pressing * * * 0 for SIP Service Provider Two (SP2):

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
200	Enable Service Provider One (SP2) The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
201	Registration State of SP2 The current value will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
202	SP2 User ID The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
267	SP2 Block Caller ID Enable	Press 1 to enter a new value.



		Press 2 to set the default value.
		Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
		Press 2 to set the default value.
268	SP2 Block Anonymous Call Enable	Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
		Press 2 to set the default value.
272	SP2 Call Forward ALL – Enable / Disable	Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
		Press 2 to set the default value.
273	SP2 Call Forward ALL Number	Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
	SP2 Call Forward on Bury Enable /	Press 2 to set the default value.
274	SP2 Call Forward on Busy – Enable / Disable	Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
		Press 2 to set the default value.
275	SP2 Call Forward on Busy Number	Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
276	SP2 Call Forward on No Answer – Enable / Disable	Press 2 to set the default value.
		Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
277	SP2 Call Forward on No Answer	Press 1 to enter a new value.



Number	Press 2 to set the default value.
	Press 0 to repeat the information.
	Press # to enter another configuration
	selection.



OBiTALK Configuration Options

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
900	Enable OBiTALK Service The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
901	Registration State of OBiTALK The current value will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
967	OBiTALK Block Caller ID Enable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
968	OBiTALK Block Anonymous Call Enable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
972	OBiTALK Call Forward ALL – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
973	OBiTALK Call Forward ALL Number	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
974	OBiTALK Call Forward on Busy – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value.



		Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
975	OBiTALK Call Forward on Busy Number	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
976	OBiTALK Call Forward on No Answer – Enable / Disable	Press 1 to enter a new value.Press 2 to set the default value.Press 0 to repeat the information.Press # to enter another configuration selection.
977	OBiTALK Call Forward on No Answer Number	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.

Auto Attendant Configuration Options

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
80	Enable / Disable Auto Attendant.	Press 1 to enter a new value.Press 2 to set the default value.Press 0 to repeat the information.Press # to enter another configuration selection.



LINE (FXO) Port Configuration Options¹

Additional Configuration Options Available with the OBi IVR after Pressing * * * 0:

Selection (Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
90	Enable / Disable FXO LINE Port The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
91	FXO State The current value of the state will be read back.	Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.
92	Ring Thru Delay The current value will be read back.	Press 1 to enter a new value. Press 2 to set the default value. Press 0 to repeat the information. Press # to enter another configuration selection.



Customized AA Prompt Recording Options

Additional Configuration Options Available with the OBi IVR after Pressing * * * 0:

Selection		
(Always Press "#" After Entering Selection)	Announcement	What Can You Do?
		Press 1 to enter a new value.
		Press 2 to set the default value.
		Press 0 to repeat the information.
		Press # to enter another configuration selection.
		Note: After pressing 1 to record a new prompt, the OBi says "Enter value followed by the # key)\". At that point, you can press any digit (0-9) to start recording, and then press # to end recording.
1001	Option 1001 current value is: (the recorded prompt)	Tips: Leave about 1s of gap at the end of recording to avoid unintended truncation by the OBi.
		After a new prompt is recorded, Obi immediately plays back the recorded audio, and then presents the following options:
		Press 1 to save (save the recorded prompt permanently in long term memory)
		Press 2 to re-enter (the last recorded prompt is discarded)
		Press 3 to review
		Press # to cancel (the last recorded prompt is discarded)
Similarly for Options 1002 - 1010		

With these options you can record up to 10 prompts which can be arranged in any combinations and used as customized AA prompts. Each prompt recording is limited to 60s, where the prompt duration is rounded to the nearest number of seconds. A total of 122s is available to store all the recordings. The device will reboot automatically when you hang-up if any of the prompts have been modified and saved. Furthermore you can enter a text description for each recorded prompt as a reminder of the contents of the prompt (under the Voice Services - Auto Attendant configuration page).



Web Server-Based Local Configuration



Setup Wizard

Router Configuration

OBiWiFi Configuration

System Management

Service Providers

Physical Interfaces

Voice Services

Tone Settings

Ring Settings

User Settings

Star Codes

+ Codecs

Status

The OBi device has an integrated device management web server which can be accessed from a PC or similar device using a browser. Although all popular browsers are tested for compatibility with the OBi device management web server, there may be inconsistencies which arise from time to time. Please contact support@obihai.com if you have any questions about the OBi device management web server and how it appears in your browser window.

Access the OBi Device Management Web Page:

- 1. From a phone attached to the OBi, dial * * * to access the OBi Config Attendant.
- 2. Choose "1" to hear the IP Address of the OBi read back to you. Write this down.
- 3. Enter the OBi IP Address in a local PC web browser address field:
- 4. When prompted, enter "admin" for user name and "admin" for password.

When you access the OBi device management web page, you will be prompted for a user name and password. There are two levels of access to the OBi web page – User Level and Admin Level. The default "user name / password" for User Level access is "user / user". The default "user name / password" for Admin Level access is "admin / admin". The Admin and/or User passwords may have been changed using the OBi device web page, provisioning by a service provider or via the OBiTALK web portal (Admin only). Please be sure you have access to the correct Admin or User password before you attempt to log on to the OBi Device Management Web Page.

External USB Storage

The OBi device management web page is organized into sections to allow for a manageable and compartmentalized approach to configuring the many hundreds of

parameters available on the OBi device. Use the expandable / collapsible menu tree on the left side of the page to easily navigate the various configuration parameter sections of the OBi device.

IMPORTANT: Every configuration page must be submitted individually after changes made on the page. Otherwise those changes will be discarded once you navigate to another page. Most changes will require a reboot of the unit (by clicking the reboot button for instance) to take effect. However, you may reboot the unit just once after you have made and submitted all the necessary changes on all the pages.

When the device is operating in router mode (OBi202, OBi302 only), the built-in web server may be accessed from the LAN side or the WAN side. While access from the LAN side is always allowed, for security reasons, the access from the WAN side may be disabled by configuration. In fact, the WAN side access to the web server is disabled by default. You can enable this option on the device web page (from the LAN side), or by using the device configuration IVR (* * * 0 option 30) from an attached telephone.



Web Page Conventions and Icons & Buttons:

Icon / Button	Description	Remark
Ø	This icon indicates that there is more information available which might describe the workings, limits or thresholds for the parameter to which it is adjacent. You can mouse over this icon to reveal this information.	
Submit	When a modification has been made to a parameter on a page, the Submit button MUST be clicked before proceeding to another page.	
Clear Changes	If you make changes to a parameter on a page and you do not want to keep them for submission, click the "Clear Changes" button to revert back to the parameter setting present before the most recent change was entered.	
Use Defaults Only	Click the "Use Defaults Only" button if you want to revert all parameters on a given page to their Default settings. If you want to revert just one or two parameters on a page to default settings you should use the Default check box found on the right side of the parameter. See next Item.	You will be prompted to confirm that you want all the parameters on the page to revert back to system default settings.
Default V	When you wish to modify a parameter away from its default setting, you should un-check the 'Default' box. This will open the parameter field for access and modification. If there is a non- default setting in a parameter field and you want to revert that parameter back to its default setting, check the "Default" box and the default setting will appear.	Default value of a parameter may be changed with a firmware upgrade. Leaving a parameter at default setting allows the device to use proper default value with the firmware currently installed in the device
Config Current	This icon indicates that the configuration currently programmed on the OBi device is "set" and "running". No reboot is necessary if you have submitted configuration modifications.	This icon does not indicate the currently running configuration is working properly.
Rebort Required	After Submitting changes to a web page on the OBi, the "Reboot Required" icon may appear. In order for the modifications to run, you will need to reboot the OBi.	You can continue to make modifications to OBi parameters – on separate pages if necessary – before you reboot and "set" the modifications in the running system.
Reboot	The "Reboot" button is used when the "Reboot Required" icon appears indicating the OBi device requires a reboot to invoke one or more parameter modifications.	When performing a System Configuration Reset, the Reboot button does not need to be pressed. The OBi will reboot automatically when the "Reset" button is selected.



Firmware: Local OBi Device Update and Management
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O OBi100	· W. Ing My My My My Common of the Common of	- 3 1 3.
http://192.	168.15.123/ 😭 🕆 😋 🚷 🛪 Goog	le 🔎 🏠
OBIHAI technology, inc.		User Login Reboot
Setup Wizard	Firmware Update	
Status	Firmware Update	Config Current
System Management	Select file to update firmware Browse_ Press Update to Start Process Update	
Network Settings Auto Provisioning Device Admin	WARNING Please DO NOT disconnect the power from the device during the update process! The process will take approximately 30 seconds to complete.	
Device Update Service Providers	Backup AA User Prompts	
Voice Services	Backup AA User Prompts	
Physical Interfaces	Press Backup to Start Process Backup	
Codecs Tone Settings Ring Settings	Backup Configuration	
Star Codes	Backup Configuration	
User Settings	Choose Backup Options Incl. Running Status Incl. Default Value Use OBi Version Press Backup to Start Process Backup	
	Restore Configuration	
	Restore Configuration	
	Select File to Restore Configuration Browse. Press Restore to Start Process Restore	
	Reset Configuration	
	Reset Configuration	
	Press Reset to Start Process Reset	

Updating Firmware:

You may upgrade the firmware for your OBi device from the device configuration web page. The firmware file with which you want to upgrade the device must be stored locally on a computer from which you can access with a web browser.

Follow these steps to upgrade:

Step 1: Select the, "System Management – Device Update" menu on the side panel of the web page.

Step 2: Specify the path of the firmware file by clicking the, "Select file to upgrade firmware" box or pressing the, "Browse" button in the Firmware Update section of the page. This will present a file browser window where you can navigate to and select the firmware file.

Step 3: Upon selection of the firmware file, press the "Update" button to start the upgrade process.

The entire process will take about 30 seconds to complete. Note that you MUST NOT disconnect the power from the device during this procedure. If the new firmware is upgraded successfully, the OBi device will reboot automatically to start running the new firmware. Otherwise the page will show an error message explaining why upgrade has failed.



Possible Error Messages on Firmware Update Failure:

Error Message	Description	Suggested Solution
Firmware Package Checksum Error	A corrupted Firmware package file has been used for the update.	Check the file and / or re- download the firmware package and try again.
System Is Busy	The OBi device is busy because one of the phone services is in an active call or device provisioning is in progress.	Try to update again later
Firmware Is Not Modified	The OBi device is already running the same firmware as the one selected for update.	No need to upgrade.

Customized AA Prompts Backup & Restore:

Up to 10 individual prompts may be recorded through the device IVR interface (see *Telephone-IVR-Based Local Configuration* section). These prompts may be backed up into a single file from the web browser. The default name of the file is "backupaa.dat". The backup file also includes the anotations entered for each recorded prompt.

To restore an AA prompt file onto an OBi, do it exactly like a firmware upgrade via the web browser but provide the device with the prompt file instead of a firmware file. The OBi can detect from the file header that you are trying to upload a prompt file and process the file accordingly. *Warning: All the existing prompts in the device will be removed first when applying the backup file; this process cannot be undone*.

Configuration Backup & Restore:

The current configuration of the OBi device can be backed up and stored as a file in XML format at a user specified location. The default name of the file is "backupxxxxxxxxxxxxml", where the xxxxxxxxxxx represents the MAC address of unit.

When backing up a device's configuration, you may select the following three options before selection of the "Backup".

Option	Description	Default Setting
Incl. Running Status	If checked, the value of all status parameters will be included in backup file. Otherwise, status parameters are excluded from the backup	No
Incl. Default Value	If checked, the default value of parameters will be included in the backup file. Otherwise, default values are excluded from the backup	No
Use OBi Version	If not checked, the backup file uses XML tags that are compliant with TR-104 standard. Otherwise, the backup file will be stored in an OBi proprietary format where the XML tags are not compliant with TR-104; but the file size will be smaller and the file will be more readable	No

When the file browser window pops up for, you can change the filename and choose the location to save the backup file. Note that different web browser might handle this differently. If the operation is blocked due to the security setting of the web browser, you should change the security setting temporarily to allow this operation to complete.

When restoring the configuration to a previous backup copy, you will need to specify the backup file you want to restore to by selecting the "Browse" button in the Restore Configuration section of the web page. Then, select the "Restore" button to start the process. The OBi device will automatically reboot, after the restoration is complete.



IMPORTANT Note: All passwords and PINs are excluded from the backup file. Hence they will not be available to restore. Call history is excluded from the backup, but can be saved as an XML formatted file separately from the Call History web page.

Reset Configuration to Factory Default

The OBi device may be reset to factory default condition. Call history and various statistical information will be removed at the same time. Resetting the device configuration should be used with **extreme caution** as the operation cannot be undone. To do this you press the "Reset" button in the Reset Configuration section. A confirmation window will pop up. The OBi device then proceeds to reset the configuration once you confirm that this is indeed what you want to do. The OBi device will reboot automatically when factory reset is completed.

For the OBi202, there are three factory reset options: reset just the voice settings, reset just the router settings, and reset all settings. There is a different IVR option for invoking each factory reset option. By default, the hardware reset button located via an opening on the underside of the OBi202 will reset all settings. Via software configuration, it can be configured to reset just the voice or just the router settings.

Zero-Touch, Massive Scale Remote Provisioning:

OBi ZT or Zero Touch provisioning is a system level approach to deploying and maintaining thousands or millions of OBi devices with high security and control at the device level down to the individual parameter provisioned on each device. Please contact sales@obihai.com for information regarding the capability, process and practice of using OBi ZT Provisioning.



ITSP Quick Start Setup Wizard (OBi100 and OBi110)

The Setup Wizard page displays a collection of commonly used parameters in a condensed format. Each parameter listed here corresponds to a parameter inside one of the parameter groups. The Setup Wizard page may use more user friendly (but similar) parameters name for the actual parameters they mirror. In other words, if the mirrored parameters are changed from the web page or remote provisioning, the corresponding parameters on the Setup Wizard page will show the same values.

The illustration below depicts the OBi device web page Setup Wizard.

OBiTALK: My OBi Endpo	oints × O OBi110	X +		
OBIHAI technology, inc.			User Logi	n Reboo
Setup Wizard	System Management@	Se	tup Wizard	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
System Management	LocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00(Pacific Time)	✓ 0	
Service Providers	AdminPassword	•••••		
Voice Services				
	ITSP Settings®			
Codecs Tone Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
•	ITSP SIPProxyServer		7 0	
Star Codes		5060		
	ITSP AuthUserName			
User semilys	ITSP AuthPassword		✓ 0	
	ITSP URI		✓	
	Outbound Settings®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	Phone PrimaryLine	PSTN Line 👻	✓	
	Attendant PrimaryLine	PSTN Line 👻	✓	
	technology, inc. User Login Rebo Aup Wizard Aus stem Management vice Providers ce Services spical Interfaces decs re Settings g Settings r Codes er Settings m Sip SIPProxyServer r Codes er Settings m Sip SIPProxyServer r Codes er Settings m Sip SIPProxyServer m Sig Sip MuthuserName m Sig Sip MuthuserName m Sig Sig Sig MuthuserName m Sig Sig Sig MuthuserName m Sig MuthuserName			
	Inbound Settings®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	ITSP InboundCallRoute	{12125551212 x.7559472:aa},{ph}		

ITSP Quick Start Setup Parameter Guide (OBi100 and OBi110):

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
System Management		
Local Time Zone	Local time zone. Mirrors System Management – NetworkSettings:: LocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00 (Pacific Time)
Admin Password	Administrator Password, case sensitive.	admin



	Mirrors	
	System Management –	
	Device Admin::	
	AdminPassword	
ITSP Settings		
	Host name or IP address of the SIP proxy	
	server. Mirrors	
ITSP SIPProxyServer	Service Providers –	
	ITSP Profile A –	
	SIP::ProxyServer	
	Destination port to connect to the SIP	
	server. Mirrors	
ITSP SIPProxyServerPort	Service Providers –	5060
	ITSP Profile A –	
	SIP::ProxyServerPort	
	Username used by the device to	
	authenticate to a SIP UAS (User Agent	
	Server) when an outbound SJP Request is	
ITSP AuthUserName	challenged with a 401 or 407 response.	
	Mirrors	
	Voice Services –	
	SP1 Service::AuthUserName	
	Password by the device to authenticate to	
	a SIP UAS (User Agent Server) when an	
ITSP AuthPassword	outbound SJP Request is challenged with a	
	401 or 407 response. Mirrors	
	Voice Services –	
	SP1 Service::AuthPassword	
	If a value is specified for this parameter, it	
	affects the way the device forms its AOR	
	(Address of Record) or Public Address	
	when sending outbound SIP Requests	
	(such as REGISTER and INVITE); otherwise	
ITSP URI	device forms its AOR in the normal way.	
	See description of Voice Services -	
	SP1 Service:: URI for details on how	
	to use this parameter.	
	Mirrors	
	Voice Services – SP1 Service::URI	
Outbound Settings	SPI Service::ORI	
Subbund Settings	Indicate which service is the primary line	
	when dialing out. Mirrors	
Phone PrimaryLine	PHONE Port::PrimaryLine	PSTN Line
	Indicate which service is the primary line	
Attendant PrimaryLine	when dialing out via the AA. Mirrors	PSTN Line
······································	Auto Attendant::PrimaryLine	
	Digit map controlling the transmission of	
	dialed digit information. Mirrors	
	Service Providers –	
ITSP DigitMap	ITSP Profile A –	(1xxxxxxxxxx <1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 011xx. xx.)
	General::DigitMap	



Phone DigitMap	Digit map to limit dialable numbers on this port. Mirrors PHONE Port::DigitMap	For OBi100: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** # **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **9(Mpp) (Mpli)) For OBi110: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** # **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **8(Mli) **9(Mpp) (Mpli))
Phone OutboundCallRoute	Routing rule for outbound calls made from this port. Mirrors PHONE Port:: OutboundCallRoute	For OBi100: {([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp}, {**0:aa},{***:aa2}, {(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1},{(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp},{(Mpli):pli} For OBi110: {([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:> 911):li}, {**0:aa},{***:aa2}, {(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1},{(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {(<**8:>(Mli)):li},{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp},{(Mpli):pli}
Inbound Settings		
ITSP InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for inbound calls on this trunk. Mirrors Voice Services – SP1 Service::X_InboundCallRoute	ph
OBiTALK InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for inbound calls on this trunk. Mirrors OBiTALK Service::InboundCallRoute	ph
POTS-line InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for inbound calls on this trunk. Mirrors LINE Port::InboundCallRoute	ph



ITSP Quick Start Setup Wizard (OBi202, OBi302)

The Setup Wizard page for OBi202 and OBi302 is very similar to that of the OBi1xx, with a few additions to cover the additional ISTP profiles and SP services. The illustration below depicts the OBi202 device web page Setup Wizard.

Bi202	÷			
BIHAI				
technology, inc.				User Log
tup Wizard	System Management@	Set	tup Wi	zard
tus An Charles	Parameter Name	Value	Defau	lt
uter Configuration stem Management	LocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00(Pacific Time)		0
rvice Providers	AdminPassword	•••••		0
ce Services	ITSP Profiles®			
ysical Interfaces decs	Parameter Name	Value	Defau	lt
ne Settings		SIP		0
ig Settings	ITSP A SignalingProtocol ITSP A SIPProxyServer	317		0
rCodes	ITSP A SIPProxyServerPort	5060		õ
Settings	ITSP A DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		0
mal USB Storage				
	ITSP B SignalingProtocol	SIP		
	ITSP B SIPProxyServer			
	ITSP B SIPProxyServerPort	5060		
	ITSP B DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxx)<1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxxxx(Mipd)[^*#		
	ITSP C SignalingProtocol	SIP		
	ITSP C SIPProxyServer			
	ITSP C SIPProxyServerPort	5060		
	ITSP C DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		
	TTCD D Cignaling Party and	510		
	ITSP D SignalingProtocol	SIP		
	ITSP D SIPProxyServer ITSP D SIPProxyServerPort	5060		
	ITSP D DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		
	Outbound Calls®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Defau 	
	Phone1 PrimaryLine	SP1 Service		0
	Phone1 DigitMap	([1-9]x?*(Mpli)[[1-9]S9[[1-9][0-9]S9[911]**0[***]#[**1(Me		0
	Phone1 OutboundCallRoute	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:>):ph2},{**0:aa},{***:aa2},{(0
	Phone2 PrimaryLine	SP1 Service		0
	Phone2 DigitMap	([1-9]x?*(Mpli)][1-9]S9[[1-9][0-9]S9[911]**0 *** # **1(Me		0
	Phone2 OutboundCallRoute	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:>):ph1},{**0:aa},{***:aa2},{(0
	Attendant PrimaryLine	SP1 Service	V	0
	Voice Services®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Defau	lt
				ю ()
	SP1 ITSP Profile SP1 AuthUserName	A 💌		0
	SP1 AuthOserName SP1 AuthPassword	•••••		0
	SP1 URI			0
	SP1 InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2		õ



SP2 ITSP Profile	A		
SP2 AuthUserName			
SP2 AuthPassword	•••••		
SP2 URI			
SP2 InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2		
SP3 ITSP Profile	A		
SP3 AuthUserName		V	
SP3 AuthPassword	•••••		
SP3 URI			
SP3 InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2		
SP4 ITSP Profile	A		
SP4 AuthUserName			
SP4 AuthPassword	•••••		
SP4 URI			
SP4 InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2		
OBiTALK InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2		0
	ubmit Clear Changes Use Defaults Only		
	ubmic clear changes use berauits only		
Convright(C) 20	10 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved		

ITSP Quick Start Setup Parameter Guide (OBi202) :

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
System Management		
Local Time Zone	Local time zone. Mirrors System Management – NetworkSettings:: LocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00 (Pacific Time)
Admin Password	Administrator Password, case sensitive. Mirrors System Management – Device Admin:: AdminPassword	admin
ITSP Profiles ($X = A, B, C, c$	pr D)	
ITSP X SignalingProtocol	Choose either SIP or Google Voice Mirrors Service Providers – ITSP Profile X – General::SignalingProtocol Note: The Google Voice option is not available on OBi302.	SIP
ITSP X SIPProxyServer	Host name or IP address of the SIP proxy server. Mirrors Service Providers – ITSP Profile X – SIP::ProxyServer	
ITSP X SIPProxyServerPort	Destination port to connect to the SIP server. Mirrors Service Providers – ITSP Profile X –	5060



	SIP::ProxyServerPort	
ITSP X DigitMap	Digit map controlling the transmission of dialed digit information. Mirrors Service Providers – ITSP Profile X – General::DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxxxx <1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxxx 011xx. xx.)
Outbound Settings (N = 1	1 or 2)	
Phone <i>N</i> PrimaryLine	Indicate which service is the primary line when dialing out. Mirrors PHONE Port N::PrimaryLine	SP1 Service
Phone <i>N</i> DigitMap	Digit map to limit dialable numbers on this port. Mirrors PHONE Port N::DigitMap	([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** # **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **3(Msp3) **4(Msp4) **9(Mpp) (Mpli))
Phone 1 OutboundCallRoute	Routing rule for outbound calls made from this port. Mirrors PHONE Port 1:: OutboundCallRoute	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:>):ph2},{**0:aa}, {***:aa2},{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},{(<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3}, {(<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4},{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {(Mpli):pli}
Phone 2 OutboundCallRoute	Routing rule for outbound calls made from this port. Mirrors PHONE Port 2:: OutboundCallRoute	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:>):ph},{**0:aa}, {***:aa2},{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},{(<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3}, {(<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4},{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {(Mpli):pli}
Attendant PrimaryLine	Indicate which service is the primary line when dialing out via the AA. Mirrors Auto Attendant::PrimaryLine	SP1 Service
Voice Services ($n = 1, 2, 3$	3, or 4)	
SPn ITSP Profile	Username used by the device to authenticate to a SIP UAS (User Agent Server) when an outbound SJP Request is challenged with a 401 or 407 response. Mirrors Voice Services – SPn Service::AuthUserName	
SPn AuthPassword	Password by the device to authenticate to a SIP UAS (User Agent Server) when an outbound SJP Request is challenged with a 401 or 407 response. Mirrors Voice Services – SPn Service::AuthPassword	
SPn URI	If a value is specified for this parameter, it affects the way the device forms its AOR (Address of Record) or Public Address when sending outbound SIP Requests (such as REGISTER and INVITE); otherwise device forms its AOR in the normal way. See description of Voice Services – SPn Service::URI for details on how to use this parameter. Mirrors	



	Voice Services –		
	SPn Service::URI		
	Routing rule for inbound calls on this trunk.		
SPn InboundCallRoute	Mirrors	ph,ph2	
SPIT IIIbouridCalikoute	Voice Services –	pri,priz	
	SPn Service::X_InboundCallRoute		
OBITALK	Routing rule for inbound calls on this trunk.		
InboundCallRoute	Mirrors	ph,ph2	
mboundcalkoule	OBiTALK Service::InboundCallRoute		



Status Pages

System Status

The following series of illustrations are taken from screen shots of the System Status page of an OBi202. The System Status page is divided into several sections: WAN Status, WiFi Status, Product Information, OBiBlueTooth Service Status, SP1 - SP4 Service Status, OBiTALK Service Status, and OBiPLUS Service Status.

	System Statu	
WAN Status®		
Parameter Name	Value	
AddressingType	DHCP	Ø
IPAddress	192.168.15.31	0
SubnetMask	255.255.255.0	0
DefaultGateway	192.168.15.1	0
DNSServer1	192.168.15.118	0
DNSServer2	8.8.8.8	•
MACAddress	9CADEF200034	Ø
WiFi Status®		
WIFI Status		
Parameter Name	Value	
AddressingType	DHCP	0
IPAddress		•
SubnetMask		0
DefaultGateway		•
DNSServer1		0
DNSServer2		0

Product Information®

MACAddress

Parameter Name	Value	
ModelName	OBi202	0
MACAddress	9CADEF200034	0
SerialNumber	88D01NA00ZYL	0
OBiNumber	500 659 712	0
HardwareVersion	1.0	0
SoftwareVersion	3.0.0 (Build: 3397MD)	0
SystemTime	08:40:20 08/23/2012, Thursday	0
UpTime	5 Days 12:52:13 FreeMem:9040KB (8)	0
CertificatesStatus	Installed	0
CustomizationStatus	Generic	0

9CADEFFF1229

OBiBlueTooth Service Status®

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	No Dongle	0
Discoverable	Not Discoverable	0
CallState	Voice Disconnected	0



0

SP1 Service Status

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	Connected	0
PrimaryProxyServer		
SecondaryProxyServer		
CallState	0 Active Calls	0

SP2 Service Status

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	Connected	0
PrimaryProxyServer		
SecondaryProxyServer		
CallState	0 Active Calls	0

SP3 Service Status

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	Service Not Configured	0
PrimaryProxyServer		
SecondaryProxyServer		
CallState	0 Active Calls	0

SP4 Service Status

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	Service Not Configured	0
PrimaryProxyServer		
SecondaryProxyServer		
CallState	0 Active Calls	0

OBiTALK Service Status®

Parameter Name	Value	
Status	Normal (User Mode);ex-addr=99.53.83.157:11492	0
CallState	0 Active Calls	0

OBiPLUS Service Status

Parameter Name	Value	
LicenseState	Premium Active	0



WAN Status

The status of the WAN (Ethernet) interface: includes such information as the assigned IP address, default gateway and subnet mask.

WiFi Status

This status is only available on the OBi202 and OBi302. This shows the status of OBiWiFi and includes such information as the assigned IP address, default gateway and subnet mask.

Product Information

This status shows some basic product information, as well as the system up-time with the last reboot reason code in parenthesis. The reboot reason codes are defined below.

Reboot Reason Codes

- 0: Reboot on Power Cycle
- 1: Operating System Reboot
- 2: Reeboot after Firmware Update via provisioning or phone (***6)
- 3: Reboot after New Profile Invoked
- 4: Reboot after Parameter Value Change or Firmware has changed and invoked via device web page
- 5: Reboot after Factory Reset using the OBi device hardware pin
- 6: New Profile Invoked AND Profile URL Changed
- 7: Reboot from SIP Notify (Reserved)
- 8: Reboot from Telephone Port (IVR)
- 9: Reboot from Webpage No change in parameter value(s) or firmware
- 10: Reboot During OBiTALK Signup
- 11: Reboot During OBiTALK Signup
- 12: Reboot after DHCP server offers IP, GW-IP and/or Netmask different from what the OBi device is currently using
- 13: Reboot on Data Networking Link Re-establishment
- 18: Reboot on WAN IP address change (OBi202/OBi302 only)
- 19: Reboot on LAN IP address change (OBi202/OBi302only)

OBiBlueTooth Status

This status is available on OBi202 and OBi302 only. It shows the status regarding the OBiBlueTooth Service and the OBiBT dongle. The following status values are available:

- State It can be one of the following values:
 - No Dongle: No authentic OBiBT dongle detected
 - Connecting <device-name>: Connecting to the named device
 - Disconnected: Not connected with any paired device
 - No Device To Connect: No device paired
 - Service Down: Connected to a mobile phone which does not have an active service (e.g., no SIM card or no signal)
 - Service Disabled: OBiBlueTooth service has been disabled in the OBi configuration
 - Connected to <device-name>: Connected to the named device; OBiBlueTooth service is available only in this state
- Discoverable It either shows "Not Discoverable" or the number of seconds for which OBiBT will remain discoverable
- CallState It can be one of the following values:
 - Incoming Call: BT detected an incoming call, but ringing has not started yet
 - Ring <Caller-ID>: Mobile phone is ringing. <Caller-ID> is the caller's number
 - Outgoing Call: Mobile phone is making a call that is not answered yet



- Voice Disconnected: Mobile phone is in a connected call, but the audio stays in the phone instead of going to OBiBT
- 0 Active Calls
- 1 Active Call: Mobile phone is in a connected call, with audio going to OBiBT

SP*n* Service Status (n = 1, 2, 3, 4)

Note that SP3 and SP4 Service Status are available on the OBi202 and OBi302 only. The SP*n* service status values indicate the current state of the service with regard to its configuration (or not) and if configured its registration status. If there are problems with the registration or authentication of the OBi with a prescribed service, the SIP 4xx error message will be displayed here. This is very useful information for troubleshooting issues with SIP-based services.

OBiTALK Service Status

The status of the OBITALK Service includes the following values:

- Status Possible values are:
 - Normal (User Mode): The service is functioning normally
 - Backing Off: The service is currently down; the device is taking a short pause before retrying connection
- CallState Possible values are:
 - N Active Calls (where N = 0, 1, ..., up to the maximum number of calls allowed in the configuration

OBiPLUS Service Status

OBiPLUS is a small business collaboration system. It is an optional service that requires a separate subscription. You may subscribe to this service on OBiTALK.com. The administration of this service is described separately in the OBiPLUS Administration Guide.

The status is available on the OBi202 and OBi302 only. The following status values are available:

- LicenseState The state regarding the OBiPLUS Subscription. Possible values are:
 - Service not subscribed
 - Premium Active: Premium level subscription is currently active
 - Basic Active: Basic level subscription is currently active
 - License Expired: Service is not available because your last subscription has expired.

LAN Status (OBi202 only)

The LAN Status page shows the devices currently on the LAN. There are two sections:

- Attached Devices: All the devices that the router has discovered on the LAN side; each entry has a MAC address and an IP address
- DHCP Clients: All the DHCP clients that have an active lease with the DHCP server; each entry has a Client Name, a MAC address, an IP address, and the lease expiration time (in seconds)

Below is a screen shot of a typical LAN Status page. This page is available when the OBi202 is working in router mode.



DBIHAI technology, inc.	1			User Login R
Setup Wizard				LAN Status
Status	Attached Dev	ices		
System Status	No. MAC Add	Iress	IP Address	
LAN Status		:10:27:ac	192.168.10.139	
Call Status		:00:10:2e	192.168.10.103	
Call History	3 00:15:5	8:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.145	
SP Services Stats				
PHONE Port Status	DHCP Clients			
-				
Router Configuration System Management	No. Client	MAC Address	IP Address	Expiration
-	No. Client 1 OBi100	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac	192.168.10.139	86384
System Management	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning	No. Client 1 OBi100	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac	192.168.10.139	86384
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Tone Settings	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf 9c:ad:ef:00:10:2e	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145	86384 86350 86322
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Tone Settings Ring Settings	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf 9c:ad:ef:00:10:2e	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145 192.168.10.103	86384 86350 86322
System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin Device Update Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Tone Settings	No. Client 1 OBi100 2 thinkpad	9c:ad:ef:10:27:ac 00:15:58:c3:85:cf 9c:ad:ef:00:10:2e	192.168.10.139 192.168.10.145 192.168.10.103	86384 86350 86322



Call Status

The Call Status page shows a number of running call statistics and state parameters for each active call currently in progress. A sample call status page is shown below.

A http://192.168 A	.15.123/		🚖 - C 🚼 - Google	٩
OBIHAI				
technology, inc.				User Login Rebo
Setup Wizard			Call Status	Confin
Status	Number of Active Calls: 1			Config Current
System Status	Call 1 Remove Record	Terminal 1	Terminal 2	
Call Status	Terminal ID	PHONE1	OBITALK1	
Call History	State	connected	connected	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Peer Name	connected	connected	
SP1 & SP2 Stats	Peer Number	**9ob200989937	ob200989937	
PHONE Status	Start Time	18:51:25	18:51:25	
System Management	Duration	00:00:03	00:00:03	
system Management	Direction	Outbound	Outbound	
 Service Providers 	Peer RTP Address		192.168.15.158:27262	
 Voice Services 	Local RTP Address		192.168.15.123:50276	
	RTP Transport		UDP	
 Physical Interfaces 	Audio Codec		tx=G711U; rx=G711U	
Codecs	RTP Packetization (ms)		tx=20; rx=20	
	RTP Packet Count		tx=154; rx=148	
 Tone Settings 	RTP Byte Count Peer Clock Differential Rate		tx=26656; rx=25456 0 PPM	
 Ring Settings 	Peer Clock Differential Rate		9	
	Packets In Jitter Buffer Packets Out-Of-Order		0	
Star Codes	Packets (10ms) Interpolated		0	
User Settings	Packets Late (Dropped)		o o	
oser oetangs	Packets Lost		0	
	Packet Loss Rate		0 %	
	Packet Drop Rate		0 %	
	Jitter Buffer Length		190 ms	
	Received Interarrival Jitter		1 ms	
	DTMF Digits Received		0	
	Jitter Buffer Underruns		0	
	Jitter Buffer Overruns		0	
	Sequence number discontinuities		0	
	skew compensation		0 ms	
	send silence		0	

For each entry on the call status page, the following buttons may be available:

- **Remove**: This button is available for all calls. Pressing this button will end that call.
- **Record**: This button is available for calls involving the Phone port only. Pressing this button allows you to record the current conversation in an audio (.au) file



Call History

The OBi Call History page shows the last 200 calls made with the OBi (400 calls for the OBi202). Detailed call information is available, including what terminals were involved, the name (if available) of the Peer endpoints making the call and the direction / path the call took.

The Call History page also captures what time various events took place.

The Call History can be saved at any time by clicking on the "Save All" button. The Call History can be saved as an XML formatted file called "callhistory.xml".

e <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory I	<u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> o	ols <u>H</u> elp		
OBiTALK: My OBi Endpo	pints ×	O 0Bi110 ×	+	
OBIHAI				
technology, inc.			User Login	Rebo
			Call History	
Setup Wizard			can motory	
Status	Number of c	alls in history: 15		
		•		
System Status			Remove All Save All	
Call Status	Call 1	10/15/2010 16:23:50	Remove	
Call History	Terminal ID		PHONE1	
SP1 & SP2 Stats	Peer Name		FIGHEI	
PHONE & LINE Status	Peer	0		
	Number	-		
System Management	Direction	Outbound	Inbound	
Service Providers	16:23:50	New Call		
Voice Services	16:23:50	New Peer: P2P1:Name=Sherman Number=200936093	Transfer Target	
	16:23:52		Call Connected	
Physical Interfaces	16:26:00		End Call	
Codecs	Call 2	10/15/2010 16:23:45	Remove	
Tone Settings	Terminal ID		AA1	
	Peer Name	Sherman	Sherman	
Ring Settings	Peer Number	200936093	200936093	
Star Codes	Direction	Inbound	Inhound	
User Settings	16:23:45	Ringing	Thound	
User Seurigs	16:23:49		Call Connected	
	16:23:50	Call Transferred	Transfer to PHONE1:Name=	
			Number=	
	Call 3	10/15/2010 13:54:43	Remove	
	Terminal ID	AA1	PHONE1	
	Peer Name			
	Peer	0		
	Number	Outbound	Teheward	
	Direction 13:54:43	Outbound New Call	Inbound	
		New Call New Peer: P2P1:Name=Sherman		
	13:54:43	Number=200936093	Transfer Target	
	13:54:46	End Call		



Services, Phone & Line Status

Statistics relevant to SP*n* can be found on the SP*n* Stats page (where n = 1, 2, 3, 4).

technology, inc.				User Login	Reboot
Setup Wizard	Reset Statistics	SP1 a	nd SP2 Service Stat	tistics	Config
Status	Parameter Name	SP1 Service Status	SP2 Service Status		Junein
System Status Call Status	ResetStatistics			0	
Call History SP1 & SP2 Stats	RTP Statistics@				
PHONE & LINE Status	Parameter Name	SP1 Service Status	SP2 Service Status		
System Management	PacketsSent	0	0	0	
Service Providers	PacketsReceived	0	0	0	
Voice Services	BytesSent	0	0	0	
Physical Interfaces	BytesReceived	0	0	0	
Codecs	PacketsLost	0	0	0	
Tone Settings	Overruns	0	0	0	
Ring Settings	Underruns	0	0	0	
Star Codes User Settings		Submit Clear Changes U	se Defaults Only		



Parameter Name ResetStatistics	SP1 Service Status	SP2 Service Status	
ResetStatistics			
1			0
RTP Statistics®			
Parameter Name	SP1 Service Status	SP2 Service Status	
PacketsSent	0	0	0
PacketsReceived	0	0	0
BytesSent	0	0	0
BytesReceived	0	0	0
PacketsLost	0		0
	-		0
Underruns	0	0	0
Reset Statistics			
Parameter Name	SP3 Service Status	SP4 Service Status	
ResetStatistics			0
RTP Statistics@			
Parameter Name	SP3 Service Status	SP4 Service Status	
PacketsSent	0	0	0
PacketsReceived	0	0	0
BytesSent	0	0	0
BytesReceived	0	0	0
	0	0	0
PacketsLost	0	·	-
PacketsLost Overruns Underruns	0	0	0
	PacketsSent PacketsReceived BytesSent BytesReceived PacketsLost Overruns Underruns Reset Statistics Parameter Name ResetStatistics RTP Statistics Parameter Name PacketsSent PacketsReceived BytesSent	PacketsSent0PacketsReceived0BytesSent0BytesReceived0PacketsLost0Overruns0Underruns0Reset StatisticsParameter NameSP3 Service StatusRTP StatisticsParameter NameSP3 Service StatusResetStatistics□Parameter NameSP3 Service StatusParameter NameSP3 Service StatusParameter NameSP3 Service StatusParameter NameSP3 Service StatusPacketsSent0PacketsReceived0BytesSent0	PacketsSent00PacketsReceived00BytesSent00BytesReceived00PacketsLost00Overruns00Underruns00Reset StatisticsImage: SP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusResetStatisticsImage: SP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusResetStatisticsImage: SP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusResetStatisticsImage: SP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusRTP StatisticsImage: SP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusParameter NameSP3 Service StatusSP4 Service StatusPacketsSent00PacketsReceived00BytesSent00

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Reset Statistics		
ResetStatistics	Resets the statistics for this voice service	NA
RTP Statistics		
PacketsSent	Total RTP packets sent on this line	NA
PacketsReceived	Total RTP packets received on this line	NA
BytesSent	RTP payload bytes sent for this line	NA
BytesReceived	RTP payload bytes received for this line	NA
PacketsLost	Number of RTP packets lost on this line	NA
Overruns	Number of times receive jitter buffer overrun on this line	NA
Underruns	Number of times receive jitter buffer underrun on this line	NA



User Login Setup Wizard Port Status Phone Port Status Ine Port Status System Status Parameter Name Phone Port Status Ine Port Status Call Status Call History State On Hook Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">On Hook Service Status Status On Ma Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Ort Status System Management Services Sherman' 200936093 Image: Colspan="2">Image: Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.	ie gaie frew migrory	<u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp			
Setup Wizard Port Status System Status Parameter Name Call Status Status Call Status State System Management Service Providers Voice Services Ysherman' 200936093 Physical Interfaces Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.	O OBiTALK: My OBi End	ooints × O OBi11	.0 ×	+	
Setup Vrizad Port Status System Status Parameter Name Phone Port Status Line Port Status Sal Status State On Hook On Hook O Call History State O mA O mA O SP1 & SP2 Stats VBAT 57 V O O PHONE & LINE Status TipRingVoltage 45 V O V O Service Providers Visce Services StateCallerInfo 'Sherman' 200936093 O Physical Interfaces Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. State Reserved. O					User Login Reb
System Status Call Status Call Status Con Hook On Hook Call History State On Hook Om Hook Om Hook Service Providers VBAT 57 V Ov Ov Service Providers Voice Services Sherman' 200936093	Setup Wizard	Port Status@	РН	ONE and LINE Por	t Status
Call Status State On Hook On Hook Call History Call History 0 mA 0 mA 0 SP1 & SP2 Stats VBAT 57 V 0 0 FHONE & LINE Status TipRingVoltage 45 V 0 V 0 System Management Service Providers 'Sherman' 200936093 - 0 Voice Services Service Services Service Services Service Services Service Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Service Service	Status	Parameter Name	Phone Port Status	Line Port Status	
Call History C		State	On Hook	On Hook	0
SP1 & SP2 Stats VBAT 57 V Image: Constant of the status PHONE & LINE Status TipRingVoltage 45 V 0 V Image: Constant of the status System Management Service Providers 'Sherman' 200936093 Image: Constant of the status Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.			0 mA	0 mA	0
PHONE & LINE Status TipRingVoltage 45 V 0 V 0 System Management LastCallerInfo 'Sherman' 200936093 0 Voice Services Voice Services Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. 0			57 V		0
System Management LastCallerInfo 'Sherman' 200936093 Image: Comparison of the co		TipRingVoltage	45 V	0 V	0
Service Providers Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Tone Settings	·	LastCallerInfo	'Sherman' 200936093		0
Voice Services Physical Interfaces Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Tone Settings					
Physical Interfaces Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Consectings Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.					
Codecs Copyright(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.					
Tone Settings	-	Conve	ight(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technol	av Inc. All Pights Reserved	
		Copy		yy, ne. An tights teserved.	
Ring Settings	•				
+ Star Codes	Star Codes				

Setup Wizard	Port Status@		PHONE Port	t Status 😽
Status	Parameter Name	Phone Port1	Phone Port2	
System Status LAN Status	State	On Hook	On Hook	0
Call Status	LoopCurrent	0 mA	0 mA	0
Call History	VBAT	56 V	56 V	0
SP Services Stats	TipRingVoltage	45 V	46 V	0
PHONE Port Status	LastCallerInfo			0
Router Configuration				
System Management				
Service Providers				
Voice Services	Сору	right(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Techr	ology, Inc. All Rights Reserved.	
Physical Interfaces			5	
Codecs				
Tone Settings				
Ring Settings				
Star Codes User Settings				

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Port Status		
State	Port status, such as on-hook, off-hook, ringing	NA
LoopCurrent	Loop current in mA	NA
VBAT	PHONE port battery voltage in volts. Not applicable for LINE port	NA
TipRingVoltage	Sensed differential Tip/Ring voltage in volts	NA
LastCallerInfo	Caller ID of previous call	NA



Router Configuration (OBi202, OBi302 Only)

WAN Settings

Below is a screen shot of the WAN Settings device web page.

Status F Router Configuration Ar WAN Settings IF LAN Settings IF DHCP Reservation Dr Firewall and DMZ Dr Port Forwarding Dr QoS Settings Dr System Management Pr Voice Services Pr SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI	nternet Settings Parameter Name ddressingType PAddress ubnetMask efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PPOEAccountName PPOEServiceName PPOEUsername PPOEUsername PPOEDassword LANID	Value DHCP 192.168.15.118	¥	N Set Defa V V V V V V V	ult 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Co
Router Configuration Ar WAN Settings IF LAN Settings IF DHCP Reservation Di Firewall and DMZ Di Port Forwarding Di QoS Settings Di System Management Pi Service Providers Pi SP1 Service Vi SP2 Service Vi SP3 Service Vi	ddressingType PAddress ubnetMask efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PPoEAccountName PPoEServiceName PPoEUsername PPoEUsername	DHCP 192.168.15.118		रा रा रा ना रा रा रा	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Cu
WAN Settings An UAN Settings IF DHCP Reservation Did Firewall and DMZ Did Port Forwarding Did QoS Settings Did System Management Did Service Providers Did Voice Services Did SP1 Service Vid SP2 Service Vid	PAddress ubnetMask efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PP0EAccountName PP0EServiceName PP0EUsername PP0EUsername	192.168.15.118		ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
MAN Settings IF LAN Settings Sit DHCP Reservation Di Firewall and DMZ Di Port Forwarding Di QoS Settings Pi System Management Pi Service Providers Pi SP1 Service Vi SP2 Service Vi SP3 Service Vi	PAddress ubnetMask efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PP0EAccountName PP0EServiceName PP0EUsername PP0EUsername	192.168.15.118		ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब ब	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
LAN Settings Si DHCP Reservation Firewall and DMZ Di Port Forwarding Di QoS Settings Pi ystem Management Pi ervice Providers Pi SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI SP3 Service VI	ubnetMask efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PPOEAccountName PPOEServiceName PPOEUsername PPOEUsername			র র র া র র	0 0 0 0 0 0	
DHCP Reservation Differ wall and DMZ Port Forwarding QoS Settings Pl ystem Management ervice Providers pl oice Services Pl SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI SP3 Service	efaultGateway NSServer1 NSServer2 PPOEAccountName PPOEServiceName PPOEUsername PPOEDassword			द द द	0 0 0 0 0	
Firewall and DMZ Di Port Forwarding Di QoS Settings Pi ystem Management Pi ervice Providers Pi oice Services Pi SP1 Service Vi SP2 Service Vi SP3 Service Vi	NSServer1 NSServer2 PPOEAccountName PPOEServiceName PPOEUsername PPOEPassword			<u>।</u> र	0 0 0 0	
Doos Settings Di ystem Management Pi pervice Providers Pi poice Services Pi SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI	PPoEAccountName PPoEServiceName PPoEUsername PPoEPassword			<u>र</u> र	0 0 0	
ystem Management Pi pervice Providers Pi poice Services Pi SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI SP3 Service VI	PPoEServiceName PPoEUsername PPoEPassword			2	0	
Providers Provid	PPoEUsername PPoEPassword			~	0	
bice Services pi SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI SP3 Service VI	PPoEPassword				-	
SP1 Service VI SP2 Service VI SP3 Service VI		•••••				
SP2 Service VI SP3 Service	LANID			v	0	
SP3 Service		0		v	0	
	LANPriority	0	-	~	0	
SP4 Service	ocal Time					
DBITALK Service				_	_	
Auto Attendant	Parameter Name	Value		Defa	ult	
Gateways and Trunk Groups	urrentLocalTime	2/23/2012 15:15:28			0	
hysical Interfaces						
odecs	ime Service Settings®					
one Settings	ine service settings			_		
ng Settings	Parameter Name	Value		Defa	ult	
ar Codes N	TPServer1	pool.ntp.org		~	0	
ser Settings N	TPServer2			~	0	
-	ocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00(Pacific Time)	v	V	0	
-	aylightSavingTimeEnable	V		7	0	
	aylightSavingTimeStart	3/8/7/2		7	0	
	aylightSavingTimeEnd	11/1/7/2		~	0	



	Value	Defa
1		
2		V
3		V
4		V
5		V
6		V
7		V
8		V
9		V
10		V
11		V
12		V
13		✓
14		V
15		V
16		V
17		V
18		V
19		V
20		V
21		V
22		V
23		V
24		V
25		V
26		V
27		V
28		V
29		V
30		V
31		V

WAN Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Internet Settings		
AddressingType	The method used for assigning IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, etc., to the device. Available choices are: DHCP: IP address, default gateway, etc. are assigned by DHCP Server Static: IP address, default gateway, etc. are taken from the manually configured values PPPoE: IP address default gateway, etc. are acquired by PPPoE Protocol (OBi202, OBi302 only)	DHCP
IPAddress	The IP address to assign to the device when AddressingType is set to Static	
SubnetMask	The subnet mask to use when AddressingType is set to Static	



DefaultGateway	The default gateway IP address to assign to the device when AddressingType is set to Static	
DNSServer1	IP address of the first DNS server to use, in addition to the ones obtained from the DHCP server when DHCP is also enabled. If AddressingType is set to Static, the device only uses DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 for DNS lookup. It will try up to 5 DNS servers when attempting to resolve a domain name. DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 will be tried first, whichever is specified, and then the ones obtained from the DHCP Server if available	
DNSServer2	 IP address of the second DNS server to use, in addition to the ones obtained from the DHCP server when DHCP is also enabled. If AddressingType is set to Static, the device only uses DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 for DNS lookup. It will try up to 5 DNS servers when attempting to resolve a domain name. DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 will be tried first, whichever is specified, and then the ones obtained from the DHCP Server if available 	
PPPoEACName	PPPoE access concentrator name. Enter if it is required	
PPPoEServiceName	PPPoE service name. Enter if it is required	
PPPoEUsername	PPPoE account username provided by your ISP	
PPPoEPassword	PPPoE account password	
VLANID	Valid range is 0 – 4094 (4095 is reserved). 0 means VLAN is disabled and egress packets are not tagged by the device. This setting applies to all packets sent by the device	0
VLANPriority	Valid choices are 0 – 7. This setting applies to all packets sent by the device.	0
Local Time		
CurrentLocalTime	Current local date and time of the device (read only)	
Time Service Settings NTPServer1	Hostname or IP address of the first NTP server	pool.ntp.org
NTPServer2	Hostname or IP address of the second NTP server	pool
LocalTimeZone	Local time zone. Available choices are:	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	Local time zone. Available choices are: - GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West)	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	- GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West)	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-07:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-03:00(Rewfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-06:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-06:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) GMT+02:00(Athens,Cairo) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-02:00(Mid-Atlantic) GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) GMT+02:00(Athens,Cairo) GMT+03:00(Moscow,Baghdad) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-01:00 GMT-01:00 GMT+01:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) GMT+03:00(Moscow,Baghdad) GMT+04:00(Abu Dhabi) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-07:00(Mountain Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-01:00 GMT-01:00 GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon) GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) GMT+02:00(Athens,Cairo) GMT+04:00(Abu Dhabi) GMT+04:30(Kabul) 	GMT-08:00
LocalTimeZone	 GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West) GMT-11:00(Samoa) GMT-10:00(Hawaii) GMT-09:00(Alaska) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-08:00(Pacific Time) GMT-06:00(Central Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-05:00(Eastern Time) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:30(Newfoundland) GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland) GMT-01:00 GMT+01:00 GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) GMT+03:00(Moscow,Baghdad) GMT+04:30(Kabul) GMT+05:00(Islamabad,Karachi) 	GMT-08:00



	CNAT: 07:00(Dependente)	
	- GMT+07:00(Bangkok,Jakarta)	
	- GMT+08:00(Beijing,HK,Singapore)	
	- GMT+09:00(Tokyo,Seoul)	
	- GMT+10:00(Sydney,Guam)	
	- GMT+11:00(Solomon Is.)	
	- GMT+12:00(Fiji,Auckland)	
DaylightSavingTimeEnable	Enable daylight saving time on the unit	Yes
DaylightSavingTimeStart	Daylight Saving Time Start Date. Format: month/day/weekday/hh:mm::ss, where month=1-12, day=±(1-31), weekday=0,1-7 (0=special, 1=Monday, 7=Sunday), hh=0-23,mm=0-59,ss=0-59. If weekday=0, daylight saving starts on the given month/day; otherwise it starts on the weekday on or after the given month/day if day > 0, or on the weekday on or before the last-day-of-given-month+day+1 (note that day = -1 equivalent to last day of the month). :ss may be omitted if the value is 0; :mm:ss may be omitted if mm and ss are	3/8/7/2
	both 0.	
DaylightSavingTimeEnd	Daylight Saving Time End Date. Same format as Start Date	11/1/7/2
DaylightSavingTimeDiff	Amount of time to add to current time during Daylight Saving Time. Format: [-]hh:mm:ss.	1
	:ss may be omitted if it is 0; :mm:ss may be omitted if both are 0.	
Local DNS Records	One of 22 Local DNC Decords (numbered 1, 22). Each record is a mini covint of	
Ν	One of 32 Local DNS Records (numbered 1 – 32). Each record is a mini script of the following format:	
where <i>N</i> = 1 – 32	Name=A,A,A, OR Name=R,R,R,	
	where <i>Name</i> represents the domain name to be resolved locally, and has the format <i>prefix+domain</i> (such as machine.sip+obihai.com). Everything after '+' is considered as the <i>domain</i> to be appended to the <i>host</i> field in each <i>R</i> on the right hand side. '+' is optional; if missing the full domain must be used in every <i>R</i> .	
	<pre>A represents an A record which is just an ip address, such as 192.168.12.17. R represents an SRV record and has the format: {host:port,pri,wt} where - host is a hostname with or without domain part (such as xyz, xyz.abc.com.). A dot (.) at the end of host indicates it is a complete hostname that does not require the domain to be appended. - port is a port number (such as 5060) - pri is the priority. Valid value is 0(highest) – 65535(lowest) - wt is the weight. Valid value is 0(lowest) – 65535(lowest) - wt is the weight. Valid value is 0(lowest) – 65535(highest) wt is optional; 1 is the default if not specified. pri is optional only if wt is not specified; 1 is the default if not specified. port is optional; the default to use will be based on the protocol (5060 for SIP, 80 for HTTP, etc.). The enclosing curly braces { } are also optional if there is only one R; or if there is no comma used inside the R. Examples: _sipudp+obihai.com=abc,xyz,pqr:5080,{mmm,2},{super.abc.com.} abc.obihai.com=192.168.15.118,192.168.15.108</pre>	



Note: If the A record of a given hostname cannot be found in any of the Local	
DNS Records, the device will attempt to resolve it using external DNS queries.	
Any change applied to local DNS Record needs reboot in order to take effect.	

LAN Settings

Below is a screen shot of the LAN Settings device web page.

OBi202	÷					
OBIHAI technology, inc.				User L	.ogin	Reboot
Setup Wizard	LAN Settings®		LAN	Setti	ngs	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default		Current
Router Configuration	CurrentRouterIPAddress	192.168.10.1			0	
WAN Settings	OperationMode	Router	~	v	0	
LAN Settings	RouterIPAddress	192.168.10.1		V	0	
DHCP Reservation	SubnetMask	255.255.255.0		~	0	
Firewall and DMZ						
Port Forwarding	DHCP Server Settings®					
QoS Settings System Management						
Service Providers	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
Voice Services	Enable	V			0	
SP1 Service	ClientAddressRangeStart	192.168.10. 100		\checkmark	0	
SP1 Service SP2 Service	MaximumClients	50		•	0	
SP3 Service	AddressLeaseTime	1440			0	
SP4 Service	LocalDomainName				0	
OBITALK Service						
Auto Attendant		Submit Clear Changes Use Defaults On	ly			
Gateways and Trunk Groups						
Physical Interfaces						
General	Copyright(C)	2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Ri	ghts Reserved.			
PHONE Port 1			-			
PHONE Port 2						
Codecs						
Tone Settings						
Ring Settings						
Star Codes						
User Settings						
External USB Storage						
File Sharing Settings						
File Explorer						



LAN Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description					Default
I AN Sottings						Setting
LAN Settings CurrentRouterIPAddress	The current IP ad OBi is operating i	nk if				
OperationMode	The Networking (values: Router Bridge	owing	Router			
RouterIPAddress	The LAN side IP a side IP address, t to resolve the co		192.168.10.1			
SubnetMask	The LAN side Sub following values: 255.255.255.0 255.255.255.128 255.255.255.192 255.255.255.224 255.255.255.240 255.255.255.248		255.255.255.0			
DHCP Server Settings						
Enable	Enable the DHCP		Yes			
ClientAddressRangeStart	to assign to DHCF the lower bits of	Address and Subr P clients. The valu the 32-bit startin I it MUST fit withi	netMask determin ne of this parame g IP address not	ne the starting IP addr ter is the starting valu	e of	100
MaximumClients	DHCP clients that	are not in the DI of the SubnetM	HCP reservation l lask, a red exclan	addresses to assign to ist. If the range extend nation mark (!) will be ge.	ds to	50
			1.0	-		1440
AddressLeaseTime	IP address lease t	lime in minutes				1440



DHCP Reservation

You can reserve up to 20 specific IP addresses for the DHCP server to give out to DHCP clients with specific MAC addresses. Below is a screen shot of the DHCP Reservation web page.

O OBi202							
OBIHAI technology, inc.						User Login	Rebo
Setup Wizard					DHCP Res	servation	Cont
• Status	#	Enable	Client-Name	ClientMACAddress	ReservedIPAddress	Action	Curre
Router Configuration	#	0	0	0	0	0	
WAN Settings	1				192.168.10.	clear	
LAN Settings	2				192.168.10.	clear	
DHCP Reservation	3				192.168.10.	clear	
Firewall and DMZ	4				192.168.10.	clear	
Port Forwarding	5				192.168.10.	clear	
QoS Settings	6				192.168.10.	clear	
System Management	7				192.168.10.	clear	
Service Providers	8				192.168.10.	clear	
Voice Services	9				192.168.10.	clear	
SP1 Service	10				192.168.10.	clear	
SP2 Service	11				192.168.10.	clear	
SP3 Service	12				192.168.10.	clear	
SP4 Service	13				192.168.10.	clear	
OBITALK Service	14				192.168.10.	clear	
Auto Attendant	15				192.168.10.	clear	
Gateways and Trunk Groups	16				192.168.10.	clear	
 Physical Interfaces 	17				192.168.10.	clear	
General	18				192.168.10.	clear	
PHONE Port 1	19				192.168.10.	clear	
PHONE Port 2	20				192.168.10.	clear	
Codecs			C1	ubmit Clear Changes			
 Tone Settings 				ubmic clear changes			
 Ring Settings 							
Star Codes							
User Settings			Copyright(C) 2010 by O	BIHAI Technology, Inc. A	ll Rights Reserved.		
External USB Storage							
File Sharing Settings							
File Explorer							

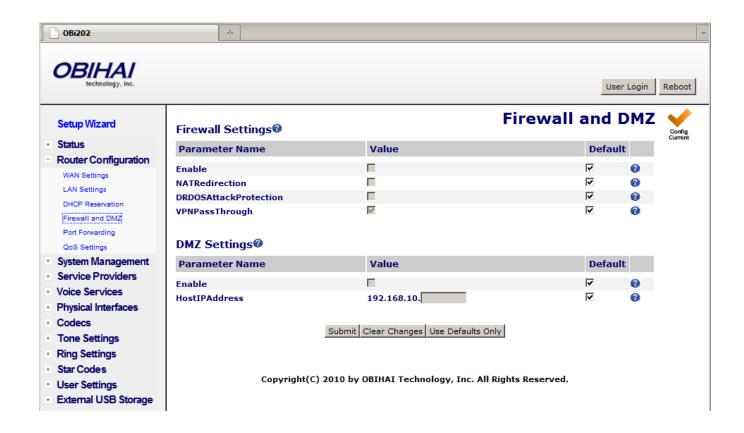
DHCP Reservation Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default
T di diffeter	Description	Setting
(Reservation) 1 – 20		
Enable	Enable this reservation	No
ClientName	An optional name for easy identification of the client	
ClientMACAddress	Client MAC address in the format "xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx" (where each x is a hex	
ClientiviACAddress	digit that can be in the upper or lower case)	
ReservedIPAddress	The IP address to reserve for this client	



Firewall and DMZ

Firewall and DMZ apply only when the OBi is set to work in the router mode. The firewall filters incoming packets from the WAN side only. It provides protection against some threats from the WAN side. There is a global firewall enable option which, when disabled, disables all the firewall components. In addition, the three firewall related features, NATRedirection, DRDOSAttackProtection, and VPNPassThrough, will take effect only If firewall is enabled. Below is a screen shot of the Firewall and DMZ device web page.



Firewall and DMZ Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Firewall Settings		
Enable	Enable the firewall	No
NATRedirection	Support NATRedirection (a.k.a. NAT Loopback or Hairpin). This setting takes effect only if firewall is enabled; otherwise this feature is <i>disabled</i>	No
DRDOSAttackProtection	Enable the protection against Distributed Reflection Denial of Service. This setting takes effect only if firewall is enabled; otherwise this feature is <i>disabled</i>	No
VPNPassThrough	Allow VPN (L2TP, PPTP and IPSEC) traffic to pass through if enabled; otherwise all VPN traffic are blocked. This setting takes effect only if firewall is enabled; otherwise this feature is <i>enabled</i>	Yes
DMZ Settings		
Enable	Enable DMZ Service	No
HostIPAddress	The IP address of the DMZ server	



Port Forwarding

A port forwarding rule is useful for supporting a server application on a LAN client, such as FTP Server or HTTP Server. On the OBi 202 you can define up to 20 port forwarding rules. Below is a screen shot of the Port Forwarding web page.

# Enable	Rule-Description	Protocol	StartingPort			Cur
	•	0	StartingPort	EndingPort	ServerIPAddress	
1				-		
_		ТСР 💌			192.168.10.	clear
2		TCP 💌			192.168.10.	clear
3		TCP 💌			192.168.10.	clear
						clear
_						clear
						clear
-						clear
_						clear
-						dear
						clear
						clear
						clear
						clear
						clear
						clear
17 🗆					192.168.10.	clear
18 🗆					192.168.10.	clear
19 🗆					192.168.10.	clear
20 🗆		ТСР			192.168.10.	clear
	4 □ 5 □ 6 □ 7 □ 8 □ 9 □ 10 □ 11 □ 12 □ 13 □ 14 □ 15 □ 16 □ 17 □ 18 □ 19 □	4	4	4	4	4

Port Forwarding Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Enable	Enable this port forwarding rule	No
RuleDescription	The description of this rule	
	The transport protocol for the specified port range in this rule. It can take one	
	of the following values:	
Protocol	TCP – TCP only	ТСР
	UDP – UDP only	
	Both – TCP and UDP	
StartingPort	Starting port number of the forwarded port range	
Funding Dout	Ending port number of the forwarded port range. If it is the same as	
EndingPort	StartingPort, only the one port equal to the StartingPort will be forwarded	
ServerIPAddress	The LAN side IP address to forward the packet to when it is received at a port	



on the WAN side within the port range in this rule with matching transport	
protocol	

QoS Settings

QoS only applies to upstream traffic to the WAN side. The QoS settings described here takes effect in router mode only. It is based on Traffic Control(TC) and Hierarchy Token Bucket (HTB). Refer to the HTB home pages for details on TC and HTB (<u>http://luxik.cdi.cz/~devik/qos/htb/</u>).

Four priority classes of upstream traffic are defined in the OBi QoS policy: The Restricted class has the highest priority, followed by the High, the Medium, and the Low classes. To fully utilize the upstream bandwidth, it is important to have a relatively accurate upstream bandwidth estimation configured in the UpStreamBandwidth parameter; this tells the OBi the total upstream bandwidth to allocate to the four priority classes.

The guaranteed uplink bandwidth for Restricted class traffic is configured in the RestrictedBandwidth parameter. The rest of the upstream bandwidth (the UpStreamBandWidth less the RestrictedBandwidth) is divided among the High, Medium, and Low classes proportionally according to the assigned weighting factor for each class in the configuration. Let W_{high} , W_{medium} , and W_{low} be the respective weight assigned to the High, Low, and Medium classes, the corresponding guaranteed uplink bandwidth for each class is calculated using the following formulae:

BW_{high}	= (UpstreamBandwidth – RestrictedBandwidth) * W_{high} / (W_{high} + W_{medium} + W_{low})	(Kbps)
BW_{medium}	= (UpstreamBandwidth – RestrictedBandwidth) * W_{medium} / (W_{high} + W_{medium} + W_{low})	(Kbps)
BW _{low}	= (UpstreamBandwidth – RestrictedBandwidth) * W_{low} / (W_{high} + W_{medium} + W_{low})	(Kbps)

The native voice related traffic is always classified as Restricted. Other network packets are classified based on the Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP) in their IP headers. The 64 possible DSCP codes (0 - 63) can be mapped into one of the four priority classes using the configurable DSCP to Priority Class Mapping table.

Below is a screen shot of the QoS Settings web page.





Setup Wizard

- Status
- Router Configuration
 WAN Settings
 LAN Settings
 DHCP Reservation
 Firewall and DMZ
 Port Forwarding
 QoS Settings
- System Management
- Service Providers
- Voice Services
- Physical Interfaces
- Codecs
- Tone Settings
- Ring Settings
- Star Codes
- User Settings
- External USB Storage

QoS General Settings@ QoS Setting				
Parameter Name	Value	Default		
Enable				
UpStreamBandwidth	2048	V 😯		
RestrictedBandwidth	256	✓ 0		

Priority Class Bandwidth Allocation@

Parameter Name	Value		Default	
High	5	7	V	0
Medium	3	v	v	0
Low	2	v	v	0

DSCP to Priority Class Mapping@

	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	0	Medium	V	0
age	1	Medium	V	0
'ge	2	Medium	\checkmark	0
	3	Medium	V	0
	4	Medium	v	0
	5	Medium	V	0
	6	Medium	v	0
	7	Medium 👻	v	0
	8	Low	V	0
	9	Medium	V	0
	10	Low	V	0
	11	Medium	V	0
	12	Low	v	0
	13	Medium	\checkmark	0
	14	Low	✓	0
	15	Medium	\checkmark	0
	16	Medium 💌	v	0
	17	Medium	\checkmark	0
	18	Medium	V	0
	19	Medium	•	0
	20	Medium	V	0
	21	Medium	•	0
	22	Medium	•	0
	23	Medium	•	0
	24	Medium	•	0
	25	Medium	•	0
	26	Medium	•	0



User Login Reboot

Config

28	Medium	v	✓	0
29	Medium	v	~	0
30	Medium			0
31	Medium		~	0
32	Medium		v	0
33	Medium	_	v	0
34	Medium		\checkmark	0
35	Medium		~	0
36	Medium		v	0
37	Medium	_	~	0
38	Medium	*		0
39	Medium	-	~	0
40	Medium			0
41	Medium	_	~	0
42	Medium	_	v	0
43	Medium		•	0
44	Medium	*	~	0
45	Medium	_	~	0
46	Medium	*		0
47	Medium	-		0
48	High	*	v	0
49	Medium	-	✓	0
50	Medium	-		0
51	Medium	-		0
52	Medium	-	✓	0
53	Medium	-	•	0
54	Medium	-	✓	0
55	Medium	-		0
56	High	*		0
57	Medium	_	v	0
58	Medium	v	v	0
59	Medium	v		0
60	Medium	v	v	0
61	Medium	v	v	0
62	Medium	v	v	0
63	Medium	v	v	0

QoS Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
QoS General Setting		
Enable	Enable QoS Service (take effect in router mode only)	No
UpStreamBandwidth	The total upstream bandwidth in Kbps	2048
RestrictedBandwidth	The guaranteed bandwidth for Restricted class traffic in Kbps	512
Priority Class Bandwidth		
Allocation		
High	The guaranteed uplink bandwidth allocation weight for High	5
1 light	Priority class traffic. It must be a value between 1 and 10	5
Medium	The guaranteed uplink bandwidth allocation weight for Medium	3
weulum	Priority class traffic. It must be a value between 1 and 10	5



Low	The guaranteed uplink bandwidth allocation weight for Low Priority class traffic. It must be a value between 1 and 10	2
DSCP to Priority Class Mapping		
N (N = 0 - 63)	The priority class to be assigned to the packet which has the DSCP code equal to N in the IP header. The choices are: Restricted High Medium Low Note: Restricted class has the highest priority	For N = 8, 10, 12, or 14, the default is Low. For N = 48 or 56, the default is High. For all other DSCP codes, the default is Medium

OBiWiFi

(OBiWiFi is available on the OBi202 and OBi302 only.)

OBiWiFi supports the 8021.11 b/g/n wireless standards so that an OBiWiFi Wireless Adapter may be used with the USB 2.0 port of the OBi202 or Obi302 device. From an IP routing point of view, OBiWiFi is an additional WAN interface. If both WAN interfaces are connected (Ethernet port and OBiWiFi), the traffic destined to the WAN side will route through the Ethernet interface only, unless a) the WAN (Ethernet) interface and OBiWiFi are on different subnet and b) the destination address is on the same subnet as OBiWiFi.

If the OBi is set to function as a LAN switch rather than a router, OBiWiFi is disabled internally.



WiFi Settings

A screenshot of the WiFi Settings device page is shown below.

WiFi Settings

Basic Settings

Parameter Name	Value		Default	t
Enable	1		V	0
PreferredAccessPoint	None	v	1	0
ShowAccessPointPassword			V	0

Internet Settings

Parameter Name	Value	Default	:
AddressingType	DHCP	V	0
IPAddress		1	0
SubnetMask		V	0
DefaultGateway		1	0
DNSServer1		V	0
DNSServer2		1	0

Access Point 1

Parameter Name	Value	Default
SSID		
Password		
SecurityEnabled	No	0

Access Point 2

Parameter Name	Value	Default
SSID		\checkmark
Password		v
SecurityEnabled	No	



WiFi Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Basic Settings		
Enable	Enable OBiWiFi feature. You must have an OBiWiFi dongle attached to the OBi to use the feature	Yes
PreferredAccessPoint	Indicate which access point to use when more than one remembered AP are in range. Select from the list: None, Access Point 1, Access Point 2,, Access Point 20.	None
	This value is automatically populated with the last AP that OBi user chose to connect explicitly from the device web page	
ShowAccessPointPassword	Check this box and press submit to show all the AP passwords in (unmasked) plain text (no reboot required). The passwords will be masked again following a reboot of the device	No
Internet Settings		
AddressingType	The method to assign an IP address to this interface. Choose between DHCP or Static	DHCP
IPAddress	The IP address to use if AddressingType = Static	
SubnetMask	The subnet mask to use if AddressingType = Static	
DefaultGateway	The default gateway to use if AddressType = Static	
DNSServer1	An additional DNS Server to use in addition to the ones received from DHCP	
DNSServer2	An additional DNS Server to use in addition to the ones received from DHCP	
Access Point <i>N</i> (<i>N</i> =1,2,,20)		
SSID	SSID of the access point	
Password	Password or pass-phrase based on the authentication method used by the AP. For WPA, the pass-phrase should be no more than 64 characters. For WEP, the password should be in one of the four formats: 10 HEX digits, 26 HEX digits, 5 ASCII characters, or 13 ASCII characters. The HEX digits can be upper or lower case	
SecurityEnabled	This is a read only parameter. It indicates if the AP has security enabled or not	



WiFi Scan

The WiFi Scan device page offers a familiar user interface to let you scan for access points in the neighborhood. A screenshot of this page is shown below. You can click on the page one of the available AP to connect to. If the AP requires authentication but the OBi does not have any valid credential, a page will be returned to prompt you to enter a password or pass-phrase and press "Connect" to continue.

If your AP does not show up as a listed device on this page, e.g. perhaps its SSID is not broadcast, you may enter its SSID and security credentials manually by clicking the "Add a Network" link. The "Manage Networks" link takes you back to the WiFi Settings device page, whereas the "Scan For Networks" link reloads this page in order to rescan for the access points in the neighbourhood.

Setup Wizard	OBiWiFi	0	<u>Scan For Networks</u> Add A Network
Status Router Configuration	Disconnected		Manage Networks
OBiWiFi Configuration	WiFi Networks		
WiFi Settings WiFi Scan	noibo100 Secured with WPA PSK	? A	
System Management Service Providers	XITIREV Secured with WPA/WPA2 PSK	(The second seco	
Voice Services Physical Interfaces	Foster City Metro Secured with WPA/WPA2 PSK	~ A	
Codecs Tone Settings	KRIS WPS Available, secured with WPA/WPA2 PSK	∼ A	
Ring Settings Star Codes	SPA Secured with WPA PSK	TA	
User Settings External USB Storage	2055 7116 Secured with WEP	? A	
Examina COD Cichage	2WIRE311 Secured with WEP	? A	
	EnGenius1		



System Management Features of the OBi Device

Network Settings

This section applies to OBi100 and OBi110 only. For OBi202, please refer to the section WAN Settings.

OBIHAI					
technology, inc.				[User Login Reb
etup Wizard	Internet Settings®		Network	Setti	ngs 🖌
itatus	Parameter Name	Value		Default	
ystem Management	AddressingType	DHCP	~	V	0
Network Settings	IPAddress	Ditor		v	0
Auto Provisioning	SubnetMask			V	0
Device Admin	DefaultGateway			1	0
Device Update	DNSServer1			V	0
ervice Providers pice Services	DNSServer2			V	0
hysical Interfaces odecs	Local Time			- (II	_
one Settings	Parameter Name	Value		Default	
ing Settings	CurrentLocalTime	2/6/2036 23:47:50			0
tar Codes ser Settings	Time Service Settings®				
	Parameter Name	Value		Default	
	NTPServer1	pool.ntp.org		V	0
	NTPServer2			1	0
	LocalTimeZone	GMT-08:00(Pacific Time)	-	V	0
	DaylightSavingTimeEnable	1		V	0
	Devil-100-00-Tex-Clash	3/8/7/2		V	0
	DaylightSavingTimeStart	3/0/7/2		V	

Network Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Catting
		Setting
Internet Settings		
	The method used for assigning IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, etc.,	
	to the device. Available choices are:	
AddressingTune	DHCP: IP address, default gateway, etc. are assigned by DHCP Server. these	DHCP
AddressingType	these	DHCP
	Static: IP address, default gateway, etc. are taken from the manually	
	configured values.	
IPAddress	The IP address to assign to the device when AddressingType is set to Static.	
SubnetMask	The subnet mask to use when AddressingType is set to Static.	
DefaultCatoway	The default gateway IP address to assign to the device when AddressingType is	
DefaultGateway	set to Static.	
	IP address of the first DNS server to use, in addition to the ones obtained from	
	the DHCP server when DHCP is also enabled. If AddressingType is set to Static,	
DNSServer1	the device only uses DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 for DNS lookup. It will try up	
	to 5 DNS servers when attempting to resolve a domain name. DNSServer1 and	
	DNSServer2 will be tried first, whichever is specified, and then the ones	



		T
	obtained from the DHCP Server if available.	
	IP address of the second DNS server to use, in addition to the ones obtained	
	from the DHCP server when DHCP is also enabled. If AddressingType is set to	
DNSServer2	Static, the device only uses DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 for DNS lookup. It will	
	try up to 5 DNS servers when attempting to resolve a domain name.	
	DNSServer1 and DNSServer2 will be tried first, whichever is specified, and then	
	the ones obtained from the DHCP Server if available.	
	Valid range is 0 – 4094 (4095 is reserved). 0 means VLAN is disabled and egress	0
VLANID	packets are not tagged by the divice. This setting applies to all packets sent by	
	the device.	
VLANPriority	Valid choices are 0 – 7. This setting applies to all packets sent by the device.	0
Local Time		
CurrentLocalTime	Current local date and time of the device	
Time Service Settings		
NTPServer1	Hostname or IP address of the first NTP server	pool.ntp.or
NTPServer2	Hostname or IP address of the second NTP server	
LocalTimeZone	Local time zone. Available choices are:	GMT-08:00
	- GMT-12:00(Int'l Dateline West)	
	- GMT-11:00(Samoa)	
	- GMT-10:00(Hawaii)	
	- GMT-09:00(Alaska)	
	- GMT-08:00(Pacific Time)	
	- GMT-07:00(Mountain Time)	
	- GMT-06:00(Central Time)	
	- GMT-05:00(Eastern Time)	
	- GMT-04:00(Atlantic Time)	
	- GMT-03:30(Newfoundland)	
	- GMT-03:00(Buenos Aires,Greenland)	
	- GMT-01:00	
	- GMT+00:00(London,Lisbon)	
	 GMT+01:00(Rome,Paris,Madrid) 	
	- GMT+02:00(Athens,Cairo)	
	- GMT+03:00(Moscow,Baghdad)	
	- GMT+04:00(Abu Dhabi)	
	- GMT+05:00(Islamabad,Karachi)	
	- GMT+05:30(New Delhi)	
	- GMT+05:45(Kathmandu)	
	- GMT+06:00	
	- GMT+07:00(Bangkok,Jakarta)	
	- GMT+08:00(Beijing,HK,Singapore)	
	- GMT+10:00(Sydney,Guam)	
	- GMT+11:00(Solomon Is.)	
	- GMT+12:00(Fiji,Auckland)	
DaylightSavingTimeEnable	Enable daylight saving time on the unit	Yes
DaylightSavingTimeStart	Daylight Saving Time Start Date. Format: month/day/weekday/hh:mm::ss,	3/8/7/2
, 0 0	where month=1-12, day= \pm (1-31), weekday=0,1-7 (0=special, 1=Monday,	-, -, -, -, =



	1	
	7=Sunday), hh=0-23,mm=0-59,ss=0-59.	
	If weekday=0, daylight saving starts on the given month/day; otherwise it	
	starts on the weekday on or after the given month/day if day > 0, or on the	
	weekday on or before the last-day-of-given-month+day+1 (note that day = -1	
	equivalent to last day of the month).	
	:ss may be omitted if the value is 0; :mm:ss may be omitted if mm and ss are	
	both 0.	
DaylightSavingTimeEnd	Daylight Saving Time End Date. Same format as Start Date	11/1/7/2
DaylightSavingTimeDiff	Amount of time to add to current time during Daylight Saving Time.	1
2 4 7 . 8	Format: [-]hh:mm:ss.	-
	ss may be omitted if it is 0; :mm:ss may be omitted if both are 0.	
Local DNS Records		
	One of 22 Local DNC Descripts (numbered 1 22). Each record is a mini script of	
N	One of 32 Local DNS Records (numbered $1 - 32$). Each record is a mini script of	
	the following format:	
where <i>N</i> = 1 – 32	Name=A,A,A, OR	
	Name=R,R,R,	
	where Name represents the domain name to be resolved locally, and has the	
	<pre>format prefix+domain (such as machine.sip+obihai.com). Everything after</pre>	
	'+' is considered as the <i>domain</i> to be appended to the <i>host</i> field in each <i>R</i> on	
	the right hand side. '+' is optional; if missing the full domain must be used in	
	every R.	
	A represents an A record which is just an ip address, such as 192.168.12.17.	
	<i>R</i> represents an SRV record and has the format: { <i>host:port,pri,wt</i> } where	
	- host is a hostname with or without domain part (such as xyz, xyz.abc.com.). A	
	dot (.) at the end of <i>host</i> indicates it is a complete hostname that does not	
	require the domain to be appended.	
	- port is a port number (such as 5060)	
	- pri is the priority. Valid value is 0(highest) – 65535(lowest)	
	- wt is the weight. Valid value is 0(lowest) – 65535(lowest)	
	<i>wt</i> is optional; 1 is the default if not specified.	
	<i>pri</i> is optional only if <i>wt</i> is not specified; 1 is the default if not specified.	
	port is optional; the default to use will be based on the protocol (5060 for SIP,	
	80 for HTTP, etc.).	
	The enclosing curly braces { } are also optional if there is only one R; or	
	if there is no comma used inside the <i>R</i> .	
	Examples:	
	_sipudp+obihai.com=abc,xyz,pqr:5080,{mmm,2},{super.abc.com.}	
	abc.obihai.com=192.168.15.118,192.168.15.108	
	Note: If the A record of a given hostname cannot be found in any of the Local	
	DNS Records, the device will attempt to resolve it using external DNS queries.	
	Any change applied to local DNS Record needs reboot in order to take effect.	
		•



Local DNS Records@

Parameter Name	Value	Default
1		V
2		V
3		V
4		1
5		V
6		1
7		V
8		V
9		V
10		V

32 Local DNS Records (numbered 1 – 10 pictured here)

Automatic Firmware Update & Provisioning

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DBIHAI technology, inc.					<u></u>	
					User Lo	ogin Rebo
Setup Wizard	Auto Firmware Update®		Auto	Provisior	ning	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default	t i	Current
System Management	Method	Disabled		V	0	
Network Settings	Interval	0		V	0	
Auto Provisioning	FirmwareURL			V	0	
Device Admin	Username			V	0	
Device Update	Password	******		V	0	
Service Providers						
/oice Services	Auto Provisioning®					
Physical Interfaces						
Codecs	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
one Settings	Method	System Start			0	
Ring Settings	Interval	0			0	
Star Codes	ConfigURL	tftp://\$DHCPOPT66/\$MAC.xml			0	
Jser Settings	GPRM0			\checkmark	0	
User Settings	GPRM1			V	0	
5					0	
5	GPRM2				2	
J.	GPRM3				-	
Ŭ	GPRM3 GPRM4			V	0	
,	GPRM3 GPRM4 GPRM5			V	0	
	GPRM3 GPRM4 GPRM5 GPRM6			V V	0 0 0	
J	GPRM3 GPRM4 GPRM5 GPRM6 GPRM7			V V V	0 0 0	
J	GPRM3 GPRM4 GPRM5 GPRM6 GPRM7 TPRM0				0 0 0 0	
J	GPRM3 GPRM4 GPRM5 GPRM6 GPRM7			V V V	0 0 0	

Auto Provisioning Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Auto Firmware Update		
Method	Current operational method of auto firmware updating. Available choices are:	Disabled
	 Disabled = Do not check for f/w upgrade from 	



	FirmwareURL - System Start = Check for f/w upgrade from FirmwareURL just once on system start - Periodically = Check for f/w upgrade from FirmwareURL on system start, and then periodically at the interval specified in the Interval paramter Note: First f/w upgrade check on system start will be performed after a random delay of 0-30s	
Interval	When Method is set to Periodically, this is the number of seconds between each checking of f/w upgrade check from FirmwareURL. If value is 0, device checks once only on system start (i.e., equivalent to setting Method to System Start)	0
FirmwareURL	URL of firmware package. URL must include scheme. Supported schemes are http:// and tftp://	
Username	Username for authentication, if needed, if scheme is http://	
Password	Password for authentication, if needed, if scheme is http://	
Auto Provisioning		
Method	 Current operational method of Provisioning. Available choices are: Disabled = Do not download from ConfigURL System Start = Download from ConfigURL just once on system start Periodically = Download from ConfigURL on system start, and then periodically at the interval specified in the Interval paramter 	System Start
	Note: First download on system start will be performed after	
	a random delay of 30 – 90s. If there is a firmware update scheduled at the beginning. Or a random delay of 10- 70s	
Interval	a random delay of 30 – 90s. If there is a firmware update	0
Interval ConfigURL	 a random delay of 30 – 90s. If there is a firmware update scheduled at the beginning. Or a random delay of 10- 70s When Method is set to Periodically, this is the number of seconds between download from ConfigURL. If value is 0, device downloads once only on system start (i.e., equivalent 	0 tftp://\$DHCPOPT66/\$MAC.xml



TPRM0 to TPRM3	Temporary variables used in scripts for ConfigURL. Please refer to device provisioning guide for examples on how to these variables.	
User Defined Macro 0–3		
(\$UDM0 – \$UDM3)		
Value	Any plain text, or reference to another parameter's full TR- 104 name prepended by a '\$'	
ExpandIn	A comma separated list of parameters that are allowed to use this macro expansion. Each parameter must be specified using its full TR-104 name. Specify ANY to allow it in all parameters.	
SyntaxCheckResult	This is read only status value regarding the syntax of the UDM. "Pass" means that this UDM is valid. Otherwise, it shows the syntax error detected by the device either in the Value or ExpandIn parameters of the UDM.	

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<u>File Edit View History</u>	ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp							
O OBi110	+							
OBIHAI technology, inc.					Use	er Login	Reboot	
Setup Wizard	User Defined Macro 00						Config	
* Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default			Gument	
System Management	Value				0			
Network Settings	ExpandIn			V	0			
Auto Provisioning	SyntaxCheckResult	Disabled			0			
Device Admin								
Device Update	User Defined Macro 10							
Service Providers	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
Voice Services		value						
Physical Interfaces	Value			V	0			
+ Codecs	ExpandIn			V	0			
 Tone Settings 	SyntaxCheckResult	Disabled			1			
 Ring Settings 								r.
 Star Codes 	User Defined Macro 20							
 User Settings 	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
	Value			V	0			
	ExpandIn			V	0			
	SyntaxCheckResult	Disabled			0			
	User Defined Macro 30							:
	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
	Value			V	0			
	ExpandIn				0			
	SyntaxCheckResult	Disabled			0			
		Submit Clear Changes	Use Defaults Only					



\$MACRO Expansion Supported by the OBi Device

Macro Name	Description	Where It Can Be Used
MAC	Device MAC address, such as 9CADEF000000	ANY
MACC	Device MAC address with colon, such as	ANY
	9C:AD:EF:00:00:00	
mac	Device MAC address lower case, with colon, such as	ANY
	9c:ad:ef:00:00:00	
FWV	Firmware version, such as 1.0.3.1626	ANY
HWV	Hardware version, such as 2.8	ANY
IPA	Device current IP Address, such as 192.168.15.100	ANY
DM	Device Model Name, such as OBi110	ANY
DMN	Device Model Number, such as 110	ANY
OBN	Device OBi Number, such as 200123456	ANY
DSN	Device S/N, such as 88B01NA00000	ANY
GPRMn n=0-	Value Auto Provisioning::GPRMn	Auto Provisioning::ConfigURL,
7		Auto Firmware Update::FirmwareURL
TPRM <i>n n</i> =0-3	Value Auto Provisioning::TPRMn	Auto Provisioning::ConfigURL,
		Auto Firmware Update::FirmwareURL
UDM <i>n, n</i> =0-3	Value of User Define Macro <i>n</i> ::Value	The value of User Define Macro n::ExpandIn



Device Administration

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O OBi110	+			
OBIHAI technology, inc.				User Login Re
Setup Wizard	Web Server®		Device Adı	min 🕴
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
System Management	Port	80		0
Network Settings	AdminPassword			0
Auto Provisioning Device Admin	UserPassword			0
Device Update				
Service Providers	IVR®			
Voice Services	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Physical Interfaces	Enable	V		0
Codecs	Password	•••••		0
Tone Settings				
Ring Settings	Syslog®			
Star Codes	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
User Settings	Server			0
	Port	514		2
	Level	7		0
	HTTP Client®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Default	

Device Administration Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Web Server		
Port	Web Server Port Number	80
AdminPassword	Administrator Password, case sensitive	admin
UserPassword	User Password, case sensitive	user
WebManagementFromWAN ³	Allow access the OBi device management web pages from the WAN side	No
IVR		
Enable	Enable IVR for local configuration	Yes
Password	IVR access password (must be all digits)	
Syslog		
Server	IP address of the Syslog Server where the device	
	sends syslog debug messages to. If the value is	
	blank, syslog is disabled	
Port	Syslog Server Port Number	514
Level	Syslog Message Level	7
HTTP Client		
UserAgent	Value of the User-Agent header in all HTTP	\$DM
	Requests which are used in firmware upgrade and	
	auto provisioning.	



Device Update

See the section entitled, "Firmware: OBi Device Update and Management" for details on device firmware updates.

SIP Service Provider Features of the OBi Device

The following section describes the SIP Service Provider features of the OBi device. Up to two SIP accounts (four for OBi202), or SIP Trunks, can be configured on the OBi. For the purposed of this document and elsewhere on OBi device web page, documentation and the OBiTALK portal, the term ITSP is used to describe the logical entity providing the SIP Trunk service to the OBi. ITSP stands for Internet Telephony Service Provider. Please note that when the OBi is used in conjunction with an IP PBX, the IP PBX would take the place of the ITSP if it is the entity providing the SIP Trunk account credential and connectivity to the OBi.

Each ITSP configuration is grouped together as an ITSP Profile. We refer to them as ITSP Profile A, B, C², and D² respectively.. The SP service account specifics on the other hand are grouped under the heading SP*n* Service, where *n* = 1, 2, 3 or 4. An ITSP Profile includes such parameters as ProxyServer, OutboundProxy, and DigitMap, but does not include account specific parameters. A SP Service includes account specific parameters such as AuthUserName (usually the phone number of the account), AuthPassword, CallerIDName, and X_ServProfile (which ITSP Profile to assume). If both SP Service use the same ITSP, then only one ITSP Profile needs to be configured with both SP Services referred to the same profile.

From the OBi device point of view, the SP*n* Service using ITSP Profile *X* is enabled with the following minimal settings:

ITSP Porfile X – SIP::ProxyServer = Not Blank SPn Service::Enabled = Yes SPn Service::AuthUsername = Not Blank

where X = A or B, n = 1, 2, 3, or 4. Otherwise the service is considered disabled.

² ITSP Profile C and D are available on the OBi202 only



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<u>File Edit View History E</u>	<u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				
O OBi110	+				~
OBIHAI technology, inc.			User L	ogin Reboo	Ł
Setup Wizard	General®	г	TSP Profil		•
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default		
System Management	Name			0	
 Service Providers 	SignalingProtocol	SIP	v	0	
- ITSP Profile A	DTMFMethod	Auto	V	0	
General	X_UseFixedDurationRFC2833DTMF		V	0	
SIP	DigitMap	(1xxxxxxxxxxxxxx)<1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxxx(011xxx)	\checkmark	0	
RTP	STUNEnable		V	0	
+ ITSP Profile B	STUNServer		V	0	
Voice Services	X_STUNServerPort	3478		0	
 Physical Interfaces 	X_ICEEnable			0	
Codecs	X_SymmetricRTPEnable		×		
Tone Settings					
Ring Settings	Service Provider Info®				
Star Codes	Parameter Name	Value	Default		
 User Settings 	Name		V	0	
	URL		V	0	
	ContactPhoneNumber		V	0	
	EmailAddress		\checkmark	0	
		Clear Changes Use Defaults Only y OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights Reser	ved.		
javascript:void(0);					

SIP Registration

Device can be setup to periodically register with a SIP Proxy Server or SIP Registration Server. SIP Proxy Server and SIP Registration Server can be different, although they are usually the same in practice. SIP Proxy Server is a required parameter that must be configured on the OBi device. The Registration Server is optional and assumed to be the same as the SIP Proxy Server if it is not configured on the device.

The main purpose of registration is to create and maintain a dynamic binding of the SIP account to the device's local contact address. Service provider can also rely on this periodic message to infer if the device is online and functional. Each OBi device takes only one local IP address that is either statically assigned in the device's configuration, or dynamically obtained from a local DHCP server. The SP*n* service for n = 1, 2, 3, and 4, on the other hand each uses a different local contact port for sending and receiving SIP messages (default is 5060, 5061, 5062, and 5063 respectively).

Note that dynamic address binding through periodic registration is not strictly necessary if the local IP address of the device does not change; the device's contact address may be statically configured on the Registration Server.

SIP Outbound Proxy Server

An outbound proxy server can be configured on the device such that all outbound requests are sent via the outbound proxy server instead of directly to the SIP Proxy Server or Registration Server.

DNS Lookup of SIP Servers

When sending out SIP requests to the server, the device looks up the IP address of the server using standard DNS query if the server is specified as a domain name instead of an IP address. If Outbound Proxy Server is configured, it is used instead



of the SIP Proxy Server or SIP Registration Server. The resolution of the server domain name into IP address is performed in the following manner:

- Try looking up the name as DNS A Record. If not found.
- Try looking up the name as DNS SRV Record. If not found.
- Try looking up the name as DNS SRV Record with "_sip._udp. " prepended to the hostname. If not found, fail the request.

If the result from the DNS query is a SRV record, the server port is taken from that record also (the server port value configured on the device is ignored). Otherwise, the server port is taken from the configured value or use 5060 if none specified.

NAT Traversal Considerations

If the device sits behind a NAT (typically the case), it can discover the mapped external address corresponding to its local SIP contact address as seen by the server in one of the following ways:

- From the "received=" and "rport=" parameters of the VIA header of the REGISTER response sent by the server; these two parameters tells the device its mapped IP address and port number respectively. This method is used if periodic registration is enabled on the device
- From the response to a STUN binding request the device sent to a STUN server. This method is used by enabling X_KeepAliveEnable and setting the X_KeepAliveMsgType parameter to "stun". In that case, the STUN server is taken from the X_KeepAliveServer parameter, if it is specified. Otherwise, the keep-alive messages are sent to the same server where a REGISTER request would be sent to. The latter is the most effective way of using STUN to discover the mapped external contact address

The device always uses the mapped external contact address in all outbound SIP requests instead of its local contact address if one is discovered by either method discovered above.

SIP Proxy Server Redundancy and Dual REGISTRATION

Server Redundancy specifically refers to the OBi device's capability to a) look for a working server to REGISTER with from among a list of candidates, and b) switch to another server once the server that it currently registers with becomes unresponsive. In other words, DEVICE REGISTRATION MUST BE ENABLED in order to use the server redundancy feature. Other SIP requests, such as INVITE or SUBSCRIBE, are sent to the same server that the device currently registers with.

If Outbound Proxy Server is provided, server redundancy is applied to the Outbound Proxy Server instead of the REGISTRATION server. Server redundancy behavior is enabled by enabling the parameter ITSP Profile X – SIP::X_ProxyServerRedundancy (which is disabled by default).

Another requirement for using the server redundancy feature is that the underlying server must be configured in the device as a domain name instead of an IP address. This allows the OBi to collect a list of candidate servers based on DNS query. The domain name may be looked up as DNS A record or DNS SRV record. For A records, all the IP addresses returned by the DNS server are considered to have the same priority. For SRV records, the hosts returned by the DNS server can be each assigned a different priority.

After a list of candidate servers are obtained, the OBi device will first look for a working server according to the stated priority. A *working server* means one that the device can successfully registers with. This is known as the *Primary Server*. Subsequently, the device maintains registration with the primary server the usual way. However, if no working server is found after traversing the entire list, device takes a short break and repeats the search in the same order.



While maintaining registration with the Primary Server, the OBi will continually attempt to fallback to one of the candidate servers that has higher priority than the primary server, if any. The list of candidate servers that the device is trying to fallback on is known as the *primary fallback list*, which may be empty.

In addition, an OBi device can be configured to maintain a secondary registration with a server that has lower or equal priority than the primary server. Secondary registration can be enabled by setting the parameter X_SecondaryRegistration to YES. If X_ProxyServerRedundancy is NO, however, X_SecondaryRegistration does not take any effect. If this feature is enabled, as soon as a primary server is found, the OBi will search for a working secondary server in the same manner from the list of candidate servers that are of lower or equal priority than the primary server. Simarly, once a secondary server is found, the OBi forms a *secondary fallback list* to continually attempt to fallback on if the list is not empty.

The interval for checking the primary fallback list and the secondary fallback list are configured in the parameter X_CheckPrimaryFallbackInterval and X_CheckSecondaryFallbackInterval respectively. These parameters are specified in seconds and the default value is 60 for both.

Notes:

- Secondary server exists implies primary server exists.
- If the secondary server exists, it immediately becomes the primary server when the current primary server is fails; device then starts searching for a new secondary server if the candidate set is not empty.
- The candidate list may change (lengthened, shortened, priority changed, etc.) on every DNS renewal (based on the entry's TTL). Device will rearrange the primary and secondary servers and fallback lists accordingly, whichever applicable.

If the server redundancy feature is disabled, the device resolves only one IP address from the server's domain name, and will not attempt to try other IP addresses if the server is not responding.

SIP Privacy

The OBi device observes inbound caller privacy and decodes caller's name and number from SIP INVITE requests by checking the FROM, P-Asserted-Identity (PAID for short), and Remote-Party-ID (RPID for short) message headers. All these headers may carry caller's name and number information.

If PAID is present, device takes the name and number from it. Otherwise, it takes name and number from RPID if it is present, or from the FROM header otherwise. RPID, if present, will include privacy setting desired by the caller. This privacy may indicate one of the following options:

- *off* = no privacy requested; the OBi will show name and number.
- *full* = full privacy requested; the OBi will hide both name and number.
- *name* = name privacy requested; the OBi will show the number but hide the name.
- *uri* = uri privacy requested; the OBi will show the name but hide the number.

Regardless, if PAID exists or not, the device always takes the privacy setting from the RPID if it is present in the INVITE request. Note that if the resulting caller name is "Anonymous" (case- insensitive), device treats it as if the caller is requesting full privacy.

For outbound calls, caller's preferred privacy setting can be stated by the device in a RPID header of the outbound INVITE request. To enable this behavior, the parameter ITSP Profile $X - SIP::X_InsertRemotePartyID$ must be set to YES or TRUE, which is the default value of this parameter. OBi only supports two outbound caller privacy setting: privacy=off or privacy=full. The RPID header generated by the device carries the same name and number as the FROM header. If outbound caller-ID is blocked, the device sets privacy=full in RPID, and also sets the display name in the FROM and RPID headers to "Anonymous" for backward compatibility. The device will not insert PAID in outbound INVITE requests.



STUN and ICE

The OBi supports standard STUN based on RFC3489 and RFC5389 for passing inbound RTP packets to the device sitting behind NAT's. The parameters that control STUN feature can be found under the section ITSP Profile X – General::

- STUNEnable To Enable this feature (default is NO or FALSE).
- STUNServer The IP address or domain name of the external STUN server to use. STUN feature will be disabled if this value is blank, which is the default.
- X_STUNServerPort The STUN Server's listening UDP port. Default value 3478 (standard STUN port).

It should be noted that the STUN feature used in this context is only for RTP packets, not SIP signaling packets (which typically does not require STUN). The device to send out a STUN binding request right before making or answering a call on SP1/2. If the request is successful, the device decodes the mapped external address and port from the binding response and use them in the m= and c= lines of its SDP offer or answer sent to the peer device. If the request fails, such as STUN server not found or not responding, the call will go on without using external address in the SDP.

Standard RTP requires the use of even number port in the m= line. If the external port is not a even number, device changes the local RTP port and redo STUN, and will continue to do this up to 4 times or until an even external port number is found. If the 4th trial still results in an odd external port number, the call will go on without using external address in the SDP.

OBi supports standard ICE based on RFC5245. ICE is done on a per call basis for automatically discovering which peer address is the best route for sending RTP packets. To enable ICE on the device, set the parameter: ITSP Profile X – General::X_ICEEnable to YES (or TRUE). The default, however, is NO (or FALSE).

Note that ICE would be more effective if STUN is also enabled. However STUN not a requirement for using ICE on the device. If STUN is enabled and an external RTP address different from its local address is discovered, OBi offers two ICE candidates in its SDP:

- The local (host) address (highest priority)
- The external (srflx or server reflexive) address

Otherwise only the local host candidate is shown in the device's SDP. Note that the device uses the srflx address in the m= and c= lines of the SDP if STUN is enabled and successful.

If ICE is enabled and peer's SDP has more than one candidate, device sends STUN requests to each peer candidate from its local RTP port. As soon as it receives a response from the highest priority candidate, device concludes ICE and uses this candidate to communicate with the peer subsequently. Otherwise, the OBi allows up to 5s to wait for the response from all the candidates, and selects the highest priority one that has a response. Once ICE is completed successfully, the device will further apply symmetric RTP concept to determine the peer's RTP address (i.e., send to the address where peer's RTP packets are coming from).

ITSP Driven Distinctive Ringing

OBi device offers 10 ring and 10 call-waiting tone patterns in each ring profile. These patterns are numbered from 1 to 10. Each pattern also comes with a configurable name. A different default ring may be assigned to each trunk on the device.

An ITSP can tell OBi device which ring to use by name for a call routed to SP1/SP2 by inserting an Alert-Info header in the SIP INVITE sent to the device. The Alert-Info must include a URI. For example:

Alert-Info: http://www.xyz.com/some-folder/bellcore-dr4

When the device receives this, it will look for a ring tone name or call-waiting tone name in the ring profile that matches the Alert-Info URI. Ring tone names are compared case- insensitively. If a match is found, device plays the corresponding ring or call-waiting tone. Otherwise, device plays the default ring.



RTP Statistics – the X-RTP-Stat Header

When ending an established call, OBi device can include a summary of the RTP statistics collected during the call in the SIP BYE request or the 200 response to the SIP BYE request sent by the peer device. The summary is carried in an X-RTP-Stat header in the form of a comma separated list of fields. The reported fields are:

PS=[Number of Packets Sent] PR=[Number of Packets Received] OS=[Number of bytes sent] OR=[Number of bytes received] PL=[Number of packets lost] JI=[Jitter in milliseconds] LA=[Decode latency or jitter buffer size in milliseconds] DU=[Call duration in seconds] EN=[Last Encoder Used] DE=[Last Decoder Used]

For example:

X-RTP-Stat:PS=1234,OS=34560,PR=1236,OR=24720,JI=1,DU=1230,PL=0,EN=G711U, DE=G711U

To enable the X-RTP-Stat feature, the parameter ITSP Profile X – SIP::X_InsertRTPStats must be set to YES (or TRUE).

Media Loopback Service

The OBi supports the media loopback draft as described in *draft-mmusic-media-loopback-13.txt*. The following media loopback features are supported by the OBi device:

- Loopback modes: loopback-source and loopback-mirror
- Loopback types: rtp-media-loopback and rtp-packet-loopback
- Loopback packet formats:: encaprtp, loopbkprimer

When acts as a loopback mirror, OBi device always sends primer packets so that incoming packets can get through NAT/Firewall. The media loopback feature is controlled by the following parameters (under PHONE Port – Calling Features section):

- AcceptMediaLoopback Enable device to accept incoming call that requests media loopback. Default is YES.
- MediaLoopbackAnswerDelay The delay in millis before the OBi answers a media loopback call. Default is 0.
- MediaLoopbackMaxDuration The maximum duration to allow for an incoming media loopback call. Default is 0, which means the duration is unlimited.

Note that the device will reject incoming media loopback call if:

- PHONE port is off hook.
- PHONE port is ringing.
- PHONE port is onhook with a call on hold.

Device will terminate an inbound media loopback call already in progress when:

- PHONE port is off-hook.
- PHONE port is ringing.

To make an outgoing loopback call, user can dial one of the following star codes before dialing the target number:

- *03 Make a Media Loopback Call.
- *04 Make a RTP Packet Loopback Call.

Note that outbound Media Loopback Call is not subjected to call duration limit; it will last until the user hangs up or until the called device ends the call.



ITSP Profile A & B (General & SP Info Settings) Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
General ITSP Settings	luman readable string to identify the profile	
Name	Human-readable string to identify the profile instance. Maximum Length = 127 characters	
	Choose among the following list of signalling	
	protocols for this ITSP: - SIP	
Cianalina Duata anl		CID
SignalingProtocol	- Google Voice	SIP
	Note that Google Voice option is not available on	
	the OBi302	
	Method to pass DTMF digits to peer device. Available choices are:	
	Inband - DTMF tone are sent as inband audio signal	
	RFC2833 - DTMF tone events are relayed per	0t-
DTMFMethod	RFC2833	Auto
	SIPInfo - DTMF tones are relayed with SIP INFO	
	request	
	Auto - Method to use based on call setup	
	negotiation (either Inband or RFC2833 may be	
	negotiated)	
	When relaying DTMF digit events on this trunk	
	using RFC2833, the RFC2833 RTP packets normally	
	will keep streaming for as long as the digit is	
X_UseFixedDurationRFC2833DTMF	pressed. With this option set to TRUE, the device	FALSE
	sends only one RTP digit event packet with a fixed	
	duration of 150 ms regardless how long the digit	
	has been pressed	
	A Digit map to restrict the numbers that be dialed	
DigitMap	or called with this service. See OBi Call Routing and	(1xxxxxxxxx)<1>[2-
Digitiviap	Digit Map Section for a description of digit map	9]xxxxxxxxx 011xx. xx.)
	syntaxes. Maximum Length = 511 characters	
STUNEnable	Enable device to send a STUN binding request for	No
STONEIIable	its RTP port prior to every call	NO
STUNServer	IP address of domain name of the STUN Server to	
STONSErver	use	
X_STUNServerPort	UDP listen port of the STUN Server.	3478
	Enable device to use ICE algorithm to find the best	
X_ICEEnable	peer RTP address to forward RTP traffic for every	No
_	call	
	Enable device to apply symmetric RTP behavior on	
X_SymmetricRTPEnable	every call: That is, send RTP to peer at the address	No
_ /	where incoming RTP packets are received from	
Service Provider Info		
Nama	Human-readable string identifying this service	
Name	provider. Maximum Length = 127 characters	
1101	Website of this service provider. Maximum Length	
URL	= 127 characters	
	Phone number to contact this service provider.	
ContactPhoneNumber	Maximum Length = 31 characters	
	Email address to contact this service provider.	
EmailAddress	Maximum Length = 127 characters.	
	waximum Lengui - 127 characters.	l



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etup Wizard	SIP®		ITSP	Profil	e A
tatus	Parameter Name	Value		Default	
ystem Management	Press Company	192.168.15.105			0
rvice Providers	ProxyServer	15060			0
SP Profile A	ProxyServerPort ProxyServerTransport	UDP	T		0
eneral				V	0
P	RegistrarServer RegistrarServerPort	5060		v	õ
те	UserAgentDomain	5000		V	e
SP Profile B	OutboundProxy				õ
ce Services	OutboundProxyPort	5060			õ
ysical Interfaces	RegistrationPeriod	60			õ
decs	TimerT1	500		V	õ
ne Settings	TimerT2	4000		V	õ
ig Settings	TimerT4	5000		~	õ
	TimerA	500		V	õ
r Codes	TimerB	32000		v	õ
er Settings	TimerD	32000		v	õ
	TimerE	500			0
	TimerF	32000		v V	0
	TimerG	500		v V	0
	TimerH	32000		v V	0
	TimerI	5000		V	õ
	TimerJ	32000		V	õ
	TimerK	5000		V	õ
		60		V	0
	InviteExpires	10		v V	0
	ReInviteExpires	3600			0
	RegisterExpires	15			0
	RegisterMinExpires	30		~	0
	RegisterRetryInterval	26		V	0
	DSCPMark	26			0
	X_SpoofCallerID				0
	X_UseRefer				0
	X_ReferAOR	M		v V	0
	X_Use302ToCallForward				-
	X_UserAgentName	OBIHAI/\${DM}-\${FWV}			0
	X_ProcessDateHeader			2	0
	X_InsertRemotePartyID				0
	X_SessionRefresh	✓			0
	X_AccessList				0
	X_InsertRTPStats			V	0
	X_MWISubscribe				0
	X_MWISubscribeURI				0
	X_MWISubscribeExpires	3600			0
	X_ProxyServerRedundancy				0
	X_SecondaryRegistration				0
	X_CheckPrimaryFallbackInterval	60			0
	X_CheckSecondaryFallbackInterval	60		V	0
	X_ProxyRequire			v	õ
	X_MaxForward	70		V	0
	X_AcceptLanguage			V	õ
	X_DnsSrvAutoPrefix			V	0
	X_DiscoverPublicAddress			۲. ۲	0
	X_DiscoverPublicAddress X_PublicIPAddress			v V	0
				V	0
	X_UseRport	EX.		V	
	Subm	it Clear Changes Use Defaults	Only		
		y OBIHAI Technology, Inc. /			



ITSP SIP Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
ProxyServer	Host name or IP address of the SIP proxy server	
ProxyServerPort	Destination port to connect to the SIP server	5060
ProxyServerTransport	Transport protocol to connect to SIP server. The three	UDP
	choices are UDP, TCP, or TLS	
RegistrarServer	Hostname or IP address of the SIP registrar. If a value is	
	specified, device sends REGISTER to the given server;	
	otherwise REGISTER is sent to ProxyServer	
RegistrarServerPort	Destination port to connect to SIP registrar	5060
RegistrarServerTransport	Transport protocol to connect to registrar. This parameter	UDP
	is reserved for future. The only choice is UDP	
UserAgentDomain	CPE domain string. If empty, device uses ProxyServer as its	
	own domain to form its AOR (Address Of Record) or Public	
	Address when constructing SIP messages (for example, in	
	the FROM header of outbound SIP Requests).	
	Note: If SPx Service:: URI is specified, additional rules	
	applied in forming the AOR. See description of URI	
	parameter for more details and examples	
UserAgentTransport	Transport protocol for incoming call control signalling. This	UDP
	parameter is reserved for future. The only choice is UDP	
OutboundProxy	Host name or IP address of the outbound proxy. Outbound	
	proxying is disabled if this parameter is blank.	
OutboundProxyPort	Destination port to be used in connecting to the outbound	5060
	proxy	
RegistrationPeriod	Nominal interval between device register in seconds	60
TimerT1	Value of SIP timer T1 in ms	500
TimerT2	Value of SIP timer T2 in ms	4000
TimerT4	Value of SIP timer T4 in ms	5000
TimerA	Value of SIP timer A in ms	500
TimerB	Value of SIP timer B in ms	32000
TimerD	Value of SIP timer D in ms	32000
TimerE	Value of SIP timer E in ms	500
TimerF	Value of SIP timer F in ms	32000
TimerG	Value of SIP timer G in ms	500
TimerH	Value of SIP timer H in ms	32000
Timerl	Value of SIP timer I in ms	5000
TimerJ	Value of SIP timer J in ms	32000
TimerK	Value of SIP timer K in ms	5000
InviteExpires	Invite request Expires header value in seconds	60
ReInviteExpires	Re-invite Expires header value in seconds	10
RegisterExpires	Register Expires header value in seconds (not used at the	3600
Negister Expires	moment)	5000
RegistersMinExpires	Register Min-Expires header value in seconds (not used at	15
- 0	the moment)	-
RegisterRetryInterval	Register retry interval in seconds	30
DSCPMark	Diffserv code outgoing SIP packets	0
VLANIDMark	VLAN ID for outgoing SIP signalling packets	0
EthernetPriorityMark	Ethernet priority code for outgoing SIP signalling packets	3
X_SpoofCallerID	Allow outbound Caller ID spoofing. If set to Yes, device will	No
	attempt to set the caller-id name and userid field in the	
	FROM header to that of a remote caller in the case of a	



	bridged call (from another trunk, such as PSTN Line or	
	another SP Service).	
	Otherwise, device always its own account information to	
	form the FROM header.	
	Note that most service provider will not allow originating a	
	call if the FROM header field does not match the account	
	credentials. Enable this option only if you are sure that the	
	service provider allows it, e.g. an IP PBX may allow it.	
X_UseRefer	Enable the use of SIP REFER for call transfer. If disabled,	No
	device will bridge the call instead when performing a call	_
	transfer (which consume some resources on the device)	
X_ReferAOR	Enable the use the target's AOR (Address of Record or	Yes
X_RETERMIN	public address) in Refer-To header of SIP REFER. If disabled,	103
	the target's Contact will be used instead	
V Lies 202Te CellEe muand		No.
X_Use302ToCallForward	Enable the use of 302 response to INVITE for call forward. If	Yes
	disabled, device will bridge the call legs instead when	
	forwarding a call (and will consume some resources on the	
	device)	
X_UserAgentName	If a value is specified, device includes a User-Agent header	OBIHAI/\${DM}-\${FWV}
	in all SIP Requests, or a Server header in all SIP responses,	
	that contains exactly the given value	
X_ProcessDateHeader	Enable the device to decode the DATE header sent by the	Yes
	ITSP in a 200 response to its REGISTER. The DATE header	
	specifies the current GMT time and the device can use to	
	adjust its local time and date without relying on NTP	
X_InsertRemotePartyID	Enable the device to include a Remote-Party-ID header in	Yes
	its outbound SIP INVITE to indicate to the ITSP the caller's	
	preferred privacy setting (either full or none)	
X_SessionRefresh	Enable session refresh signalling (with SIP Re-INVITE) during	Yes
-	a connected call. This allows the OBi to detect if the	
	connection with the peer is broken abnormally so it can	
	release the call. Disable this option if the ITSP does not	
	support Re-INVITE sent from the client device.	
X_AccessList	A comma separated list of IP addresses such that the device	
<u>A_Accessence</u>	only accepts SIP requests coming from one of the given	
	addresses. If the list is empty, the device accepts SIP	
	requests from any IP address	
X_InsertRTPStats	Enable the device to include a X-RTP-Stat header in a BYE	Yes
A_INSELICIPSIALS	request or 200 response to BYE request at the end of an	res
	established call. This header contains a summary of RTP	
	statistics collected during the call.	
X_MWISubscribe	Enable this option to have the device SUBSCRIBE to the	No
	message-summary event package to support MWI and	
	VMWI service.	
	Note that device handles NOTIFY of this event package	
	regardless MWISubscribe is enabled or not	
X_MWISubscribeURI	Blank implies to use the same URL as REGISTER for the TO	
	and FROM header as well as the Request-URI	
	Otherwise, if the URI does not contain '@', it is user as the	
	userid field in TO/FROM header as well as the Request-URI,	
	which are otherwise same as REGISTER	



	If the URI contains '@', it is used in the TO and FROM header as well as the Request-URI as is	
	Note that OBi device forms the Request-URI of SUBSCRIBE the same way as the TO header, with an additional port number	
X_MWISubscribeExpires	X_MWISubscribeExpires: periodic interval to renew SUBSCRIBE (default 3600s)	3600
X_ProxyServerRedundancy	Enable proxy redundancy feature on the device. To use this feature, device registration must be enabled and the SIP Registration Server or Outbound Proxy Server must be configured as a domain name	No
X_SecondaryRegistration	Enable device to register with a secondary server in addition to the primary server. X_ProxyServerRedundancy must be enabled for this parameter to take effect	No
X_CheckPrimaryFallbackInterval	Interval in seconds at which the device should check the primary fallback list of candidate servers	60
X_CheckSecondaryFallbackInterval	Interval in seconds at which the device should check the secondary fallback list of candidate servers	60
X_ProxyRequire	If this parameter is not blank, OBi will include a Proxy- Require header stating the value of this parameter in all SIP requests sent to the ITSP	
X_MaxForward	Value for the Max-Forward header in all SIP requests sent by the OBi	70
X_AcceptLanguage	If this parameter is not blank, OBi will include an Accept- Language header stating the value of this parameter in all SIP requests sent to the ITSP.	
X_DnsSrvAutoPrefix	Enable this option to let OBi automatically prepend a standard prefix to the domain name when querying DNS Server to resolve the ProxyServer or OutboundProxy name as a SRV record. The standard prefix is _sipudp. for SIP over UDP, _siptcp. For SIP over TCP, and _siptls. for SIP over TLS.	No
X_Support100rel ³	Enable this option to turn on the support for RFC3262 (reliable provisional SIP responses). If enabled, OBi will announce this support in a SIP Supported header, and will require a caller to use this option if the caller also supports this feature.	No
X_DiscoverPublicAddress	Enable this option to let the OBi use the public IP address and port it has discovered as its SIP Contact address	Yes
X_PublicIPAddress	A static public IPv4 address, if specified, will be used by the OBi to form its SIP Contact address	
X_UseRport	Enable this option to let the OBi insert a blank rport parameter in the VIA header our outbound SIP messages. This option should be turned off if you are using port forwarding on the external router to route inbound SIP messages to the OBi	Yes

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ This feature is available on the OBi202, OBi302 only

OBIHAI technology, inc.				[User Logir	Reboo
Setup Wizard	RTP®		ITSP	Profil	e A	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default		Curren
System Management	LocalPortMin	16600			0	
Service Providers	LocalPortMax	16798		V	0	
ITSP Profile A	KeepAliveInterval	0		V	0	
General	DSCPMark	46		V	0	
SIP	X_UseSSL			V	0	
RTP ITSP Profile B		Submit Clear Changes Use Defaults Only				
Voice Services						
Physical Interfaces						
Codecs	Convright	(C) 2010 by OBIHAI Technology, Inc. All Rights	Beconvod			
Tone Settings	Copyright	(C) 2010 by OBINAL TECHNOLOgy, INC. All Rights	a Reserveu.			
Ring Settings						
Star Codes						

ITSP RTP Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
LocalPortMin	Base of port range for tx/rx RTP with this SP	16600
LocalPortMax	Top of port range for tx/rx RTP with this SP	16798
KeepAliveInterval	Interval in seconds between sending keep alive	0
	packet on an RTP channel that is currently in idle (due	
	to call hold for instance). RTP keepalive is disabled if	
	the value of this parameter is set to 0.	
DSCPMark ∞	Diffserv code for outgoing RTP packets with this SP	0
X_UseSSL	Enable this option to force OBi to send RTP over a SSL	No
	channel when the ITSP is Google Voice	



Google Voice™ Service

OBi device includes a native implementation of the Google Talk[™] (XMPP) protocol that allows the user to use the Google Voice[™] communications service as the SP1 or SP2 service (not available on OBi302). To enable Google Voice as the SP1 or SP2 service, set the underlying ITSP Profile's General::Protocol parameter to "Google Voice" (the default value of this parameter is "SIP"). Both SP1 and SP2 can be enabled for Google Voice, with a different account on each service.

Google Voice offers a call screening feature such that you must press digit 1 before answering an incoming GV call. OBi device can be setup to automatically do that for you when you pick up the phone. To enable this feature on the device, set the X_SkipCallScreening parameter to YES (default is NO) (on the device web page, under the SP1/SP2 Service – CallingFeatures section).

Please note that the codec is limited to G711u only for all calls.

When Google Voice is selected as the protocol, all the other ITSP Profile parameters are ignored except the DigitMap parameter. The following SP1/SP2 Service parameters are also ignored:

- X_Codec_Profile, X_RegisterEnable, X_UserAgentPort, X_SipDebugOption
- X_KeepAliveEnable, X_KeepAliveExpires, X_KeepAliveServer, X_KeepAliveServerPort, X_KeepAliveMsgType
- URI, MaxSessions, X_AcceptDialogSubscription, X_AcceptLinePortStatusSubscription

Starting with firwmare release 1.2, the following features are supported:

- MWI (Message Waiting Indication) and VMWI (Visual Message Waiting Indication) for Google Voicemail.
- Non-Gmail domain in account name for Google Voice Communications Service.
- Accept DTMF input from a Google Talk client entered by the user as text messages (only 0 9, *, and # will be recognized by the device).
- Accept the setting of the parameter ITSP Profile A/B General::DTMFMethod. The value can be either InBand or RFC2833. Other values will be reverted to RFC2933. Default is RFC2833.
- Voice Service Features of the OBi Device.



SP1, SP2, SP3, and SP4 Services

_. _ _ _. ..._ Parameter Name Value Default 1 Enable A X_ServProvProfile • А X_RingProfile • X_CodecProfile Α • {>snos108:an(0)},{108>:sp1},{>108:sp1(108@local_c X_InboundCallRoute V X_RegisterEnable 7 X_KeepAliveEnable 15 1 X_KeepAliveExpires 1 X_KeepAliveServer V 5060 X_KeepAliveServerPort 1 X_KeepAliveMsgType keep-alive 5060 1 X_UserAgentPort 1 DirectoryNumber X_DefaultRing 1 1 -1 X_CallOnHoldRing 8 -X_RepeatDialRing 5 1 _ V 4 X_BargeInRing _ 1 X_CallParkedRing 10 _ V Disable X_SipDebugOption _ 1 X_SipDebugExclusion V X_SatelliteMode V X_Proxy X_ProxyClientConfig mac="ccef485a52a2" model="Cisco/SPA303" dm="([

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SIP Credentials®

Parameter Name	Value		Defau	ult
AuthUserName	108			0
AuthPassword				0
URI			V	0
canny i catarese				
Parameter Name	Value		Default	t i
CallerIDName	Sherman			0
MaxSessions	4			2
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable			1	8
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber			1	8
CallForwardOnBusyEnable			1	0
CallForwardOnBusyNumber			1	2
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable			1	0
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber			1	2
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	2		V	0
MWIEnable				0
MWIEnable2				0
X_VMWIEnable				2
X_VMWIEnable2				0
MessageWaiting				2
AnonymousCallBlockEnable			1	0
AnonymousCallEnable			1	0
DoNotDisturbEnable			1	0
X_BridgedOutboundCallMaxDuration			1	0
X_AcceptDialogSubscription			1	0
X_SkipCallScreening	1		1	2
X_SRTP	Disable SRTP	_	1	•



technology, inc.				L	Jser Login	R
Setup Wizard	SP1 Service®		S	P1 Sei	rvice	Conf
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Defau	ılt	Curre
Router Configuration	Enable				0	
OBiWiFi Configuration	X_ServProvProfile	A	•		0	
WiFi Settings	X_BingProfile	A	•		0	
WiFi Scan	X CodecProfile	A	•		0	
System Management	X InboundCallRoute	{pk(park7*;s=2;d=12)},{(x.408	6578044);pk(tovm)}.{		0	
Service Providers	X_RegisterEnable				0	
Voice Services	X KeepAliveEnable			✓	0	
SP1 Service	X_KeepAliveExpires	15		 Image: A second s	0	
SP2 Service	X_KeepAliveServer			V	0	
SP3 Service	X_KeepAliveServerPort	5060		 Image: A second s	0	
SP4 Service	X_KeepAliveMsgType	keep-alive	•	V	0	
OBITALK Service	X_UserAgentPort	5060		V	0	
Auto Attendant	DirectoryNumber			V	0	
Gateways and Trunk Groups	X_DefaultRing	1	•	 Image: A second s	0	
OBIPLUS Service	X_CallOnHoldRing	8	•	V	0	
OBiBlueTooth	X_RepeatDialRing	5	•	 Image: A second s	0	
Physical Interfaces	X_BargeInRing	4	•	\checkmark	0	
Codecs	X_CallParkedRing	10	•	 Image: A second s	0	
Tone Settings	X_SipDebugOption	Disable	•	V	0	
Ring Settings	X_SipDebugExclusion			v	0	
Star Codes	X_SatelliteMode			v	0	
Star Code Profile A	X_Proxy			v	0	
Star Code Profile B	X_ProxyClientConfig			\checkmark	0	
User Settings External USB Storage	SIP Credentials®			- (
	Parameter Name	Value		Defau		
	AuthUserName	sam.k.sin			0	
	AuthPassword	•••••			0	
	URI				0	

Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
SP"x" Service		
Enable	Enable this line	Yes
X_ServProvProfile	Select a Service Provider Profile for this service. Choices are A, or B	A
X_RingProfile	Select a Ring Profile to ring the PHONE port with for incoming calls on this service that are routed to the PHONE port. The ringing pattern will be taken from the given profile. Choices are A, or B	A
X_CodecProfile	Select a Codec Profile for all calls on this service. Choices are A, or B	A



X_InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for directing incoming calls on this service. The default rule is to send all incoming calls to the PHONE port (ph). See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes for specifying this parameter	ph
X_RegisterEnable	Enable registration for this line. If set to YES, device sends periodic SIP REGISTER to the service provider according to the settings in the ITSP Profile. Otherwise, device does not send any SIP REGISTER for the service	Yes
X_KeepAliveEnable	Enable sending keep alive message. If set to YES, device sends periodic keep-alive messages to the destination specified in X_KeepAliveServer and X_KeepAliveServerPort, at the interval specified in X_KeepAliveExpires. The content of this message is the ASCII string "keep-alive\r\n"	No
X_KeepAliveExpires	Keep alive period in seconds	15
X_KeepAliveServer	Hostname or IP address of keep alive server	
X_KeepAliveServerPort	UDP port of the keep alive server	5060
X_KeepAliveMsgType	 The type of keep alive messages to send out periodically if keep-alive is enabled. It can be one of the following choices: keep-alive: The string "keep-alive" empty: A blank line stun: A standard STUN binding request; device will use the binding response to form its contact address for REGISTRATION 	keep-alive
X_UserAgentPort	UDP port where the device sends and listens for SIP messages	5060
DirectoryNumber	Directory number associated with this service	
X_DefaultRing	Default ring pattern number to ring the PHONE port for incoming calls on this trunk that are routed to the PHONE port according to the InboundCallRoute of this service. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are 1-10	1
X_CallOnHoldRing	Pattern to ring PHONE port when holding a call on this trunk that has been connected to the PHONE port. Typically this is a very short distinctive ring pattern that serves as a reminder to the user that a call is being on hold. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are: NO Ring, or 1-10	8
X_RepeatDialRing	The ring pattern number to use to ring the PHONE port when a repeat dial operation on this trunk is successful as the called party is either ringing or answered	5
X_BargeInRing	Call Waiting Ring pattern to ring the PHONE port when the incoming call is requesting to barge-in. This is applicable in a call-waiting scenario on the PHONE port	4
X_CallParkedRing	Ring pattern to ring the PHONE port only as a reminder that there are some calls parked in the parking lot. This feature is applicable only in an OBiPLUS solution.	10
X_SIPDebugOption	Enable sending of SIP signaling debug information to the syslog server (if one is configured on the device). Available choices are: Disable (do not send SIP signaling debug information)	Disable



	Log All Messages	
	Log All Except REGISTER Messages	
X_SipDebugExclusion	(Available on OBi202 and OBi302 only)	
··_•·b = ••• •8=//•/•••		
	A list of SIP methods to exclude from the syslog for this SP	
	service. For example: notify, subscribe	
X_SatelliteMode	Enable satellite mode on this trunk. In this mode, the user must	No
_	explicitly sign on (using * code) to receive phone calls on this	
	trunk. The SIP REGISTER sent by the OBi to the ITSP on this trunk	
	will indicate if the user wants to sign on (and therefore takes	
	over the incoming calls for this account). This feature is only	
	applicable if the service is provided by an OBiPLUS system	
X_Proxy	(Available on OBi202 and OBi303 only).	No
	Enable proxy mode operation on this SP service. If enabled, the	
	SP will accept SIP Registration from one client device from the	
	LAN side, which must be using the same user-id and password as	
	this SP's AuthUserName and AuthPassword parameters, for	
	authentication. The client device, known as the <i>local client</i> , may	
	send SIP INVITE to the OBi at this SP to make calls; this SP's	
	InboundCallRoute must be set up with the proper routing rule to	
	handle calls from the local_client.	
	The SID Drowy Server personator on the local client should be set	
	The SIP Proxy Server parameter on the local_client should be set to:	
	<pre><obi-number>.pnn.obihai.com:<sp-user-agent-port></sp-user-agent-port></obi-number></pre>	
	where <obi-number> is the 9-digit OBi number of this device,</obi-number>	
	<sp-user-agent-port> this SP's X_UserAgentPort parameter.</sp-user-agent-port>	
	For example, SP1 has a local_client with the userid 4086578118	
	and the client wants to make and receive calls using SP3 which is	
	set up for Google Voice. The SP1 InboundCallRoute shall include	
	the following rule:	
	{4086578118>:sp3}	
	The SP3 InboundCallRoute shall be:	
	{sp1(408657118@local_client)}	
X_ProxyClientConfig	(Available on OBi202 and OBi302 only)	
	A list of IP phone attributes separated by a space or newline	
	character for provisioning an IP Phone with the given MAC	
	address and model number. Each attribute has the syntax	
	<attribute-name>="<attribute-value>"</attribute-value></attribute-name>	
	with no white space before and after the '=' sign. Every character	
	within the pair of double quotes is taken as the attribute's value.	
	The following attributes are supported:	
	- mac: Required. The MAC address of the IP Phone in 12-hex-	
	digit format, such as "008e3c123456"	
	- model: Required. The make/model of the phone, such as	
	"Cisco/SPA504G"	



- ext: Required. The extension number assigned to the phone,	
such as "104". The account will be installed on Ext 1 of the	
phone	
- dm: Optional. The dial plan on Ext 1 of the phone, such	
as"([1-5]xx [67][0-9*][0-9*] 9,1 xxx xxx xxxx 9,011	
xx. 8,<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx 8,1 xxx xxx xxxx 8,011 xx.)"	
- mohs: Optional. The extension number of the MOH Server,	
such as "69*"	
- bn: Optional. A function button to be configured with the	
attributes that follow. Valid values are "1", "2", up to the	
maximum number of programmable function buttons on	
that phone model. Sidecar buttons are numbered the same	
way with 100 added to the button number, such as "101",	
'102",, "132 (there are 32 buttons per sidecar). A bn	
attribute is followed by one or more of the <i>fn</i> , <i>va</i> , and <i>la</i>	
attributes. The end of a <i>bn</i> section is marked by another <i>bn</i>	
attribute. You must insert a <i>bn=</i> "0" attribute after the last	
button	
- fn: Required. A code that represents the function served by	
the current button. This attribute must be located	
somewhere between two <i>bn</i> attributes. The following codes	
are defined:	
• "Ext 1": A line key for calls on phone's Ext 1 account	
• "Speed Dial": A speed dial. Requires a <i>va</i> attribute	
with the target number as the value	
 "BLF": Classic BLF. Requires a va attribute with the extension number to monitor as the value 	
• "Send To Leave VM": Blind transfer the current	
active call to leave voicemail. Requires a va	
attribute with the target mailbox ID, such as "00",	
"01",, as the value	
 "Send To Park": Blind transfer the current call to a 	
parking lot partition. Requires a <i>va</i> attribute with	
the parking lot partition mask, such as "0*", "1*",	
"**", as the value	
 "Monitor VM": Monitor if new voicemail available 	
in a mailbox. Requires a <i>va</i> attribute with the target	
mailbox ID, such as "00", "01", as the value	
 "Monitor Park": Monitor a parking lot partition. 	
Requires a <i>va</i> attribute with the target parking lot	
partition mask, such as "0*", "1*", "**", as the	
value	
 "Monitor Night Mode": Monitor the system's 	
day/night mode status. No <i>va</i> attribute required.	
 "Auto Night Mode": Monitor if the system's auto 	
day/night mode switching feature is active. No <i>va</i>	
attribute required	
 "Sign On/Off": Let user sign on/off an extension. 	
Requires a <i>va</i> attribute with the extension number	
to sign on/off as the value, such as "101"	
must be located somewhere between two <i>bn</i> attributes	
- la: Optional. If present, it must be somewhere between two	
bn attributes. A string label to display on the phone screen	
next to the current function key. For example "\$USER",	



	 "Park", "Night". It should be no longer than 7 characters due to space limitation. This attribute does not apply for a sidecar button Note: Other than "Ext 1" and the generic "Speed Dial" function, all the other button functions are only applicable if the service installed on this SP is from an OBiPLUS system. This parameter is useful only if the X_Proxy parameter is enabled. In that case, the OBi will provide a configuration file based on the attributes given in this parameter, upon request from an IP phone with the matching MAC address. The IP phone must be installed on the LAN side of the OBi and must be one of the following make/model: Cisco/SPA504G Cisco/SPA508G Cisco/SPA509G 	
SP"x" SIP Credentials		
AuthUserName	The User ID to authenticate to a SIP UAS (User Agent Server) when an outbound SIP request sent by the device is challenged by the UAS with a 401 or 407 Response	
AuthPassword	The Password (corresponding to AuthUserName) to authenticate to a SIP UAS (User Agent Server) when an outbound SIP request sent by the device is challenged by the UAS with a 401 or 407 Response	
URI	 This parameter affects the way the AOR is formed by the device in outbound SIP Requests. The AOR has the format: user@domain. If the value of URI is empty, device gets the user portion of its AOR from the AuthUserName, and the domain portion the value of ITSP Profile's UserAgentDomain if it is not empty, or that of the ProxyServer otherwise. If the value URI is not empty and does not contain "@", it is used as the user portion of the AOR while the domain portion is formed the usual way. If the value of URI contains "@', it is interpreted as a full AOR and device takes it as the AOR as is. Some Examples: Let ProxyServer = <i>sip.myitsp.com</i>, AuthUserName = 4089991123, URI=[empty], UserAgentDomain=[empty], then AOR = 4089991123@sip.myitsp.com Change URI to bobdylan, then AOR = <u>bobdylan@superusers.myitsp.com</u>, then AOR = <u>bobdylan@superusers.myitsp.com</u> Change URI to <u>bobdylan@superusers.myitsp.com</u>, then AOR = <u>bobdylan@superusers.myitsp.com</u> 	



	AuthUserPassword to compute authorization if challenged by a	
	401 or 407 response.	
SP"x" Calling Features CallerIDName	Display name to identify the sylpassible. The display name field is	
CalleriDName	Display name to identify the subscriber. The display name field is usually inserted in a FROM header in outbound SIP requests	
	· · ·	
	(such as INVITE) for the purpose of displaying a Caller ID Name	
	on the recipient's device.	
MaxSessions	The maximum number of simultaneous calls that may be established on this service	2
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable		No
CaliforwardUnconditionalEnable	Enable call forwarding of all calls unconditionally by the device. If	No
	CallForwardUnconditionalNumber is blank, this parameter is	
	treated as if it has been set to No.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service	
	unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is	No
	busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is	
	treated as if it has been set to No. Device is considered busy if	
	one of the following conditions holds:	
	This service already reaches the limit of simultaneous calls as	
	specified in MaxSessions	
	DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service	
	If the call is routed to the PHONE port where the phone is in a	
	busy state (such as ringing, dialing, playing reorder, or already	
	having 2 calls in progress)	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service	
	when the device is busy. Maximum Length is 127 characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the call is not	No
	answered after a period as specified in	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount. If	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber is blank, this paramete is	
	treated as if it has been set to No.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls when the call is	
	not answered after a period specified in	
	CallForwardNoAnswerRingCount	
	-	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	
	phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	Number of rings to be considered by the device as no answer to	2
	an incoming call.	



MWIEnable	Note: 1 ring is approximately 6s Enable Message Waiting Indication Service for this service. If enabled, device plays stutter dial tone on the PHONE port (or PHONE1 port) when there are new messages for the subscriber. It will also turn on VMWI signal on the PHONE port (or PHONE1 ort) if X_VMWIEnable is set to Yes	No
MWIEnable2 ³	Enable Message Waiting Indication Service for this service. If enabled, device plays stutter dial tone on the PHONE2 port when there are new messages for the subscriber. It will also turn on VMWI signal on the PHONE2 port if X_VMWIEnable is set to Yes	No
X_VMWIEnable	Enable Visual Message Waiting Indication for this service for the PHONE port (or PHONE1 port)	No
X_VMWIEnable2 ³	Enable Visual Message Waiting Indication for this service for the PHONE2 port	No
MessageWaiting	This is a state rather than a configuration parameter, that indicates if there are any new messages for this subscriber on the service provider's voicemail system	No
AnonymousCallBlockEnable	Enable blocking of Anonymous Calls on this service. Anonymous calls are rejected with a SIP 486 (Busy) response and Call Forward On Busy service is not applied. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the	No
AnonymousCallEnable	phone using a Star Code Enable masking of Caller-ID information for all outgoing calls. If	No
	enabled, the called party should perceive the call as coming from an anonymous caller. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
DoNotDisturbEnable	Enable Do Not Disturb Service. If enabled, all incoming calls on this service are treated as if the device is busy. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	No
X_BridgedOutboundCallMaxDuration	Limit on the call duration in seconds for all outbound calls that are bridged from the same or another trunk. A blank or 0 value implies the call duration is not limited.	
X_AcceptDialogSubscription	Enable the device to accept SUBSCRIBE to this trunk's dialog event package	FALSE
X_AcceptLinePortStatusSubscription	Enable the device to accept SUBSCRIBE to the LINE port status	FALSE
X_SkipCallScreening	Enable the device to automatically skip call screening when the underlying ITSP is Google Voice	FALSE
X_SRTP	 This is a drop down list with 3 choices: Disable SRTP = Do not use SRTP for all calls; the call will fail if the peer insists on using SRTP only Use SRTP Only = Require all calls to use SRTP; the call will fail if the peer does not support SRTP Use SRTP When Possible = Use SRTP for a call if the peer supports SRTP; otherwise fallback to use regular unencrypted SRTP 	Disable SRTP



Using SPn as a Proxy for a SIP IP Phone

(Available on OBi202 and OBi302 only)

An SP service may be set up as a proxy for a legacy IP phone, to let the phone access OBiTALK, OBiBlueTooth, OBiPLUS (on SP*n*), or Google Voice service (on SP*n*) installed on the OBi. This proxy mode of operation must be explicitly enabled in the SP 's configuration on the OBi; it is disabled by default. The IP phone using this proxy service is known as the *local_client* of the SP service. It must be installed on the LAN side of the OBi device.

In this mode, SP*n* will accept SIP Registration from the client device from the LAN side, which must be using the same userid and password as this SP*n*'s AuthUserName and AuthPassword parameters, for authentication. This client device may also send SIP INVITE to the OBi at this SP to make calls; this SP's InboundCallRoute must be setup with the proper routing rule to handle calls from the local_client.

The SIP Proxy Server parameter on the client device must be sent to:

<obi-number>.pnn.obihai.com:<spn-user-agent-port>

where <obi-number> is the 9-digit OBi number of this device, and <spn-user-agent-port> SPn's X_UserAgentPort parameter.

For example, SP1 has a local_client with the user-id 4086578118. The client wishes to make and receive calls on SP3 which has been set up with Google Voice. The SP1 InboundCallRoute shall include the following rule:

{4086578118>:sp3}

The SP3 InboundCallRoute shall be: {sp1(408657118@local_client)}



OBiTALK Service Settings

OBi110 - Mozilla Firefox	and the second					
le <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory	<u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					
O OBi110	+					
	Less Less Less Less Less Less Less Less					
ODILIAI						
OBIHAI technology, inc.						
					User Logi	Rebo
			ORITA	LK Se	avico	
Setup Wizard	OBiTALK Service Settings®		OBITA	ALK Se	vice	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Defau	lt	Current
System Management	Enable	7			0	
Service Providers	LocalPort			V V	0	
Voice Services	DisplayName	10000		V	0	
SP1 Service	DigitMap	(<ob>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>></ob>		V	0	
SP2 Service	InboundCallRoute	(<05>00000000000000000000000000000000000		V	õ	
OBITALK Service	RingProfile	A		v	0	
Auto Attendant	CodecProfile	A		V	0	
Gateways and Trunk	DefaultRing	2		V	0	
oups		8		V	0	
Physical Interfaces	RepeatDialRing	4		V	0	
Codecs	DTMFMethod	Auto		V	0	
Tone Settings	UseFixedDurationRFC2833DTMF			V	0	
Ring Settings						
Star Codes	Calling Features®					
User Settings		Value		- (
User Jeurigs	Parameter Name	value		Defau	π	
	CallForwardUnconditionalEnable				0	
	CallForwardUnconditionalNumber				0	
	CallForwardOnBusyEnable				0	
	CallForwardOnBusyNumber			V	0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable				0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber			V	0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	2		V	0	
	MaxSessions	2		 ✓ 	0	
	AnonymousCallBlockEnable AnonymousCallEnable			V V	0	
				v		

OBiTALK Service Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Enable	Enable the OBiTALK Service (the built-in free voice service that comes with every OBi Device)	Yes
LocalPort	The UDP or TCP port used by device to send and listens for OBiTALK messages	10000
DisplayName	Display name to identify the subscriber, for the purpose of displaying a Caller ID Name on the recipient's device	
DigitMap	Digit map to restrict numbers that can be dialed or called with this service. See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit</i> <i>Map Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes for specifying a Digit Map.	(<ob>xxxxxxxxx obxxxxxxxx)</ob>
InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for directing incoming calls on this service. The default rule is to send all incoming calls to the PHONE port (ph). See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit Map</i> <i>Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes for specifying this parameter	ph
RingProfile	Select a Ring Profile to ring the PHONE port with when an incoming call is routed to the PHONE port. Choices are A, or B	A
CodecProfile	Select a Codec Profile to be used for all calls on this service. Choices are A, or B.	A
DefaultRing	Default ring pattern number to ring the PHONE port for incoming calls on this trunk that are routed to the	2



	PHONE port according to the InboundCallRoute of this	
	service. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring	
	Profile. Valid choices are 1-10	
CallOnHoldRing	Pattern to ring PHONE port when holding a call on this	8
callothiolaning	trunk that has been connected to the PHONE port.	8
	Typically this is a very short distinctive ring pattern that	
	serves as a reminder to the user that a call is being on	
	hold. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring	
	Profile. Valid choices are: NO Ring, or 1-10	
RepeatDialRing	The ring pattern number to use to ring the PHONE port	4
	when a repeat dial operation on this trunk is successful	
	as the called party is either ringing or answered	
DTMFMethod	Method to pass DTMF digits to peer device. Available	AUTO
	choices are:	
	Inband - DTMF tone are sent as inband audio signal	
	RFC2833 - DTMF tone events are relayed per RFC2833	
	SIPInfo - DTMF tones are relayed with SIP INFO request	
	Auto - Method to use based on call setup negotiation	
	(either Inband or RFC2833 may be negotiated)	
UseFixedDurationRFC2833DTMF	When relaying DTMF digit events on this trunk using	FALSE
	RFC2833, the RFC2833 RTP packets normally will keep	
	streaming for as long as the digit is pressed. With this	
	option set to TRUE, the device sends only one RTP digit	
	event packet with a fixed duration of 150 ms regardless	
	how long the digit has been pressed	
	now long the digit has been plessed	

OBiTALK Calling Features Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable	Enable call forwarding of all calls unconditionally by the device. If CallForwardUnconditionalNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> .	No
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: This service already reaches the limit of simultaneous calls as specified in MaxSessions DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service If the call is routed to the PHONE port where the phone is in a busy state (such as ringing, dialing, playing reorder, or already having 2 calls in progress)	No
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	



	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this	
	service when the device is busy. Maximum Length is 127	
	characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the call	No
	is not answered after a period as specified in	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount. If	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber is blank, this	
	parameter is treated as if it has been set to No.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls when the	
	call is not answered after a period specified in	
	CallForwardNoAnswerRingCount	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	Number of rings to be considered by the device as no	2
-	answer to an incoming call.	
	Note: 1 ring is approximately 6s	
MaxSessions	The maximum number of simultaneous calls that may be	2
	established on this service	
AnonymousCallBlockEnable	Enable blocking of Anonymous Calls on this service.	No
	Anonymous calls are rejected with a SIP 486 (Busy)	
	response and Call Forward On Busy service is not	
	applied.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
AnonymousCallEnable	Enable masking of Caller-ID information for all outgoing	No
	calls. If enabled, the called party should perceive the call	
	as coming from an anonymous caller.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
DoNotDisturbEnable	Enable Do Not Disturb Service. If enabled, all incoming	No
	calls on this service are treated as if the device is busy.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	



Inbound Direct Dialing Authentication

Parameter Name	Value	Default	
AuthMethod	HTTP Digest	V	0
AuthUserID1		V	2
AuthPassword1		V	0
AuthUserID2		V	2
AuthPassword2	•••••	V	0
AuthUserID3		V	2
AuthPassword3	•••••	V	0
AuthUserID4		V	2
AuthPassword4		V	0

OBiTALK Inbound Direct Dialing Authentication Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
AuthMethod	The OBiTALK protocol allows incoming calls to indicate a target number that is different from this device's OBi number. The device in that case will attempt to establish and bridge the call to the target number according to the rules configured in the trunk's InboundCallRoute parameter. Hence this device acts as a gateway and the method is referred to direct dialing or 1-stage dialing (versus 2-stage dialing via the Auto-Attendant). Since the caller is not able to enter a PIN in such cases, an automated method based on signalling protocol must be used to authenticate the caller if authentication is required. OBi device offers the following choices for this purpose: None = Disable authentication Password pairs. Note that at least one of AuthPasswordx (x=1,2,3,4) must be specified, otherwise authentication is disabled.	HTTP Digest
AuthUserID1	One of 4 user IDs for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthPassword1	One of 4 passwords for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthUserID2	One of 4 user IDs for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthPassword2	One of 4 passwords for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthUserID3	One of 4 user IDs for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthPassword3	One of 4 passwords for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthUserID4	One of 4 user IDs for authenticating direct dialing callers	
AuthPassword4	One of 4 passwords for authenticating direct dialing callers	

Note: If AuthPassword is specified, AuthUserID may be set to blank to let the device use the default value which is a special hash of the AuthPassword. This is only applicable if the external gateway is also an OBi device that understands how to generate the default AuthUserID using the same hash function.



Auto Attendant Service

Automated Attendant

The OBi call processing Auto Attendant (AA) invoked by including "aa" in the inbound call routing rule associated the interface on the OBi processing an incoming call. When connecting to the AA in this manner, there are two options at present.

Note: At present an OBi device supports only 1 session of AA at a time. Additional calls routed to the AA while a session is in progress will be rejected by the AA as busy.

AA Callback Service

The OBi offers two methods for the AA to call you back at a number that you picked (or designated by the admin of the OBi device).

The first method is by statically configuring a trunk's InboundCallRoute. A rule can be added to the InboundCallRoute parameter to have the AA call back the caller's or any other number, if the caller hangs up before the AA answers. The rule should indicate that "aa(*callback-number*)" is the target destination of the call, where *callback-number* is the number that the AA should call back if the caller hangs up before the AA answers the call. For example, the following rule

{(<**1>(14089913313|12121559801)):aa(\$1)}

says that: if 14089913313 or 12121559801 calls, the call is routed to AA. If caller hangs up before the AA answers, AA calls the number represented by \$1. Recall that \$1 is expanded into the caller number after processing by the digit map on the left side of the colon. In this case it is the caller's number prepended by **1. The **1 is required for outbound call routing when AA calls back; here it indicates SP1 is to be used for calling back (assuming default value of the AA OutboundCallRoute parameter)

The parameter AA Service::CallbackAnswerDelay controls the number of milliseconds before AA answers when a callback number is specified as shown in the example. The default value is 10000 ms (10 seconds). Without the (*callback-number*) argument, the AA behaves the normal way and the answer delay is governed by the parameter AA Service::AnswerDelay.

The second method is by selecting AA option 3 to "Enter a callback number" after the AA answers the call. The caller can explicitly enter the number to be called back by the AA. If a valid number is entered, AA says "Thank You" and "Goodbye", and then will start calling back 2 seconds after the current call has ended. If number entered is invalid, AA plays SIT tone followed by an error message. Note that the variable \$1 (representing the caller's number) is carried over to the subsequent AA callback call. The AA DigitMap can include \$1 to be used in a callback context. For example, the following rule in the AA DigitMap

(<00:**1\$1>|...)

says that if the AA dials 00, the device will transforms it into the caller's number prepended by ****1**. In other words, if the caller wants the AA to callback the current number (typically the case), he can simple enter 00# after selecting option 3 on the AA menu. Note that \$1 can only be used as part of a substitution element in the digit map; it must not be used for matching elements since its value is unknown.



Automated Attendant:

IVR Announcement Number	Attendant Announcement	What Happens Next:
1	Press 1 to continue this call.	When accessed from the OBiTalk,
2	Press 2 to make a new call.	If "UsePIN" authentication is enabled and the user enters a matching PIN, the OBi Attendant will immediately prompt the user to enter number followed by the pound (#) key. If the entered PIN is not a match, the Attendant will give the user two additional attempts to enter the PIN. If the third attempt does not match, the Attendant will announce a thank you message and disconnect the call.
3	Press 3 to enter a callback number.	If a valid number is entered, AA says "Thank you" and "Goodbye", hangs up, and then callback the number in 2s. It the given number is invalid, AA plays SIT tone followed by an error message. Tips: Caller can simply dial 00# to have the AA call back his current number.

User Recorded Prompts

The OBi supports 10 user recordable prompts which are referred to as the *User1* to *User10* prompt, respectively. See the section *Telephone-IVR-Based Local Configuration* on how they can be recorded, or the section *Customized AA Prompts Backup & Restore* on how they can be duplicated from one device onto another device.

Customizing AA Prompt Lists

AA does not play individual user prompts directly. Instead it plays a comma separated list of prompt elements, known as a *Prompt List*. A prompt element can be a user prompt with optional parameters, or a control element. A user prompt is referred as %User<N>% where <N> = 1 - 10. In a prompt list this may be followed by a ;*r*=*<start>-<end>* parameter that specifies the range to play for that prompt, where

<start> = starting time mark in milliseconds; 0 is the default if omitted

<end> = ending time mark in milliseconds; the end of the prompt is the default if omitted

If the r= parameter is omitted, the full range of the prompt is played.

Examples:

%User1%;r=1000	= play User1 prompt starting at 1000ms mark to the end
%User2%	= play the entire User2 prompt from start to finish
%User3%;r=1300-3720	= play User3 prompt starting from 1300ms mark to the 3720ms mark
%User4%;r=3200-1200	= does not play anything since <end> is less than <start></start></end>



Each prompt list control elements starts with a '&' in a prompt list. The following control elements are supported:

&pause(<duration>) = pause playing for a number of seconds as given by the <duration> parameter

An example of prompt list:

%User1%;r=105,&pause(3),%User5%,%User9%;r=0-1350,&pause(15)

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Tou can replace any of the following / (prompt	ists with your own specifica prompt lists.

AA Prompt List	System Default	Prompt Be Played
Welcome	Welcome to OBi Attendant	Once, at the beginning when the AA starts
InvalidPin	Invalid PIN	After user enters an invalid PIN
EnterPin	Enter PIN	Prompts user to enter a valid PIN
MenuTitle	Main Menu	Once, after Welcome and before announcing the menu options
Menu	Press 1 to continue this call. Press 2 to make a new all. Press 3 to enter a callback number.	A couple of times after MenuTitle
PleaseWait	Please wait while your call is being connected.	Once, after user enters a phone number to call
EnterNumber	Enter number followed by the # key.	Prompts user to enter a valid number after option 2 or option 3 is selected by the user
Вуе	Thank you for choosing Obihai Technology. Goodbye.	When user presses * or # key to leave the AA



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User Prompts Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
User <n>Description</n>	A text string that describes the contents of this user	
	prompt	
<n> = 1-10</n>		
User <n>Length</n>	This is a read-only status parameter. It shows the	
	space occupied by this prompt in number of	
<n> = 1-10</n>	milliseconds	
SpacedUsed	This is a read-only status parameter. It shows the	
	amount of recording space used in number of	
	milliseconds	
SpaceAvailable	This is a read-only status parameter. It shows the	
	amount of recording space remaining in number of	
	milliseconds	

Auto Attendant Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Enable	Enable AA. If enabled, the AA will answer an incoming call that has been routed to it after a period as specified in AnswerDelay. If disabled, the AA will not attempt to answer any incoming call.	Yes
DigitMap	Once the AA answers an incoming call, it presents the caller with an option to make a further call using one of the available voice services on the device. This Digit map serves to restrict the numbers that can be dialed or called via this AA option. See OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section for a description of the syntaxes to specify a digit map.	For OBi100: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli)] [1-9] [1-9][0-9] <00:\$1> 0 **1(Msp1)] **2(Msp2)] **9(Mpp)] (Mpli)) For OBi110: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli)] [1-9] [1-9][0-9] <00:\$1> 0 **1(Msp1)] **2(Msp2)] **8(Mli)] **9(Mpp)] (Mpli)) For OBi202: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli)] [1-9] [1-9][0-9] <00:\$1> 0 **1(Msp1)] **2(Msp2)] **3(Msp3)] **4(Msp4)] **9(Mpp)] (Mpli))



		F = = OP ¹ 1 00
OutboundCallRoute	After the caller dials a number that is acceptable by	For OBi100:
	the AA (according to its DigitMap) to make a further call, the device uses this outbound call routing rule	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},
	to determine which service to make this call with.	{0:ph}, {(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1},
		{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},
	See OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section for a	{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp},
	description of the syntaxes to specify this	{(Mpli):pli}
	parameter	For OD:110
		For OBi110:
	Note that while forking to multiple numbers in an	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},
	AA outbound call routing rule is not supported on	{0:ph},
	OBi100 and OBi110, it is supported on the OBi202.	{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},
	For example, on the OBi202 year may have a rule	
	For example, on the OBi202 you may have a rule	{(<**8:>(Mli)):li},
	like this: {0:ph,ph2} which forks to ring both	{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp},
	PHONE1 and PHONE2. In general you can have up	{(Mpli):pli}
	to 4 destinations is a forking rule. On the other	For OBi202
	hand, you must not specify more than one	For OBi202:
	destination number on the OBi100 and OBi110.	{([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},
		{0:ph.ph2},
		{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1},
		{(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},
		{(<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3},
		{(<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4},
		{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp},
<u></u>		{(Mpli):pli}
PrimaryLine	By primary line we mean the service that does not	PSTN Line
	require any access code prefix (such as **1 or **9)	
	when dialing; it is the default service to be used for	
	making the call when no explicit access code prefix	
	is entered. This parameter indicates to the device	
	which voice service is considered as the primary line	
	when dialing out via the Auto Attendant. Available	
	choices are:	
	SP1 Service ($code = sp1$)	
	SP2 Service ($code = sp2$)	
	SP3 Service (code = sp3)	
	SP4 Service (code = sp4)	
	OBITALK Service ($code = pp1$)	
	PSTN Line $(code=li1)^1$	
	Trunk Group 1 (code=tg1)	
	The OBi device process the parameter by	
	substituting of the occurrences of <i>pli</i> and <i>(Mpli)</i> in	
	DigitMap and OutboundCallRoute with the	
	corresponding <i>code</i> and <i>(Mcode)</i> . For example, if	
	PrimaryLine = PSTN Line, then all occurrences of <i>pli</i>	
	and (<i>Mpli</i>) will be substituted internally with <i>li1</i> and	
AnguarDalas	(<i>Mli1</i>) respectively	4000
AnswerDelay	Period of time in milliseconds that the AA will wait	4000
	before answering an incoming call that has been	
Number	routed to it	0
NumberOnNoInput	In the case that the caller does not enter any option	0
	from the top level menu after the menu has been	



	announced for 3 times, the AA directs the caller to the number specified in this parameter. If this number is not specified, the AA simply terminates the current call.	Note: According to the default DigitMap and OutboundCallRoute, calling 0 means calling the PHONE port
UsePIN	Enable the use of PIN to authenticate callers when they select the option to make a further call. If PIN1, PIN2, PIN3, and PIN4 are all empty, device treats it as if UsePIN is set to No. Otherwise, the caller must enter one of the non-empty PIN in order to proceed,	No
PIN1	PIN code to make a call (must be all digits). Maximum Length = 15	
PIN2	PIN code to make a call (must be all digits). Maximum Length = 15	
PIN3	PIN code to make a call (must be all digits). Maximum Length = 15	
PIN4	PIN code to make a call (must be all digits). Maximum Length = 15	

Auto Attendant Prompt Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Welcome	Prompt List to replace the system's Welcome message	
InvalidPin	Prompt List to replace the system's InvalidPin message	
EnterPin	Prompt List to replace the system's EnterPin message	
MenuTitle	Prompt List to replace the system's MenuTitle message	
Menu	Prompt List to replace the system's Menu message	
PleaseWait	Prompt List to replace the system's PleaseWait message	
EnterNumber	Prompt List to replace the system's EnterNumber message	
Вуе	Prompt List to replace the system's Bye message	



Voice Gateways

A gateway in this context is another OBi device which lets incoming OBiTALK callers to call further on one or more of its trunks (such as SP1, SP2, or LI). The caller can call the gateway first with a normal OBiTALK call, get the AA, and then dial the target number. For authentication the AA may ask the user to enter a PIN before establishing the second call. This way of dialing is known as 2-stage dialing.

On the other hand, a gateway can be configured on the originating OBi device such that the caller can dial the target number directly without going through the AA. We refer to this method of dialing as direct dialing or 1-stage dialing. Since it is not possible to enter a PIN in the case of direct dialing, a userid/password pair can be configured for the gateway also so that the device can authenticate with the gateway automatically using HTTP digest method. HTTP digest authentication is optional. You do not need to provide user/password if the gateway does not require authentication for direct dialing.

OBi allows the user to specify up to 8 gateways. Each gateway is addressed using its factory-assigned OBi Number. A gateway is conceptually a trunk with its own DigitMap. You can refer to a gateway and its associated DigitMap with the short trunk name VGn and (Mvgn) respectively, for n = 1, 2, 3, ..., 8. VGn and (Mvgn) can be used in call routing rules and digit maps just like other real trunks.

As an example, you can add the rule {(1xxx xxx xxx):vg2} in PHONE port's OutboundCallRoute to let the device dials out using VGs when caller dials any 11-digit number starting with 1. On the gateway side, you can add the corresponding rule {>(1 xxx xxx xxxx):sp1} in the OBiTALK Service::InboundCallRoute to make the call on its SP1 trunk. You can change the last rule to {(290 333 100 | 200 444 101)>(1 xxx xxx xxxx):sp1} if you want to limit the gateway to allow just the two stated caller numbers to make such calls.

Starting with firmware release 1.2, a gateway may also be configured with a SIP URL as the access number to be accessed by the device over one of the SP trunks. For example, one can set the gateway access number as SP1(some-sip-server.mydomain.com), or SP2(192.168.15.111:5062), etc. Note that when using a SP trunk to access a (SIP) gateway, the device will:

- Not use the outbound proxy, ICE, or STUN regardless the settings on the SP trunk.
- Use only the device's local address as the SIP Contact, and ignore any natted address discovered by the device.
- Use the gateway's SIP URL to form the FROM header of the outbound INVITE.
- Use the gateway's AuthUserID and AuthPassword for authentication.
- Apply the symmetric RTP concept.



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OBIHAI technology, inc.	-				User Login	Reboot]
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 Status 	Parameter Name	Value		Default		Janen	=
 System Management 	Enable			V	0		
 Service Providers 	Name				0		
 Voice Services 	AccessNumber				0		
SP1 Service	DigitMap	(xxc.)		V	0		
SP2 Service	AuthUserID			\checkmark	0		
OBITALK Service Auto Attendant	AuthPassword	******			0		
Gateways and Trunk Groups	Voice Gateway2						
Physical Interfaces	Parameter Name	Value		Default			
Codecs	Enable	1		V	0		
Tone Settings	Name			V	0		
Ring Settings	AccessNumber			V	0		
Star Codes	DigitMap	(xx.)			0		
User Settings	AuthUserID				0		
oosi oomiyo	AuthPassword			\checkmark	0		

Voice Gateway Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Trunk Group <i>n</i> (<i>n</i> =1–8)		
Enable	Enable this voice gateway	Yes
Name	An arbitrary user-friendly name to identify	
	this gateway (optional)	
AccessNumber	The gateway's OBiTALK number, including	
	trunk information, such as:	
	PP(ob200112334) or PP(ob300331456)	
	If the value is blank, device treats this VG as	
	disabled.	
	Starting with release 1.2, this can also be set	
	to a SIP URL, such as:	
	SP1(sip.mycompany.com:5060), or	
	SP2(192.168.15.113)	
DigitMap	DigitMap for this VG. It can be referenced as	(xx.)
	(Mvgn)	
AuthUserID	A User-ID to authenticate with the gateway	
AuthPassword	A Password to authenticate with the	
	gateway	



Trunk Groups

As the name implies, a trunk group is a group of trunks. If a call is routed to a trunk group, OBi picks one of the available trunks from the group to make the call. Availability of trunk is based on:

- Whether the trunk's digit map allows the number to call, AND
- Whether the trunk has capacity to make one more call

Up to 4 trunk groups can be configured on an OBi device. Each trunk group is conceptually another trunk with its own DigitMap. A trunk group and its associated DigitMap are referenced using the short name TG*n* and (Mtg*n*) respectively, where n = 1, 2, 3, 4. They can be referenced in other digit maps and call routing rules so that calls may be routed to a particular trunk group.

Only trunks can be added to a trunk group. These include: PP1, SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4, Ll1¹, VG1, VG2, ..., VG8, TG1, TG2, ... TG4. Note that a TG may include another TG (that is, TG can be recursive). However, you must make sure this does not result in infinite recursion.

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			User Login	Reboot
Trunk Group1				~
Parameter Name	Value	Default		Config Current
Enable	1	V	0	
Name			0	
TrunkList	sp1,sp2		0	
DigitMap	(1x00000000xl<1>[2-9]x0000000xl011xx.jxx.)	\checkmark	0	
Trunk Group2				
Parameter Name	Value	Default		
Enable	V	V	0	
Name		V	0	
TrunkList			0	
		V	0	
		Image: state in the state	Trunk Group1 Parameter Name Value Default Enable V V Name V V TrunkList sp1.sp2 V DigitMap (1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Bookmarks Iools Help

Trunk Group Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Trunk Group <i>n</i> (<i>n</i> =1–4)		
Enable	Enable this trunk group	Yes
Name	An arbitrary user friendly name to identify	
	this trunk group (optional)	
TrunkList	A comma separated list of names of trunks	For TG1, the default for
	to include in this trunk group.	OBi100 and OBi110 is:
		sp1,sp2
		and for OBi202 is:
		sp1,sp2,sp3,sp4
		For other TG, the default is (blank)
DigitMap	Digit map associated with this trunk group. It	For TG1, the default is
8	can be referenced as (Mtgn)	(1xxxxxxxxx <1>[2-9]
		xxxxxxxxx 011xx. xx.)
		For other TG, the default is (xx.)



OBiBlueTooth

- For OBi202 and OBi302 Only -

The OBiBlueTooth feature requires an OBiBT Bluetooth Adapter USB dongle (sold separately) connected to the USB port of the OBi device. OBiBT is compatible with Bluetooth 1.1 to 4.0 and supports the HFP (handsfree) profile. When paired with a mobile phone, OBiBT plays a role similar to a Bluetooth headset from the perspective of the mobile phone.

Pairing OBiBT with Mobile Phone

To use OBiBlueTooth with a mobile phone, you must first pair it with the phone. You can initiate the pairing operation from the mobile phone's Bluetooth setup screen. A typical mobile phone has a "Scan for devices" option under its Buetooth setting. Activating that option shows a list of Bluetooth devices in the neighbourhood. For your OBiBT to show up in this list, you must make sure it is set to "discoverable".

There are two ways to make OBiBT discoverable:

- 1. Connect a phone to any one of the OBi phone ports, pick up the phone and dial *28. If you have an authentic OBiBT dongle attached to the OBi, you will hear a beep-beep confirmation tone, and the OBiBT will be discoverable for the next 120 seconds. If you do not have an OBiBT dongle attached to the OBi, you will hear a fast busy tone instead
- 2. Open the device web page and click on **OBiBlueTooth** under **Voice Services** on the left side panel of the page. Check the option *Discoverable* under **Device Settings** on the OBiBlueTooth page and press the submit button at the bottom of the page. This makes your OBiBT discoverable for the next 120 seconds if you have an authentic dongle attached to the device

Note that you do not want the OBiBT to remain discoverable indefinitely to avoid unauthorized pairing.

If your OBiBT is discoverable, it should show up in your mobile phone's scanned device list, with the name "OBi". Then you can select that device for pairing. That would be it for most modern mobile phones. For some older phone models, however, it may further prompt you to enter a 4-digit PIN code in order to complete pairing with the OBiBT. You may enter 0 0 0 0 if you are prompted to do so.

Once paired, the mobile phone and the OBi will remember the pairing so that you do not need to perform this operation again in the future, until the pairing is explicitly removed. In fact, the OBi will remember the last 10 paired devices. The name "OBi" should be shown in the list of paired devices on your mobile phone. The mobile phone should then allow you to select "OBi" from the list to establish a connection. If the operation is successful, it should say connected. With that, you are ready to make and receive mobile calls on the OBi via your mobile handset.

After an initial pairing and connection with the mobile phone, OBiBT will automatically request connection with the same phone next time it comes in range. If it still remembers the pairing information with OBiBT, your mobile phone would also quietly accept the connection request.

You can find the device pairing information for the last 10 paired devices on the OBiBlueTooth device web page under the Device Settings section. A screenshot of this page is shown below. There are two parameters for each paired device X, where X = 1, 2, ..., 10:

- PairedDeviceX The name of the paired device.
- RemovePairedDeviceX Check this box and press the submit button to remove this device from the paired device list.

Some exceptions:

- If the pairing information is removed from the mobile phone after initial pairing and connection with OBiBT, the next time it comes in range with OBiBT, the phone may pop up a message to let you know that the device "OBi" is requesting connection. You may then manually accept the connection.



- If the pairing information is removed from the OBi after initial pairing and connection with a mobile phone, it will not automatically connect with the phone next time it comes in range. You must then go to your mobile phones's Bluetooth setup screen and explicitly select the paired device "OBi" to re-establish connection
- OBi remembers the paired devices based on particular OBiBT dongle that is used during pairing. Each OBiBT dongle has a different hardware ID. If you replace the dongle with a different one, the existing device pairing information will not be valid and OBi will not be able to recognize the previously paired devices when they are in range

OBiBlueTooth Call Features

OBiBlueTooth is the voice service that is made possible with an attached OBiBT dongle that is connected with a (in-service) mobile device. This service allows you to make or receive mobile calls using a conventional phone attached to the OBi phone port, or by bridging in a VoIP call over a SP service or OBiTALK service. OBiBlueTooth only allows one incoming or outgoing call on OBiBT at a time. In other words, there is no 3-way call or call-waiting support on OBiBlueTooth. The supported call features are similar to the equivalent ones supported under SP or OBiTALK service.

The screenshot below shows the Calling Feature parameters on the OBiBluebooth device web page, which should be self-explanatory.

OBiBlueTooth

OBiBlueTooth

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	\checkmark	V 8
DigitMap	(x000000xS4 1x000000000;box.)	V 0
InboundCallRoute	ph.ph2	V 0
RingProfile	A	_ 🛛 🚺
DefaultRing	1	
CallOnHoldRing	8	. .
DirectoryNumber		Image:

Calling Features®

Parameter Name	Value	Default	:
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable		V	0
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber		1	0
CallForwardOnBusyEnable		1	0
CallForwardOnBusyNumber		1	2
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable		V	0
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber		1	2
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	2	V	0
AnonymousCallBlockEnable		1	2
DoNotDisturbEnable		V	0
BridgedOutboundCallMaxDuration		1	0

Device Settings

Parameter Name	Value	Default	:
Discoverable			8
PreferredPairedDevice	Device 2		0
PairedDevice1	Sherman Scholten's iPhone		2
RemovePairedDevice1		V	8



OBiBlueTooth Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Enable	Enable the OBiTALK Service (the built-in free voice service that comes with every OBi Device)	Yes
DigitMap	Digit map to restrict numbers that can be dialed or called with this service. See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit</i> <i>Map Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes for specifying a Digit Map.	(<ob>xxxxxxxxx obxxxxxxxx)</ob>
InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for directing incoming calls on this service. The default rule is to send all incoming calls to the PHONE port (ph). See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit Map</i> <i>Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes for specifying this parameter	ph
RingProfile	Select a Ring Profile to ring the PHONE port with when an incoming call is routed to the PHONE port. Choices are A, or B	A
DefaultRing	Default ring pattern number to ring the PHONE port for incoming calls on this trunk that are routed to the PHONE port according to the InboundCallRoute of this service. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are 1-10	2
CallOnHoldRing	Pattern to ring PHONE port when holding a call on this trunk that has been connected to the PHONE port. Typically this is a very short distinctive ring pattern that serves as a reminder to the user that a call is being on hold. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are: NO Ring, or 1-10	8
DirectoryNumber	The phone number of the connected mobile phone service. This is just informational with no significance	

OBiBLueTooth Calling Features Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable	Enable call forwarding of all calls unconditionally by the device. If CallForwardUnconditionalNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> .	No
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: This service already reaches the limit of simultaneous calls as specified in MaxSessions DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service If the call is routed to the PHONE port where the phone	No



		1
	is in a busy state (such as ringing, dialing, playing	
	reorder, or already having 2 calls in progress)	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnBusyNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this	
	service when the device is busy. Maximum Length is 127	
	characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the call	No
	is not answered after a period as specified in	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount. If	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber is blank, this	
	parameter is treated as if it has been set to No.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls when the	
	call is not answered after a period specified in	
	CallForwardNoAnswerRingCount	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	Number of rings to be considered by the device as no	2
	answer to an incoming call.	
	Note: 1 ring is approximately 6s	
AnonymousCallBlockEnable	Enable blocking of Anonymous Calls on this service.	No
	Anonymous calls are rejected with a SIP 486 (Busy)	
	response and Call Forward On Busy service is not	
	applied.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
AnonymousCallEnable	Enable masking of Caller-ID information for all outgoing	No
	calls. If enabled, the called party should perceive the call	
	as coming from an anonymous caller.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
DoNotDisturbEnable	Enable Do Not Disturb Service. If enabled, all incoming	No
	calls on this service are treated as if the device is busy.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
BridgedOutboundCallMaxDuration	Limit on the call duration in seconds for all outbound	
J	calls that are bridged from another trunk. A blank or 0	
	value implies the call duration is not limited.	



OBiBlueTooth Device Settings Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Discoverable	Check this box and click the submit button to make the OBIBT device discoverable for the next 120 seconds	No
PreferredPairedDevice	Select which paired device is preferred, in the event that more than one paired device are in range. The value is automatically set to the device that explicitly requested connection with OBiBT	None
PairedDevice <i>N</i> , <i>N</i> = 1, 2,, 10	The name of the device that has successfully paired with OBiBT	
RemovePairedDeviceN, N = 1, 2,, 10	Check this box and click the submit button to remove this paired device	No

Phone Interface Features of the OBi Device

Repeat Dialing Service

Repeat dialing service is when a user dials *05 to tell the device to redial the last called number repeatedly while the phone is on-hook, until the called party rings or answers. When that happens, device rings the PHONE port and the user can pick it up to talk to the called party. Typically the last called number was busy when the user invokes this feature, but the device allows this feature for all cases.

This feature can be controlled with the following two parameters (under the PHONE Port – Calling Feature section):

- RepeatDialInterval = the minimum number of seconds between each redial. Default is 30s.
- RepeatDialExpires = the maximum duration in seconds when the repeat dialing remains active. Default is 1800s.

User dials *06 to cancel Repeat Dialing. Only one repeat dial request is supported. Dialing *05 while a repeat dial is in progress will be rejected with a fast busy tone. If *05 is accepted, the device plays normal dial tone.

Notes:

- The first redial happens 5s after the phone is on-hook following *05.
- When phone is off-hook or rings for an incoming call, device pauses redial and cancels the call if it's already dialed but the peer device is not ringing yet.
- As soon as phone goes on hook or ringing stops without any calls on hold, repeat dialing resumes in 5s.
- If called party answers before the local caller, device sends normal ringback tone over RTP to the called party.
- The ring for alerting local user when the called party rings or answers is taken from outgoing trunk's RepeatDialRing parameter.
- Repeat Dial service cannot be used on the LINE port. If the last call was made over the LINE port, dialing *05 will result in fast busy.
- Repeat Dial calls are not logged to call history, except the last and successful one when the called party rings or answers.



O 0Bi202

OBIHAI

User Login Reboot

Config

Setup Wizard

- + Status
- Router Configuration
- System Management
- Service Providers
- Voice Services
- Physical Interfaces
 PHONE Port 1
 PHONE Port 2
- + Codecs
- Tone Settings
- Ring Settings
- Star Codes
- User Settings
- * External USB Storage

PHONE Port®			ort 1
Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult
Enable	V		0
DigitMap	([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9]S9 [1-9][0-9]S9 911 **0 *** #]*	\checkmark	2
OutboundCallRoute	{(([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp},{(<#:>):ph2},{**0:aa},{***:aa2	✓	0
CallReturnDigitMaps	{pli:(xx.)},{sp1:(<**1>xx.)},{sp2:(<**2>xx.)},{sp3:(<		2
PrimaryLine	SP2 Service		0

Ringer®

÷

Parameter Name	Value		Defa	ult
RingFrequency	20		V	0
RingVoltage	70			0
RingWaveform	Sinusoidal	T	V	0
InterleavedRing			\checkmark	0

Port Settings®

Parameter Name	Value		Defai	ult
OnHookTipRingVoltage	46		V	0
OffHookCurrentMax	20		\checkmark	2
Impedance	600	v	\checkmark	0
DTMFPlaybackLevel	-15		\checkmark	0
DTMFRxMode	Hardware	-	V	0
CallerIDMethod	FSK(Bell 202)	7	V	2
CallerIDTrigger	After First Ring		\checkmark	0
ChannelTxGain	0		\checkmark	0
ChannelRxGain	0		\checkmark	0
SilenceDetectSensitivity	Medium	v	V	2

Calling Features®

Parameter Name	Value		Defa	ult
CallCommandSignalMethod	N. America	7	v	0
CallerIDEnable	\checkmark		v	2
CallWaitingCallerIDEnable	\checkmark		✓	•
MWIEnable	\checkmark		✓	2
VMWIEnable	\checkmark		✓	0
CallTransferEnable	\checkmark		\checkmark	2
ConferenceCallEnable			✓	0
CallWaitingEnable	\checkmark		✓	2
ToneProfile	A	-	 Image: A start of the start of	0
StarCodeProfile	A	-	\checkmark	2
LastDialedNumber	**33002			0
LastCallerNumber				2
AcceptMediaLoopback	\checkmark		✓	0
MediaLoopbackAnswerDelay	0		✓	2
MediaLoopbackMaxDuration	0		v	0
RepeatDialInterval	30		v	2
RepeatDialExpires	1800		✓	2
GenerateCPCSignal	For inbound and outbound calls	~	✓	2
EnablePHONEPortBargeIn				0
UseForPagingOnly			✓	2
TransferWhenHolding			✓	0



HookFlashTimeMax			lt
	900	✓	6
HookFlashTimeMin	70	v	2
ReorderDelayTime	5500	¥	2
CPCDelayTime	2000	¥	2
CPCDuration	500	v	2
Tip-Ring Voltage Polarity® Parameter Name	Value	Defaul	lt
		Defaul	lt G

PHONE Port Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
PHONE Port		
Enable	Enable the PHONE port	Yes
DigitMap	This Digit map serves to restrict the numbers that can be dialed or called from the PHONE port. If the caller dials a number that is not allowed by the digit map, OBi plays SIT tone followed by a short error message to let the caller know that the dialed number is invalid. See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes to specify a digit map.	For OBi100: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **9(Mpp) (Mpli)) For OBi110: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** # **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **8(Mli) **9(Mpp) (Mpli)) For OBi202: ([1-9]x?*(Mpli) [1-9] [1-9][0-9] 911 **0 *** # **1(Msp1) **2(Msp2) **3(Msp3) **4(Msp4) **9(Mpp) (Mpli))
OutboundCallRoute	After the caller dials a number that is acceptable according to the DigitMap, OBi device uses this outbound call routing rule to determine which service to make this call with. If no appropriate call route found, OBi plays SIT tone followed by a short error message to let the caller know that there is no call route to place the call. See <i>OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section</i> for a description of the syntaxes to specify this parameter	For OBi100: {([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp}, {**0:aa},{***:aa2}, {(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {(Mpli):pli} For OBi110: {([1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp}, {(<#:> 911):li}, {**0:aa},{***:aa2},



CallReturnDigitMaps PrimaryLine	Call Return is the service where the user can call the last caller by dialing a star code (*69 by default). OBi device implements this service by remembering the number of the last caller in memory. However the stored information does not include any dialing prefix to tell the device which voice service to use to call back the last caller's number to one that includes the desired dialing prefix used exclusively for call return service. By primary line we mean the service that does not require	<pre>{{<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {{<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {{<**8:>(Mli)):li}, {{<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {{(Mpli):pli} For OBi202 PHONE1: {{[1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp}, {{<**0:aa},{**:aa2}, {{<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {{<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {{<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3}, {{<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4}, {{<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {{(Mpli):pli} For OBi202 PHONE2: {{[1-9]x?*(Mpli)):pp}, {{<**0:aa},{**:aa2}, {{<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1}, {{<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {{<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3}, {{<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4}, {{<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2}, {{<**3:>(Msp3)):sp3}, {{<**4:>(Msp4)):sp4}, {{<**9:>(Mpp)):pp}, {{(Mpli):pli} For OBi100: {pli:(xx.)}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.)}, {sp2:(<**2>xx.)}, {pp:(<**9>xx.)} For OBi110: {pli:(xx.)}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.}, {sp2:(<**2>xx.)}, {pp:(<**9>xx.)} For OBi202: {pli:(xx.)}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.}, {sp2:(<**2>xx.)}, {pp:(<**9>xx.}} For OBi202: {pli:(xx.)}, {sp1:(<**1>xx.}, {sp1:(<**3>xx.}, {sp1:(<**3>xx.}, {sp1:(<**3>xx.}, {sp1:(<**3>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**3>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>xx.}, {sp1:(<**4>x</pre>
PrimaryLine	By primary line we mean the service that does not require any access code prefix (such as **1 or **9) when dialing; it is the default service to be used for making the call when no explicit access code prefix is entered. This parameter indicates to the device which voice service is considered as the primary line when dialing out from the PHONE port. Available choices are:	For OBi100 and OBi202: SP1 Service For OBi110: PSTN Line



		1
	SP1 Service (<i>code = sp1</i>)	
	SP2 Service (code = sp2)	
	SP3 Service (code = sp3)	
	SP4 Service ($code = sp4$)	
	OBiTALK Service ($code = pp1$)	
	PSTN Line $(code = ij1)^1$	
	. ,	
	Trunk Group 1 (code=tg1)	
	The OBi device process the parameter by substituting of	
	the occurrences of <i>pli</i> and <i>(Mpli)</i> in DigitMap,	
	OutboundCallRoute, and CallReturnDigitMaps with the	
	corresponding	
	<i>code</i> and <i>(Mcode)</i> . For example, if PrimaryLine = <i>PSTN</i>	
	Line, then all occurrences of pli and (Mpli) will be	
	substituted internally with <i>li1</i> and (<i>Mli1</i>) respectively	
ToneOnPrimaryServiceDown	Select the tone to play in place dial tone when the service	Normal Dial Tone
(OBi202 and OBi302 only)	corresponding to the Primary Line is out-of-service.	
	Choose from:	
	- No Tone	
	- Normal Dial Tone	
	- SIT Tone 1	
	- SIT Tone 2	
	- SIT Tone 3	
	- SIT Tone 4	
Ringer		
RingFrequency	Ringer frequency in Hz (14 - 68) to apply to the PHONE	20
	port when ringing	
RingVoltage	Peak ringer voltage in volts (55 - 82) to apply to the	70
	PHONE port when ringing	
B : 11/ (Ringer waveform to apply to the PHONE port when	Sinusoidal
l RingWavetorm		
RingWaveform		Silusoidai
	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal	
RingWaveform InterleavedRing ³	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option	No
	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to	
	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power	
InterleavedRing ³	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to	
	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power	
InterleavedRing ³	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power	
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30	No
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v)	No 46
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the 	No
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are 	No 46
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 900 270+(750 150 nF) 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or TrapezoidalWhen both phone ports are ringing, enabling this optionwill cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied toeach port to reduce the chance of overloading the powersupply.Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30v to 52 v)Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hookPHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified):- 600- 900- 270+(750 150 nF)- 220+(820 120 nF)	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or TrapezoidalWhen both phone ports are ringing, enabling this optionwill cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied toeach port to reduce the chance of overloading the powersupply.Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30v to 52 v)Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hookPHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified):- 600- 270+(750 150 nF)- 220+(820 120 nF)- 370+(620 310 nF)	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or TrapezoidalWhen both phone ports are ringing, enabling this optionwill cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied toeach port to reduce the chance of overloading the powersupply.Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30v to 52 v)Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hookPHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified):- 600- 900- 270+(750 150 nF)- 220+(820 120 nF)	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 900 270+(750 150 nF) 220+(820 120 nF) 370+(620 310 nF) 320+(1050 230 nF) 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or TrapezoidalWhen both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply.Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v)Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hookPHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified):-600 - 900-270+(750 150 nF) - 370+(620 310 nF)-320+(1050 230 nF) - 350+(1000 210 nF)	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 900 270+(750 150 nF) 220+(820 120 nF) 370+(620 310 nF) 350+(1000 210 nF) 200+(680 100 nF) 	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or TrapezoidalWhen both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply.Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v)Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hookPHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified):-600 - 900-270+(750 150 nF) - 370+(620 310 nF)-320+(1050 230 nF) - 350+(1000 210 nF)	No 46 20
InterleavedRing ³ Port Settings OnHookTipRingVoltage OffHookCurrentMax	 ringing. Choices are Sinusoidal or Trapezoidal When both phone ports are ringing, enabling this option will cause the OBi to interleave the ring signal applied to each port to reduce the chance of overloading the power supply. Tip/Ring Voltage when the attached phone is on hook (30 v to 52 v) Maximum supported current (15 mA to 45 mA) when the attached phone is off-hook PHONE port impedance setting. Available choices are (units in ohm if not specified): 600 900 270+(750 150 nF) 220+(820 120 nF) 370+(620 310 nF) 350+(1000 210 nF) 200+(680 100 nF) 	No 46 20



	- 600+1 uF	
	- 220+(820 115 nF)	
DTMFPlaybackLevel	Out of band DTMF tone playback level in dBm (-90 to 3)	-15
CallerIDMethod	Caller ID delivery standard. Choices are: FSK(Bell202) FSK(V.23) DTMF(Finland,Sweden) DTMF(Denmark)	FSK(Bell202)
CallerIDTrigger	Triggering event for on-hook Caller ID signal generation. Choices are: After First Ring After Polarity Reversal Before First Ring	After First Ring
ChannelTxGain	Transmit gain in dB (-12 to 12) to apply to signal sent from OBi to the attached phone(s)	0
ChannelRxGain	Receive gain in dB (-12 to 12) to apply to signal received by OBi from the attached phone(s)	0
SilenceDetectSensitivity	 PHONE port silence detection servers the purpose of driving silence suppression in RTP transmission when the phone Call terminates on SP1/2 or OBiTALK Service and silence suppression is enabled. This parameter is used to set a sensitivity level for OBi silence detection algorithm. Available choices are: Low (harder to detect silence) Medium (suggested) High (easier to detect silence) 	Medium
Calling Features		
CallCommandSignalMethod	Select the method to signal a command to the OBi when the phone is off-hook with an active call in connected state, while there is a second call on hold or ringing. The two choices are: - N. America (uses hook switch events only) - Nordic Regions (R1, R2,), where R = hook flash or the 'R' button, R0 = Reject the 2nd incoming call (applicable only if the 2 nd call is ringing), R1 = End current call, resume/answer the 2 nd call R2 = Hold current call, resume/answer the 2 nd call R3 = Conference the two calls R4 = Transfer 2 nd call peer to the 1 st (not applicable if 2 nd call is ringing)	N. America
HookFlashHandling	Indicate the Method to Handle Hook Flash. Choices are Handle Hook Flash Locally This is the normal setting, where the device intercepts all the hook flash events detected on the PHONE port, and acts on them accordingly, such as: - Hold current call and start second dial tone for 3-way calls - Start a 3-way conference - End call with 2 nd conferencee in a 3-way conference - Swap between two calls in a call-waiting situation	Handle Hook Flash Locally



	Send Hook Flash Signal to PSTN	
	Device does not act on hook flash events detected on the	
	PHONE port. It either ignores hook flash events OR	
	regenerates similar hook flash events on the PSTN line if	
	the phone user is currently in a call using the PSTN line	
	service when the hook flash event happens. This option	
	may be useful in cases where the user has traditional call-	
	waiting or 3-way calling services on his PSTN line service;	
	hence he can control those PSTN supplementary services	
	using hook flash signals. However, the OBi in this case	
	would automatically disables its own call-waiting function	
	on the PHONE port, and the user would have no means to	
	tell OBi to make 3-way calls.	
	Note that an alternative way to let OBi generate a hook	
	flash signal to the PSTN line is to use a double hook flash	
	event by hook flashing twice within 700 ms. See the	
	description of the parameter EnableDoubleHookFlash in	
	this table. With this enabled, you can still let the device	
	handle normal hook flash event locally and preserve the	
	call-waiting and 3-way calling functionalities.	
	This option is only available in OBi110	
CallerIDEnable	Enable Caller ID Signal generation. This option can be set	Yes
	to Yes even if the attached phone is not capable of	
	displaying Caller ID. There is no harm in sending Caller ID	
	signal while the phone is in the on hook state.	
CallWaitingCallerIDEnable	Enable Call Waiting Caller ID (CWCID) Signal generation.	Yes
	CWCID signal is sent to the phone when it is in the off	
	hook state. It starts with a handshake between the OBi	
	device and the attached phone, by exchanging audible	
	short tones. OBi will proceed with the transmission of the	
	remaining Caller ID signal only if the handshake succeeds	
	(with a phone is capable of displaying CWCID). In that	
	case the phone mutes the handset earpiece until the	
	CWCID signal is complete. Some users however may still	
	find the audible handshake tones objectionable,	
	especially if their phones do not support CWCID. We	
	recommend to those users to set this option to No, if they	
	do not want CWCID feature, or do not have phones that	
	are capable of displaying CWCID.	
MWIEnable	Enable MWI Signal (stutter dial tone) generation. If	Yes
	enabled, any SP voice service enabled on the device that	
	has MWI Service enabled will trigger the generation of	
	stutter dial tone if there are new voicemails for the	
	subscriber on the service provider's voicemail system.	
VMWIEnable	Enable VMWI Signal generation. If enabled, any SP voice	Yes
VMWIEnable	Enable VMWI Signal generation. If enabled, any SP voice service enabled on the device that has VMWI Service	Yes
VMWIEnable	service enabled on the device that has VMWI Service	Yes
VMWIEnable	service enabled on the device that has VMWI Service enabled will trigger the generation of VMWI signal if	Yes
VMWIEnable	service enabled on the device that has VMWI Service	Yes



	1	
	by the user by hanging up the phone in one of the	
	following scenarios:	
	- One call on hold while a 2 nd outgoing call ringing	
	- One call on hold while a 2 nd outgoing call connected	
	- One call connected while a 2 nd outgoing call ringing	
	- 3-way conference with both calls connected	
	If Call Transfer is disabled, hanging up the phone in the	
	above scenarios simply ends all the calls, except for the	
	one that is holding, which will remain on hold (cases 1	
	and 2).	
ConferenceCallEnable	Enable 3-way Conference Call w/ local audio mixing.	Yes
	Conference Call, if enabled, is initiated by the user by	
	hook flashing the phone in one of the following scenarios:	
	- One call on hold while a 2 nd outgoing call ringing	
	- One call on hold while a 2 nd outgoing call connected	
	We refer to case (1) as an early conference, where the	
	second conferencee is still ringing; the other 2 parties	
	may converse while hearing ringback tone in the	
	background until the 3 party answers. In either case, the	
	user can end the call with the second conferencee by	
	hook flashing another time and the call reverts to a 2-way	
	call.	
	If Conference Call service is disabled, then hook flashing	
	the phone resumes the holding call but ends the second	
	outgoing call in scenario (1), and swaps between the two	
	calls in scenario (2) (as in a call waiting situation)	
CallWaitingEnable	Enable call waiting service. Call Waiting is the situation	Yes
	where a new incoming call is routed to the PHONE port	
	when there is already another call connected. If this	
	service is enabled, OBi plays call-waiting tone to alert the	
	user, as well as generates CWCID signal if CWCID is	
	enabled. The user may then swap between the two calls	
	by hook flashing. If the service is disabled, OBi rejects the	
	incoming call as busy.	
	Note: It is possible for the user to set this parameter from	
	the phone using a Star Code	
ToneProfile	Select a Tone Profile for call progress tone generation.	A
	Choices are A, or B	
StarCodeProfile	Select a Star Code Profile for interpreting Star Codes	A
	entered by the user. Choices are None, A, or B. If value is	
	T CHICLES DV LIE USEL CHUICES ALE NULLE, A. ULD. IL VALUE IS	
	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi	
LastDialedNumber	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device.	
LastDialedNumber	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port	
LastCallerNumber	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port	Vec
	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port	Yes
LastCallerNumber	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback	Yes
LastCallerNumber AcceptMediaLoopback	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback calls	
LastCallerNumber AcceptMediaLoopback	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback calls Delay in milliseconds before the device answers an	
LastCallerNumber AcceptMediaLoopback MediaLoopbackAnswerDelay	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback calls Delay in milliseconds before the device answers an incoming media loopback call	0
LastCallerNumber AcceptMediaLoopback MediaLoopbackAnswerDelay	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback calls Delay in milliseconds before the device answers an incoming media loopback call Maximum duration in seconds to allow for an inbound	0
LastCallerNumber AcceptMediaLoopback MediaLoopbackAnswerDelay	set to None, no star code will be recognized by OBi device. Last number dialed out on the PHONE port Last caller's number that rings the PHONE port Enable the device to accept incoming media loopback calls Delay in milliseconds before the device answers an incoming media loopback call Maximum duration in seconds to allow for an inbound media loopback call. Set the value to blank or 0 to make it	0



	operation.	
RepeatDialExpires	Duration of time in seconds when a repeat dial operation	1800
	remains active.	
GenerateCPCSignal	Controls when the device should generate a CPC signal	For Inbound and Outbound
	when the remote party hangs up on an established call.	Calls
	The choices are:	
	- Never	
	- For Inbound Calls Only	
	 For Outbound Calls Only 	
	 For Inbound and Outbound Calls 	
EnableLINEPortBargeIn ¹	This option is useful only when a PSTN line is connected	No
	to the OBi110. By default a user can pick up the phone	
	and dial # to connect to the LINE port. If no one else using	
	the PSTN line at that time, the user will hear dial tone	
	from the phone company. On the other hand, if the line is	
	already in use, the user will hear fast busy tone if this	
	option is disabled, or join the current call in progress	
	otherwise.	
	This option is only available in OBi110.	
EnablePHONEPortBargeIn ³	Enable the caller to barge in when he calls the other	Yes
	phone port from this phone port while the other phone	
	port has an active call in progress, on-hold, or ringing.	
	This option is only available in OBi110.	
EnableDoubleHookFlash	A double hook flash event is two successive hook flash	Yes
	events that are less than 700ms apart (by default). If this	
	event is enabled, the device will generate a hook flash	
	signal on the PSTN line if the phone is currently on a call	
	on the line. This option is useful only if	
	HookFlashHandling is set to "Handle Hook Flash Locally".	
	This option is only available in OBi110.	
UseForPagingOnly	Enables the OBi to be used for paging only when the	No
	PHONE port is connected to an external PA system (via a	
	RJ11 to line out connector, available from many	
	electronics shops). In such configuration the PHONE port	
	is expected to be "off-hook" all the time; the OBi will	
	automatically answer an incoming call and will not accept	
	call-waiting.	
TransferWhenHolding	This option provides a short cut to transfer a call to a fixed	
	pre-configured number without dialing it. If a valid	
	number is specified for this parameter, the OBi will	
	transfer the call to the given number when the phone	
	hook flashes and then on-hook (which would normally	
	leave the call holding if this parameter is not specified).	
	The valid number should be a complete number with	
	trunk information, such as SP1(14083334567).	
MOHServiceNumber	The number to call to get music streamed to the remote	
	party when the remote party is placed on hold	
PlaySITOnCallFailureCodes	A list of (3-digit) error response codes on outbound calls	([4-9]xx)
-	to trigger SIT w/ optional announcement of the error. OBi	
	plays fast busy tone w/o any announcement for all other	
	call failure codes. The codes must be specified collectively	



	as a digit map.	
PlaySITWithAnnoucement	Enable this option to include announcement of the error	Yes
	when an outbound call has failed	
Timers		
HookFlashTimeMax	Hook Flash is a quick transition of the phone's hook	900
	switch from Off-Hook state to On-Hook state, and back to	
	Off-Hook state.	
	This parameter specifies the upper time limit in	
	milliseconds such that if the hook switch stays at the	
	intermediate On-Hook state for longer than this time	
	limit, the OBi device will not recognize the state transition	
	as a HOOK FLASH event, but instead as an ON HOOK event followed by an OFF HOOK event	
HookFlashTimeMin	Hook Flash is a quick transition of the phone's hook	100
HUUKFIASITTIITEIVIIII	switch from Off-Hook state to On-Hook state, and back to	100
	Off-Hook state.	
	This parameter specifies the lower time limit in	
	milliseconds such that if the hook switch stays at the	
	intermediate On-Hook state for less than this time limit,	
	the OBi device will not recognize the state transition as a	
	HOOK FLASH event, but consider the hook switch remains	
	at Off-Hook state throughout the transition (in other	
	words, the transition is discarded as a glitch if it happens	
	too quickly)	
DoubleHookFlashTimeMin	Minimum time apart between two successive hook flash	100
	events to be recognizable by the device as a double hook	
	flash event. The unit is in millisconds.	
	This option is only available in OBi110	
DoubleHookFlashTimeMax	Maximum time apart between two successive hook flash	700
	events to be recognizable by the device as a double hook	
	flash event. The unit is in milliseconds.	
	This option is only available in OBi110	
CPCDelayTime	A short delay in milliseconds before OBi generates a CPC	2000
	signal to the PHONE port after the far end has hung up	
	during a call	
CPCDuration	OBi device generates CPC (Calling Party Control) Signal by	500
	removing power from the PHONE port for a short period.	
	This parameter specifies the length of this period in milliseconds. CPC signal tells the attached phone	
	equipment that the far end has ended the call	
Tip Ring Voltage Polarity	equipment that the far cha has chaca the can	
IdlePolarity	Tip/Ring voltage polarity the line is idle, before a call is	Forward
	connected, or after one side hangs up. Choices are:	
	Forward, or Reverse	
ConnectPolarity	Tip/Ring voltage polarity when the line is connected on a call.	Forward
	Note: By using a different polarity for an Idle and a	
	Connected line, OBi effectively generates a polarity	
	reversal signal to the PHONE port, which can be used to	
	signal the attached phone equipment that the call is	
	either connected or ended.	



O OBi110	*				
OBIHAI technology, inc.				User Logi	n Rebo
Setup Wizard	LINE Port@		LINE	Port	Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Defau	lt	Current
System Management	Enable	7	V	0	
Service Providers	DigitMap	(x000000xS4 1x00000000xx.)		0	
Voice Services	InboundCallRoute	ph		0	
Physical Interfaces	RingDelay	5500	v	0	
PHONE Port	RingProfile	A	_	0	
LINE Port	DefaultRing	1		0	
Codecs	CallOnHoldRing	8	- V	0	
Tone Settings	ToneProfile	A	- -	0	
Ring Settings	DialDelay	500		0	
Star Codes	DialDigitOnTime	200		0	
	DialDigitOffTime	200		0	
User Settings	DirectoryNumber			0	
	Calling Features	Value	Defau	lt	
	CallForwardUnconditionalEnable			0	
	CallForwardUnconditionalNumber			0	
	CallForwardOnBusyEnable			0	
	CallForwardOnBusyNumber			0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable			0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber			0	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	2		0	
	AnonymousCallBlockEnable		V	0	
	Anonymouscanblockenable				
	DoNotDisturbEnable			0	

Telephone Line Interface Features of the OBi Device

Line Port Status Event Package

OBi device accepts subscription to the proprietary x-line-port-status event package for notification of status change on its LINE port. The SIP SUBSCRIBE may be directed to the SP1 or SP2 interface. The SIP NOTIFY sent by OBi device to the subscribers of this event package includes an XML document in the message body with the proprietary Content-Type: application/x-line-port-status+xml. The XML document has the following format:

Where ...

- ver is a monotonically increasing integer on each NOTIFY, starting with 0
- full-or-partial is either
 - o full (for the immediate NOTIFY triggered by a SUBSCRIBE), or
 - \circ partial (for the NOTIFY triggered by a status change on the LINE port)
- line-port-state can be one the following values:
 - onhook = LINE port is on hook
 - o line in use = The PSTN line is being used by an external handset parallel to the LINE port
 - ringing = The line is ringing
 - offhook = The LINE port is currently off hook
 - pwr down = The PSTN line is disconnected from the LINE port



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LINE Port Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
LINE Port		
Enable	Enable the LINE port	Yes
DigitMap	Digit map to restrict numbers that can be dialed or called on the PSTN line.	(xxxxxxS4 1xxxxxxxxx xx.)
	See OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section for a description of the syntaxes for specifying a Digit Map.	
InboundCallRoute	Routing rule for directing incoming calls on PSTN line. The default rule is to send all incoming calls to the PHONE port (ph).	ph
	See OBi Call Routing and Digit Map Section for a description of the syntaxes for specifying this parameter	
RingDelay	Delay in milliseconds after initial ring detected on the LINE port before the device acts on the call (to route it according to InboundCallRoute). This value could be 0 so that the call is handled immediately. However, you should consider setting it to a large enough value to allow OBi to completely decode the PSTN Caller-ID signal if the service is available on the PSTN line. This is required if the InboundCallRoute relies on Caller-ID information to route the incoming call.	5500
RingProfile	Select a Ring Profile to ring the PHONE port with when an incoming call is routed to the PHONE port. Choices are A, or B	A
DefaultRing	Default ring pattern number to ring the PHONE port for incoming calls on this trunk that are routed to the PHONE port according to the InboundCallRoute of this service. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are 1-10	1
CallOnHoldRing	Pattern to ring PHONE port when holding a call on this trunk that has been connected to the PHONE port. Typically this is a very short distinctive ring pattern that serves as a reminder to the user that a call is being on hold. The ring pattern is taken from the selected Ring Profile. Valid choices are: NO Ring, or 1-10	8
Tone Profile	Select a tone profile for tone detection to support the detection of outbound call connected state	A
DetectOutboundConnectMethod	 Select a method to detect if an outbound call on the PSTN line has been answered. It can be one of the following values: None: Do not detect call connected state. Device will simply assume the call is connected once it finishes dialing Detect speech: Device will detect speech signal on the line as a positive indication of call connected state. 	None



		1
	- Detect polarity reversal: Device will detect	
	a polarity reversal signal on the line as a	
	positive indication of call connected state.	
	Note that polarity reversal signal is not always	
	generated by the phone company when a call is	
	answered. However, if available, polarity reversal	
	is the most robust signal for detection of call	
	connected state.	
	If the method is not "None", the device will also	
	indicate peer ringing state when it detects ring	
	back signal on the line prior to call connected	
	state.	
DialDelay	Delay in milliseconds before dialing out the first	500
	digit to the PSTN line after the OBi takes the LINE	
	port hardware to the Off-Hook state. This is a simple way to allow the PSTN company time to get	
	ready to receive DTMF signals from the OBi	
	without having the OBi monitor dial tone from the	
	PSTN company	
DialDigitOnTime	Duration in milliseconds of each digit to dial out on	200
5	the PSTN line	
DialDigitOffTime	Interdigit time in milliseconds when dialing a	200
	number on the PSTN line	
DirectoryNumber	Phone number of the attached PSTN line.	
	Informational only; not used by OBi device	
Calling Features		
CallForwardUnconditionalEnable	Enable call forwarding of all calls unconditionally	No
	by the device. If CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	
	is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been	
	is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> .	
	set to <i>No</i> .	
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to <i>No</i> .	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters.	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when	No
	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is	No
	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set	No
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the	No
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds:	No
	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to No. Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this	No
	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to No. Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service	No
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service If the call is routed to the PHONE port when the it	No
	set to No. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to No. Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service	No
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service If the call is routed to the PHONE port when the it is in a busy state (such as ringing, dialing, playing	No
	set to <i>No</i> . Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Directory number to forward all incoming calls on this service unconditionally. Maximum Length is 127 characters. Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter from the phone using a Star Code Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when the device is busy. If CallForwardOnBusyNumber is blank, this parameter is treated as if it has been set to <i>No</i> . Device is considered busy if one of the following conditions holds: DND (Do Not Disturb) Service is enabled on this service If the call is routed to the PHONE port when the it is in a busy state (such as ringing, dialing, playing	No



CallForwardOnBusyNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls on	
,	this service when the device is busy. Maximum	
	Length is 127 characters.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerEnable	Enable call forwarding of all incoming calls when	No
	the call is not answered after a period as specified	
	in CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount. If	
	CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber is blank, this	
	parameter is treated as if it has been set to No.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber	Directory number to forward all incoming calls	
	when the call is not answered after a period	
	specified in CallForwardNoAnswerRingCount	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	from the phone using a Star Code	
CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	Number of rings to be considered by the device as	2
	no answer to an incoming call.	
	Note: 1 ring is approximately 6s	
AnonymousCallBlockEnable	Enable blocking of Anonymous Calls on this	
	service. If enabled, anonymous incoming calls will	
	be ignored by the OBi device.	
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	from the phone using a Star Code	
	Enable Do Not Disturb Service. If enabled, all	
	incoming calls on the PSTN line will be treated with	
	busy handling by OBi device.	
DoNotDisturbEnable		
	Note: It is possible for a user to set this parameter	
	from the phone using a Star Code	
	Limit on the call duration in seconds for all	
DeideedQutheuredCallMayDuration	outbound calls that are bridged from another	
BridgedOutboundCallMaxDuration	trunk. A blank or 0 value implies the call duration is	
	not limited.	



	t.				
BIHAI technology, inc.				User	Login
Setup Wizard	PSTN Disconnect Detection	•			Con
tatus	Parameter Name	Value	Default	:	
ystem Management	DetectCPC		v	0	
ervice Providers	CPCTimeThreshold	450		0	
pice Services	DetectPolarityReversal	₹50	✓	0	
hysical Interfaces	DetectFarEndLongSilence	V.	v	0	
PHONE Port	SilenceDetectSensitivity	Medium	- V	0	
LINE Port	SilenceTimeThreshold	60		0	
Codecs	DetectDisconnectTone	<u></u>		0	
one Settings	DisconnectTonePattern	480-30,620-30;10;(.25+.25)		0	
Ring Settings		100 00;020 00;10;(120 120)			
Star Codes	Port Settings®				
lser Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Default		
	ACImpedance	600	—	0	
	OnHookSpeed	0.5 ms	-	2	
	TipRingVoltageAdjust	3.5 V	_	0	
	MinOperationalLoopCurrent	10 mA	→	2	
	CurrentLimitingEnable			0	
	ChannelTxGain	0	V	0	
	ChannelRxGain	5	V	0	
	LineInUseVoltageThreshold	25	V	0	
	LineInUseCurrentThreshold	12	V	0	
	CallerIDDetectMethod	FSK(Bell 202)	- V	2	
	DTMFPlaybackLevel	-5	V	0	
	Parameter Name	Value	Default		
	RingFrequencyMin	15		0	
	RingFrequencyMax	50		0	
	RingThreshold	40.50-49.50		0	
	RingValidationTime	640		0	
	RingIndicationDelayTime	512		0	
	RingTimeout			0	
				0	

Line Port Parameter Guide: Continued ...

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
PSTN Disconnect Detection		
DetectCPC	Enable CPC signal detection. If enabled, OBi will consider the PSTN call ended once it detects a CPC signal during a connected call on the PSTN line. It then proceeds to tear down the call and takes the LINE port hardware to the On-Hook state	Yes
CPCTimeThreshold	Minimum duration in milliseconds to declare CPC signal	450
DetectPolarityReversal	Enable polarity reversal detection	Yes
DetectFarEndLongSilence	Eanble the detection of long period of voice inactivity as a trigger to end the current call	Yes
SilenceDetectSensitivity	PSTN line silence detection servers the purpose of determining if the PSTN peer has ended the call when silence is detected for a prolonged period (while CPC, Disconnect Tone, and Polarity Reversal signals are not available).	Yes



	This parameter is used to select a sensitivity level for OBi silence detection. Available choices are: Low (harder to detect silence) Medium (suggested) High (easier to detect silence)	
SilenceTimeThreshold	For OBi to declare that the PSTN line has gone silent, the energy level of the signal received from the far end has to fall below the threshold selected in SilenceSignalThreshold for at least a certain continuous period of time. This parameter specifies the minimum duration of this silent period in seconds.	60
DetectDisconnectTone	Enable the detection of disconnect tone (as specified in DisconnectTonePattern parameter) as a trigger to end the current call	Yes
DisconnectTonePattern	A tone pattern that describes the tone from the phone company when the call is terminated by the peer or by the phone company herself. For example, a fast busy tone or busy tone can be used as the disconnect tone.	480-30,620- 30;10;(.25+.25)
Port Settings		
ACImpedance	Off-hook AC termination	600
OnHookSpeed	Time for line-side device to go on-hook	0.5 ms
TipRingVoltageAdjust	Voltage on DCT pin of line-side device, which affects TIP/RING voltage on the line. Low-voltage countries should use lower TIP/RING voltage	3.5 V
MinOperationalLoopCurrent	Minimum loop current the LINE port hardware can operate at	10 mA
CurrentLimitingEnable	Limit loop current to 60 mA per the TBR21 standard	No
ChannelTxGain	Gain in dB (-15 to 15) to apply to the signal transmit from the OBi to the PSTN company	0
ChannelRxGain	Gain in dB (-15 to 15) to apply to the signal received by the OBi from the PSTN company	5
LineInUseVoltageThreshold	Voltage below which to detect a parallel device off-hook when LINE port hardware is in the On-Hook state	25
LineInUseCurrentThreshold	Current (mA) above which to detect a parallel device off-hook when LINE port hardware is in the Off-Hook state	12
CallerIDDetectMethod	The Caller ID delivery standard for which the OBi device should assume when decoding Caller ID signal received from the PSTN company. Available choices are: FSK(Bell202) FSK(V.23) DTMF(Finland, Sweden) DTMF(Denmark)	FSK(Bell 202)
DTMFPlaybackLevel	The energy level of DTMF signal transmitted on PSTN line port in dBm (- 90 to 3)	-5
Ring Detection		
RingFrequencyMin	Minimum ring frequency to detect	15
RingFrequencyMax	Maximum ring frequency to detect	50
RingThreshold	Voltages (Vrms) below the lower limit will not trigger ring detection; voltages above the upper limit will	40.50-49.50
RingValidationTime	Time in ms to validate the ring signal	640
RingIndicationDelayTime	Time in ms between ring signal validated and valid ring signal indicated	512
RingTimeout	Time (ms) elapsed since last ring threshold crossing to declare ring is over	1408
RingerImpedance	Synthesized ringer impedance to meet specification in countries, such as	High



Codec Profile Features of the OBi Device

There are two Codec Profiles available on OBi devices. They are selectable Per Trunk (SP1/SP2/SP3/SP4/OBiTALK). To select a codec as the preferred codec in this profile, set the priority of that codec to be highest among all the enabled codecs in this profile. Each of the SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4, and OBiTALK services can be assigned a codec profile in its corresponding configuration. The codec list to use when setting up a call on the underlying service is formed from the list of enabled codecs in the chosen profile and ordered according to the assigned priorities in the profile.

The codecs available on the OBi100/OBi110 and on the OBi202 are slightly different. Below screen shots show the Codec Profile web page for each device model.



) OBi110	+					
OBIHAI technology, inc.					.	
				User L	ogin	
Setup Wizard			Codec	Profile	A	
	G711U Codec@					C
Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
System Management	Codec	PCMU		v	2	
Service Providers	BitRate	64000			2	
loice Services	Enable	V			2	
Physical Interfaces	SilenceSuppression			☑ (2	
odecs	PacketizationPeriod	20			2	
Codec Profile A	Priority	1			2	
Codec Profile B	PayloadType	0		V (2	
one Settings						
ing Settings	G711A Codec@					
tar Codes		V-lu-		Defende		
lser Settings	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
5-	Codec	PCMA		•	2	
	BitRate	64000			2	
	Enable	V			2	
	SilenceSuppression				2	
	PacketizationPeriod	20			2	
	Priority	2			2	
	PayloadType	8		V (2	
	G729 Codec®					
	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
	Codec	G729		V (2	
	BitRate	8000			2	
	Enable	V		☑ (2	
	SilenceSuppression			V (2	
	PacketizationPeriod	20			2	
	Priority	3			2	
	PayloadType	18		V (2	
	G726R32 Codec®					
	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
	Codec	G726-32		☑ (2	
	BitRate	32000		(2	
	Enable	\checkmark		V (2	
	SilenceSuppression				2	
	PacketizationPeriod	20		V (2	
	Priority	4			2	
	PayloadType	104		V (2	
	G726R16 Codec					
	Parameter Name	Value		Default		
	Codec	G726-16		☑ (2	
	BitRate	16000			2	
	Enable				2	
	SilenceSuppression				2	
	PacketizationPeriod	20		V (2	
		5		☑ (2	
	Priority	5		v (



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Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Codec	G726-24	v	0
BitRate	24000		0
Enable			0
SilenceSuppression		v	2
PacketizationPeriod	20	V	0
Priority	6	v	0
PayloadType	103	V	0
G726R40 Codec®			
Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Codec	G726-40	V	0
BitRate	40000		0
Enable			0
SilenceSuppression	E	v	2
PacketizationPeriod	20	V	0
Priority	7	v	2
PayloadType	105	7	0
Telephone Event Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Codec	telephone-event	-	0
Enable	\checkmark		0
PayloadType	101		0
Encap RTP®			
Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Codec	encaprtp	V	0
PayloadType	107	V	2
Loopback Primer 🕖			
Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	loopbkprimer	V	0
Codec	108	V	2
Codec PayloadType			
PayloadType	Value	Default	
PayloadType Codec Settings@	Value big-endian 💌		0

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OBIHAI technology, inc.			Us	er Login
Setup Wizard	G711U Codec@		Codec Profil	e A
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Router Configuration	Codec	РСМИ	V	0
System Management	BitRate	64000		0
Service Providers	Enable		V	0
/oice Services	SilenceSuppression	—	v	0
Physical Interfaces	PacketizationPeriod	20	V	0
Codecs	Priority	1	V	2
Codec Profile A Codec Profile B	PayloadType	0	V	0
Fone Settings Ring Settings	G711A Codec®			
ang sewings Star Codes	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
Jser Settings	Codec	PCMA	V	2
-	BitRate	64000		0
xternal USB Storage	Enable	\checkmark		0
	SilenceSuppression		V	2
	PacketizationPeriod	20	V	0
	Priority	2	V	2
	PayloadType	8		0
	G729 Codec®			
	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	Codec	G729	V	0
	BitRate	8000		0
	Enable		V	0
	SilenceSuppression	<u> </u>		0
	PacketizationPeriod	20	V	0
	Priority	3	V	0
	PayloadType	18		0
	G726R32 Codec@			
	Parameter Name	Value	Default	
	Codec	G726-32	✓	0
	BitRate	32000		0
	Enable	\checkmark		0
	SilenceSuppression		V	0
	PacketizationPeriod	20	✓	0
	PacketizationPeriod	20		



Parameter Name	Value	Default
Codec	iLBC	v
BitRate	13333	•
Enable		
SilenceSuppression		v
PacketizationPeriod	30	
Priority	5	
PayloadType	98	
Telephone Event		
Parameter Name	Value	Default
Codec	telephone-event	V
Enable		~
PayloadType	101	✓
Encap RTP@		
Encap RTP® Parameter Name	Value	Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec		
Encap RTP® Parameter Name ^{Codec} PayloadType Loopback Primer®	Value encapitp 107	Default
Encap RTP@ Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer@ Parameter Name	Value encapito 107 Value	Default V Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer® Parameter Name Codec	Value encaprtp 107 Value loopbkprimer	Default V Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType	Value encapito 107 Value	Default V Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Codec Settings®	Value encaprip 107 Value loopbkprimer 108	Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType	Value encaprtp 107 Value loopbkprimer	Default
Encap RTP® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Loopback Primer® Parameter Name Codec PayloadType Codec Settings®	Value encaprtp 107 Value Ioopbkprimer 108 Value	Default

Codec Profile Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
G711U Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	G711U
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec.	64000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	1
PayloadType	Standard payload type for this codec	0
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
G711A Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	G711A
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	64000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms 20	



Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	2
PayloadType	Standard payload type for G711-alaw	8
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
G729 Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	G729
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	8000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	3
PayloadType	Standard payload type for G.729	18
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
G726R32 Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	G726-32
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	32000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	4
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	104
G726R16 Codec ⁴		
Codec	Codec Name	G726-16
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	16000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	5
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	102
G726R24 Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	G726-24
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	24000
	Note: Informational only; not configurable	
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	6
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	103
G726R40 Codec		0706.40
Codec	Codec Name	G726-40
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	40000
F uckle	Note: Informational only; not configurable	No.
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms	20
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	7

⁴ G726R16, G726R24, and G726R40 codecs are only available only on the OBi100/110; iLBC codec is only available on the OBi202

PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	105
iLBC Codec		
Codec	Codec Name	ilbC
BitRate	Bit rate in bits/sec	13333
	Two values to choose from: 13333 bps or 15200 bps	
Enable	Enable this codec	No
SilenceSuppression	Enable silence suppression for this codec	No
PacketizationPeriod	Packet size in ms. Must be multiples of 30 for 13333 bps or multiples of 20 for 15200 bps	30
Priority	Priority assigned to this codec (1 is the highest)	5
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	98
Telephone Event		
Codec	Codec Name. This	telephone-event
Enable	Enable this codec	Yes
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type to be used for RFC2833 telephone (DTMF) events. Valid range is 96-127	101
Encap RTP		
Codec	Codec Name. This codec is used to encapsulate RTP packets during a packet loopback call	encaprtp
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	107
Loopback Primer		
Codec	Codec Name. The codec is used by the OBi when acts as a media loopback mirror and before receiving any packets from the loopback source during a media loopback call	loopbkprimer
PayloadType	Dynamic Payload type for this codec. Valid range is 96-127	108
Codec Settings		
G726BitPacking	Two values to choose from: big-endian or little-endian	big-endian
T38Enable ³	Enable the use of T38 (FAX Relay)	Yes



Tone & Ring Patterns

Note: Tone and Ring Profile A default settings are set for USA telephone standards. Tone and Ring Profile B default settings are set for Australia telephone standards.

Tone Profile Features of the OBi Device

The general format for tone profiles follows the following format: [field-1];[field-2];[field-3];...;[field - 6]

Use ";" to separate the configuration fields.

Note that no spaces are allowed to be used in a tone profile pattern.

Field–1 Composition:

This field describes frequency components used for tone synthesis and it supports up to three different frequencies.

The frequency expression is a string of numeric values with the notation '+' or '-'.

The numeric values are the frequency's decimal values in Hz and amplitude in dBm (Maximum 3 dBm).

Different frequencies are separated by ',' .

Example: 350-18,440-18,550+2

The above example illustrates the 1st frequency at 350 Hz with strength at -18 dBm, the 2nd frequency: 440 Hz with strength at -18 dBm and the 3rd frequency: 550 Hz with strength at +2 dBm.

Field-2 Composition:

This field describes the overall tone playback duration in seconds.

The expression is a numeric value, and supports up to 3 decimated digits.

The numeric value can negative, zero, positive, or skipped:

- Negative value: tone plays indefinitely
- Zero value: tone playback is skipped
- Positive value: Normal playback duration
- No value: tone plays indefinitely

Example: 30.234

Meaning: tone playback terminates after 30.234 seconds

Field-3 to Field-6 Composition:

Field - 3/4/5/6 share the same definition, and each field describes one single cadence segment. Together 4 fields form a macro-segment, which will be repeated until tone playback expires.

The expression is a string of numeric values with the special notation '/', '(', ')' and ','.

It has a complete format as below:



t(f_0/on_0+off_0,f_1/on_1+off_1,f_2/on_2+off_2,f_3/on_3+off_3)

t: the cadence segment duration in seconds

- Negative value: tone plays indefinitely
- No value: tone plays indefinitely
- Zero value: the duration of this particular segment is zero
- Positive value: Normal playback duration

f_0/1/2/3: a numerical describe which frequency component(s) are used for the synthesis, and it can be one of following 8 options ($0 \sim 7$)

- 0: No frequency specified, i.e., silent tone
- 1: The 1st frequency
- 2: The 2nd frequency
- 3: The 1st and 2nd frequencies
- 4: The 3rd frequency
- 5: The 1st and 3rd frequencies
- 6: The 2nd and 3rd frequencies
- 7: The 1st and 2nd frequencies if two or more than two frequency components, or the 1st frequency if only one frequency component is available.

If no value is provided for $f_0/1/2/3$, it will automatically use the combination of the first one or two available frequency components.

on_0/1/2/3: the tone active time in seconds

- Negative value: Not allowed
- No value: infinite tone active time
- Others: normal tone active time (up to 3 decimated digits)

off_0/1/2/3: the tone inactive time in seconds

- Negative value: Not allowed
- No value: infinite tone inactive time
- Others: normal tone inactive time (up to 3 decimated digits)

Example: 4(1/.3+2.34,3/2+1.5)

The above example illustrates using the first frequency to generate tone for 0.3 seconds, followed by 2.34 seconds of silence, then use a combination of the first and second frequencies to generate tone for 2 seconds, then followed by 1.5 seconds silence. The cadence operates repeatedly for 4 seconds.



Tone Examples:

With these examples, we will show the interpretation of a few common tone patterns:

Dial Tone:

DIAL, "350-18,440-18"

Dial tone is generated as a mixture of two frequency components:

350 Hz at -18 dBm and 440 Hz at -18 dBm

The expiration time is infinite, and tone active time is infinite.

Busy Tone:

BUSY, "480-18,620-18;10;(.5+.5)"

Busy tone is generated as a mixture of two frequency components:

480 Hz at -18 dBm and 620 Hz at -18 dBm

The expiration time is exactly 10 seconds. It has only one cadence segment, which has tone active 0.5 second and tone inactive 0.5 second.

Prompt Tone:

PROMPT, "480-16;10"

Prompt tone is generated from a single frequency component:

480 Hz at -16 dBm. The expiration time is exactly 10 seconds. It has only one cadence segment, which has tone infinite active time.

SIT Tone:

SIT_1, "985-16,1428-16,1777-16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+0,4/.380+0,0/0+4)"

Special information tone (SIT) is generated from a set of frequency components:

- 1st frequency: 985 Hz at -16 dBm
- 2nd frequency: 1428 Hz at -16 dBm
- 3rd frequency: 1777 Hz at -16 dBm

The expiration time is exactly 20 seconds. It has only one cadence segment, which includes 4 on-off sections. The segment has infinite repeating time:

- The 1st on-off section: generated by the 1st frequency component, and it has 0.38 tone second active time and 0 inactive time.
- The 2nd on-off section: generated by the 2nd frequency component, and it has 0.38 tone second active time and 0 inactive time.
- The 3rd on-off section: generated by the 3rd frequency component, and it has 0.38 tone second active time and 0 inactive time.



• The 4th on-off section: only generate silence since no frequency component is specified. It has tone 0 second active time and 4 seconds inactive time.

Stutter Tone:

STUTTER, "350-18,440-18;10;.6(.1+.1);(/)"

Stutter dial tone is generated from a mixture of two frequency components:

350 Hz at -18 dBm and 440 Hz at -18 dBm. The expiration time is exact

10 seconds. It has two cadence segments.

- The first segment: includes only one on-off sections, on 0.1 second and off 0.1 second, and on-off repeats for 0.6 second.
- The second segment: include one on-off section, and has infinite repeating time and infinite tone active time.

OBi110 - Mozilla Firefox								x
OBiTALK: My OBi Endp	oints × O OBi110	×÷						-
OBIHAI technology, inc.						User Login	Reboot	•
Setup Wizard	Dial Tone®		Ton	e Profil	e A		Config	^
+ Status	Parameter Name	Value		Default			Gurrent	
System Management	ToneName	Dial Tone						
Service Providers Voice Services	TonePattern	350-18,440-18;20			0			
 Physical Interfaces 								Ε
+ Codecs	Ringback Tone®							
 Tone Settings 	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
Tone Profile A	ToneName	Ringback Tone			0			
Tone Profile B + Ring Settings	TonePattern	440-18,480-18;-1;(2+4)		\checkmark	0			
Star Codes	Busy Tone®							
User Settings	· ·				_			
even evange	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
	ToneName TonePattern	Busy Tone		V	0			
	IonePattern	480-18,620-18;10;(.5+.5)		×	0			
	Reorder Tone®							
	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
	ToneName	Reorder or Fastbusy Tone			0			
	TonePattern	480-18,620-18;10;(.25+.25)		V	0			
	Confirmation Tone®							
	Parameter Name	Value		Default				
	ToneName	Confirmation tone			0			
	TonePattern	600-18;1;(.2+.2)		\checkmark	0			

Tone Profile A & B Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Dial Tone		
ToneName	Dial Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	350-18,440-18;20
Ringback Tone		
ToneName	Ringback Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18,480-18;-1;(2+4)
Busy Tone		
ToneName	Busy Tone	



TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	480-18,620-18;10;(.5+.5)
Reorder Tone		
ToneName	Reorder tone or Fastbusy	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	480-18,620-18;10;(.25+.25)
Confirmation Tone		
ToneName	Confirmation Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	600-18;1;(.2+.2)

OBiTALK: My OBi Endpo	oints × O OBi110	×					
OBIHAI technology, inc.	_					User L	ogin Reboo
Setup Wizard	Holding Tone®						Confin
Status	Parameter Name	Value	1	Default			Config Current
System Management	ToneName	Holding Tone			0		
Service Providers	TonePattern	800-18;30;(.1+10)		v	0		
Voice Services							
Physical Interfaces	Second Dial Tone®						
Codecs Fone Settings	Parameter Name	Value	1	Default			
Tone Profile A	ToneName	Second Dial Tone			0		
Tone Profile B	TonePattern	385-18,484-18;20		v	0		
Ring Settings							
Star Codes	Stutter Tone®						
Jser Settings	Parameter Name	Value	1	Default			
	ToneName	Stutter Tone			0		
	TonePattern	350-18,440-18;20;2(.1+.1);()		J	0		
	Howling Tone®						
	Parameter Name	Value	1	Default			
	ToneName	Howling Tone			0		
	TonePattern	480+3,620+3;10;(.125+.125)			0		
	Prompt Tone®						
	Parameter Name	Value	1	Default			
	ToneName	Prompt Tone			0		
	TonePattern	480-16;20		v	0		

Tone Profile Parameter Guide: Continued ...

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Holding Tone		
ToneName	Holding Tone played when peer holding the call	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	800-18;30;(.1+10)
Second Dial Tone		
ToneName	Second Dial Tone played when dialing second call in a 3-way call	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	385-18,484-18;20
Stutter Dial Tone		
ToneName	Stutter Dial Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	350-18,440-18;20;2(.1+.1);()
Howling Tone		
ToneName	Howling Tone for off-hook warning	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	480+3,620+3;10;(.125+.125)
Prompt Tone		
ToneName	Prompt Tone to prompt user to enter a number for configuration, such as speed dial	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	480-16;20



DBIHAI technology, inc.						
					User Logir	Re
	Call Forwarded Dial Tone®					
Setup Wizard	Parameter Name	Value	Default			Confi
Status	ToneName	Call Forwarded Dial Tone		0		
System Management Service Providers	TonePattern	350-18,440-18;20;(.2+.2)	V	0		
Voice Services						
Physical Interfaces	Conference Tone®					
Codecs	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
Tone Settings	ToneName	Conference Tone		0		
Tone Profile A	TonePattern	350-16;10;(.1+.1,.1+9.7)	V	0		
Tone Profile B Ring Settings						
Star Codes	SIT Tone 10					
User Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
5	ToneName	SIT Tone 1		0		
	TonePattern	985-16,1428-16,1777-16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+	\checkmark	0		
	SIT Tone 20					
	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	ToneName	SIT tone 2		0		
	TonePattern	914-16,1371-16,1777-16;20;(1/.274+0,2/.274+	V	0		
	SIT Tone 30					
	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	ToneName	SIT tone 3		0		
	TonePattern	914-16,1371-16,1777-16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+		0		
	SIT Tone 40					
	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	ToneName	SIT tone 4		0		
	TonePattern	985-16,1371-16,1777-16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+	V	0		

Tone Profile Parameter Guide: Continued ...

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Call Forward Tone		
ToneName	Call Forward Dial Tone (Special dial tone to indicate call-forward-all active)	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	350-18,440-18;20;(.2+.2)
Conference Tone		
ToneName	Conference Tone (Indicates conference has started)	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	350-16;10;(.1+.1,.1+9.7)
SIT Tone 1		
ToneName	Special Information Tone - 1	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	985-16,1428-16,1777- 16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+0,4/.380+0,0/0+4)
SIT Tone 2		
ToneName	Special Information Tone - 2	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	914-16,1371-16,1777- 16;20;(1/.274+0,2/.274+0,4/.380+0,0/0+4)



SIT Tone 3		
ToneName	Special Information Tone - 3	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	914-16,1371-16,1777-
		16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+0,4/.380+0,0/0+4)
SIT Tone 4		
ToneName	Special Information Tone - 4	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	985-16,1371-16,1777-
		16;20;(1/.380+0,2/.380+0,4/.380+0,0/0+4)
Outside Dial Tone		
ToneName	Outside Dial Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	385-16;10
R-Command Tone		
ToneName	R-Command Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	400-16;5
Paging Tone		
ToneName	Paging Tone	
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	480-16;1;(.2+.2)

Ring Profile A & B Features of the OBi Device

The general format of an OBi Ring Profile is as follows: [field-1];[field-2];...;[field - 5]

Use the ";" to separate up to five (5) configuration fields.

Please note that no spaces are allowed to be used in a tone profile pattern.

Field-1 Composition:

Field-1 describes the overall ringing duration in seconds.

The expression is a numeric value, and supports up to 3 decimated digits.

The numeric value can negative, zero, and positive:

- Negative value: Ringing lasts indefinitely
- No value: Ringing lasts infinitely
- Zero value: Ringing is skipped
- Positive value: Normal ringing duration

Example: 30.5

The above example illustrates a ringing tone that terminates after 30.5 seconds.

Field -2 to Field -5 Composition:

Field - 2/3/4/5 share the same definition, and each field describes one single cadence segment. Together, the four (4) fields form a macro-segment, which will be repeated until ringing expires.

The expression is a string of numeric values with the special notation '(', ')' and ','

It has the format as per the following construct: t(on_0+off_0,on_1+off_1,on_2+off_2,on_3+off_3)



t: The cadence segment duration in seconds.

- Negative value: Ringing indefinitely
- No value: Ringing indefinitely
- Zero value: Ringing is skipped
- Positive value: Normal ringing duration

on_0/1/2/3: The ring active time in seconds.

- Negative value: Not allowed
- No value: Infinite ring active time
- Others: Normal ring active time (up to 3 decimated digits)

off_0/1/2/3: The ring inactive time in seconds

- Negative value: Not allowed
- No value: Infinite ring inactive time
- Others: Normal ring inactive time (up to 3 decimated digits)

Example: 4(.3+2.34,2+1.5)

The above example illustrates a ringing tone comprised of two segments. Ringing is active for 0.3 seconds, followed by 2.34 seconds of silence, then ringing for 2 seconds, and followed by 1.5 seconds of silence.

The above cadence operates repeatedly for 4 seconds.

OBiTALK: My OBi Endpo	oints × O OBi110	×				
OBIHAI technology, inc.					User Login	Rebo
Setup Wizard	Call Waiting Tone 10		Ring Pro	file A		Config
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult		Current
System Management	ToneName	Bellcore-dr1	V	0		
Service Providers /oice Services	TonePattern	440-18;30;(.25+10)		0		
Physical Interfaces Codecs	Call Waiting Tone 20					
Tone Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult		
Ring Settings	ToneName	Bellcore-dr2	V	0		
Ring Profile A Ring Profile B	TonePattern	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.3+.1,.1+10)	\checkmark	0		
Star Codes	Call Waiting Tone 30					
Jser Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult		
	ToneName	Bellcore-dr3	V	0		
	TonePattern	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.1+10)		0		
	Call Waiting Tone 40					
	Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult		
	ToneName	Bellcore-dr4	V	0		
	TonePattern	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.1+.1,.1+10)	\checkmark	0		
	Call Waiting Tone 50					
	Parameter Name	Value	Defa	ult		
	ToneName	Bellcore-dr5	V	0		
	TonePattern	440-18;30;(.3+.1,.1+.1,.3+10)	V	0		



Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Call Waiting Tone 1		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 1	Bellcore-dr1
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.25+10)
Call Waiting Tone 2		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 2	Bellcore-dr2
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.3+.1,.1+10)
Call Waiting Tone 3	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 3	Bellcore-dr3
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.1+10)
Call Waiting Tone 4		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 4	Bellcore-dr4
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.1+.1,.1+10)
Call Waiting Tone 5		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 5	Bellcore-dr5
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.3+.1,.1+.1,.3+10)
Call Waiting Tone 6		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 6	User-dr1
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.1+.1,.3+.2,.3+10)
Call Waiting Tone 7		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 7	User-dr2
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.3+.1,.3+.1,.1+10)
Call Waiting Tone 8		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 8	User-dr3
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.3+2)
Call Waiting Tone 9		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone9	User-dr4
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.3+2)
Call Waiting Tone 10		
ToneName	Distinctive Call Waiting Tone 10	User-dr5
TonePattern	Obihai Tone Pattern Script	440-18;30;(.3+2)



O OBiTALK: My OBi Endp	pints × O OBi110	x +				
OBIHAI technology, inc.					User Lo	igin Rebo
Setup Wizard	Ring Pattern 10					Confin
* Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default			Config Current
System Management	RingName	Bellcore-dr1	V	0		
Service Providers	RingPattern	60:(2+4)	V	0		
Voice Services						
Physical Interfaces	Ring Pattern 20					
Codecs Tone Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
Ring Settings	RingName	Bellcore-dr2		0		
Ring Profile A	RingPattern	60;(.3+.2,1+.2,.3+4)	\checkmark	0		
Ring Profile B						
Star Codes	Ring Pattern 30					
User Settings	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	RingName	Bellcore-dr3		0		
	RingPattern	60;(.8+.4,.8+4)	V	0		
	Ring Pattern 40					
	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	RingName	Bellcore-dr4	V	0		
	RingPattern	60;(.4+.2,.3+.2,.8+4)		0		
	Ring Pattern 50					
	Parameter Name	Value	Default			
	RingName	Bellcore-dr5		0		
	RingPattern	60;(.2+.2,.2+.2,.2+.2,1+4)	V	0		

Ring Profile Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Ring Pattern 1		
RingName		Bellcore-dr1
RingPattern		60;(2+4)
Ring Pattern 2		
RingName		Bellcore-dr2
RingPattern		60;(.3+.2,1+.2,.3+4)
Ring Pattern 3		
RingName		Bellcore-dr3
RingPattern		60;(.8+.4,.8+4)
Ring Pattern 4		
RingName		Bellcore-dr4
RingPattern		60;(.4+.2,.3+.2,.8+4)
Ring Pattern 5		
RingName		Bellcore-dr5
RingPattern		60;(.2+.2,.2+.2,.2+.2,1+4)
Ring Pattern 6		
RingName		User-dr1
RingPattern		60;(.2+.4,.2+.4,.2+4)
Ring Pattern 7		
RingName		User-dr2
RingPattern		60;(.4+.2,.4+.2,.4+4)
Ring Pattern 8		
RingName		User-dr3



RingPattern	60;(.25+9.75)
Ring Pattern 9	
RingName	User-dr4
RingPattern	60;(.25+9.75)
Ring Pattern 10	
RingName	User-dr5
RingPattern	60;(.25+9.75)



Star Code Profile Features of the OBi Device

Star codes are short sequences of digits where each sequence serves as a command to the OBi Device to perform certain operation. Each sequence usually starts with the * key followed by a 2-digit code (such as *69), hence the term star code. A typical operation to carry out is to set the value of one or more configuration parameters. At present the OBi device allows user to issue star code from the PHONE port only; user issues a star code the same way he dials a number to make a call. In OBi every star code and its operation are defined with a short *Star Code Script* parameter. The set of star codes that can be dialed from the PHONE port is collectively referred to as a Star Code Profile.

OBi has two star code profiles available in its configuration, known as Start Code Profile A and B respectively. Each profile has 30 star code script parameters, known as Code1 to Code30. You can select which star code profile to use by setting **PHONE Port::**StarCodeProfile to A or B, or None if star code is not to be used.

A star code script is defined with the help of a number of predefined variables and actions. Each variable represents one or one group of configuration parameters. An action can be checking or setting the value of a variable, collecting a phone number from the user, or calling a certain number.

Star Code Script Variables (VAR)

A star code script variable or *VAR* can be trunk specific or global (non-trunk specific). The general format of a global variable is \$var. The general format of a trunk specific variable is *TK*(\$var), where *TK* is the abbreviated name of a trunk (SP1, SP2, LI1, or PP1). If *TK* is not specified for a trunk-specific variable, it implies all the applicable trunks in the system.

Note that: SP1 is the SP1 Service, SP2 the SP2 Service, LI1 the LINE port, and PP1 the OBiTALK Service. Each service is also referred to as a "trunk" in this document.

Here is a list of the supported \$var variables:

\$CFA = call forward unconditional enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$CFB = call forward busy enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$CFN = call forward no-answer enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$CFAN = call forward unconditional number (trunk specific; admissible value: a token representing a call forward number)

\$CFBN = call forward busy number (trunk specific; admissible value: a token representing a call forward number)

\$CFNN = call forward no-answer number (trunk specific; admissible value: a token representing a call forward number)

\$MWS = message waiting state (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for no new messages, 1 for one or more new messages)

\$DND = do-not-disturb enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$BAC = block-anonymous caller enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$BCI = block outbound caller-ID enable (trunk specific; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$CWA = call-waiting enable (global; admissible value: 0 for disable, 1 for enable)

\$BCI1 = block caller-ID once (global; admissible value: 1 for enable)

\$UBCI1 = unblock caller-ID once (global; admissible value: 1 for enable)

\$LBM1 = Loopback media (audio samples) once in the next call

\$LBP1 = Loopback RTP packets once in the next call

\$CDM1 = Codecs to enable in the next call (temporarily overriding any codec preferences in device configuration). Each bit of its value represents one audio codec:



- Bit0 (LSB) = G711u
- Bit1 = G711a
- Bit2 = G726r16
- Bit3 = G726r24
- Bit4 = G726r32
- Bit5 = G726r40
- Bit6 = G729

\$LDN = last dialed number (for redial) (global; read only)

\$LCR = last caller's number (for call return) (global; read only)

SPD[n] = number for the speed dial n (n = 1 - 99) (global; admissible value: literal or token representing a phone number)

\$CODE = the digit(s) representing the variable part of a star code (see examples below; read only)

Variable names are CASE INSENSITIVE.

Star Code Script Actions (ACT)

The general format of an action: ACT(par, par,)

The following actions are supported:

- set(VAR,token) = Set the given VAR to the value represented by token.
- call(token) = Call the number represented by token.
 - o PHONE Port::OutboundCallRoute will be applied when making the call (but not the DigitMap)
- rpdi(token) = repeat dial the number represented by token
- coll(VAR) = collect a number from the user and store it as the value of the parameter(s) represented by VAR.
 - o The number is collected with PHONE Port::DigitMap applied
- say(token) = announce the value represented by token
 - Values are announced as a list of alphabets or numbers

where token can be a literal (such as 1234) or another variable (such as \$CFAN or SP1(\$CFBN))

btdscvr() = make the OBiBT dongle discoverable for the next 120s

Action names are CASE INSENSITIVE.

Star Code Script Format

General Format: code, name, action1, action2, action3, ...

- code = the star code, such as *72. It may contain a variable part enclosed in parenthesis, such as *74(x|xx)
 The variable part as entered by the user are stored in the variable \$CODE
- name = a descriptive name of the function of this star code, such as Call Forward Unconditional
- action1, action2, ... = a valid action with parameters

Actions are carried out one-by-one in the order as specified in the script.

Restrictions:

- At most 1 *coll* action per code.
- Either 1 say or 1 call action at most per code, and it must be the last action in the script.



Star Code Script Examples

The following examples are taken from some of the default star code scripts in the OBi device.

*69, Call Return, call(\$LCR)

- Calls the number of the caller who rings the PHONE port last time

*07, Redial, call(\$Ldn)

- Redials the last dialed number

*72, Call Forward Unconditional, coll(\$cfan),set(\$cfa,1)

- Collects a number from the user according to the DigitMap. Then set the CallForwardUnconditionalNumber on all trunks to the collected value, and set the CallForwardUnconditionalEnable on all trunks to Yes
- To modify the script to enable CallForwardUnconditional on SP1 only, change it to

*72, Call Forward Unconditional SP1, coll(SP1(\$cfan)),set(SP1(\$cfa),1)

*67, Block Caller ID Once, set(\$BCI1,1)

- Enable masking of caller ID information once for the next call on any trunk

*74(x|xx), Set Speed Dial, coll(\$Spd[\$code])

- After user dials *74, OBi expects one or two more digits from the user which represent a speed dial slot index (1 to 99). The 1 or 2-digit variable part is stored in the variable \$code.
- OBi device then plays a prompt tone and proceeds to collect a number from the user according to the DigitMap. Finally OBi stores the collected number in the given speed dial slot. If the slot already has a number specified, it will be overwritten quietly with the new value.

*75(x|xx), Check Speed Dial, say(\$Spd[\$code])

- After user dials *75, OBi expects one or two more digits from the user which represent a speed dial slot index (1 to 99). The 1 or 2-digit variable part is stored in the variable \$code.
- OBi device then announces the number stores in the speed dial slot, or says "not available" if the slot is empty.



OBi110	*		
OBIHAI			
technology, inc.			
	1	Star Co	de Profile /
etup Wizard	Star Codes®	Star Cot	le Prome
tatus	Parameter Name	Value	Default
ystem Management	Code1	*07, Redial, call(\$Ldn)	
ervice Providers	Code2	*69, Call Return, call(\$Lon)	V
oice Services	Code3	*81, Block Caller ID, set(\$Bci,1)	
hysical Interfaces	Code4	*82, Unblock Caller ID, set(\$Bci,0)	V
odecs	Code5	*67, Block Caller ID Once, set(\$Bci1,1)	
one Settings	Code6	*68, Unblock Caller ID Once, set(\$Ubci1,1)	
ing Settings	Code7	*72, Cfwd All, coll(\$Cfan), set(\$Cfa,1)	
tar Codes	Code8	*73, Disable Cfwd All, set(\$Cfa, 0)	V
Star Code Profile A	Code9	*60, Cfwd Busy, coll(\$Cfbn), set(\$Cfb,1)	V
Star Code Profile B	Code10	*61, Disable Cfwd Busy, set(\$Cfb, 0)	V
ser Settings	Code11	*62, Cfwd No Ans, coll(\$Cfnn), set(\$Cfn,1)	
er settings	Code12	*63, Disable Cfwd No Ans, set(\$Cfn,0)	V
	Code13	*77, Block Anonymous Call, set(\$Bac,1)	V
	Code14	*87, Unblock Anonymous Call, set(\$Bac,0)	V
	Code15	*56, Enable Call Waiting, set(\$Cwa,1)	
	Code16	*57, Disable Call Waiting, set(\$Cwa,0)	
	Code17	*78, Do Not Disturb, set(\$Dnd,1)	V
	Code18	*79, Disable DND, set(\$Dnd,0)	
	Code19	*66, Repeat Dial, rpdi(\$Ldn)	
	Code20	*86, Disable Repeat Dial, rpdi	
	Code21	*74(xbx), Set Speed Dial, coll(\$Spd[\$Code])	
	Code22	*75(xbx), Check Speed Dial, say(\$Spd[\$Code])	
	Code23	*03, Loopback Media, set(\$Lbm1,1)	
	Code24	*04, Loopback RTP Packet, set(\$Lbp1,1)	
	Code25	*05, Repeat Dial, rpdi(\$Ldn)	
	Code26	*06, Cancel Repeat Dial, rpdi()	
	Code27	*4711, Use G711 Only, set(\$Cdm1,3)	
	Code28	*4729, Use G729 Only, set(\$Cdm1,4)	
	Code29		V

Star Code Profile Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
Code1	Default = Redial Star Code	*07, Redial, call(\$Ldn)
Code2	Default = Call Return Star Code	*69, Call Return, call(\$Lcn)
Code3	Default = Block Caller ID (Persistent) Star Code	*81, Block Caller ID, set(\$Bci,1)
Code4	Default = Unblock Caller ID (Persistent) Star Code	*82, Unblock Caller ID, set(\$Bci,0)
Code5	Default = Block Caller ID Once Star Code	*67, Block Caller ID Once, set(\$Bci1,1)
Code6	Default = Unblock Caller ID Once Star Code	*68, Unblock Caller ID Once, set(\$Ubci1,1)
Code7	Default = Call Forward Unconditional Star Code	*72, Cfwd All, coll(\$Cfan), set(\$Cfa,1)
Code8	Default = Disable Call Forward Unconditional Star Code	*73, Disable Cfwd All, set(\$Cfa, 0)
Code9	Default = Call Forward on Busy Star Code	*60, Cfwd Busy, coll(\$Cfbn), set(\$Cfb,1)
Code10	Default = Disable Call Forward on Busy Star Code	*61, Disable Cfwd Busy, set(\$Cfb, 0)
Code11	Default = Call Forward on No Answer Star Code	*62, Cfwd No Ans, coll(\$Cfnn), set(\$Cfn,1)
Code12	Default = Disable Call Forward on No Answer Star Code	*63, Disable Cfwd No Ans, set(\$Cfn,0)
Code13	Default = Block Anonymous Calls Star Code	*77, Block Anonymous Call, set(\$Bac,1)
Code14	Default = Unblock Anonymous Calls Star Code	*87, Unblock Anonymous Call, set(\$Bac,0)
Code15	Default = Enable Call Waiting Star Code	*56, Enable Call Waiting, set(\$Cwa,1)
Code16	Default = Disable Call Waiting Star Code	*57, Disable Call Waiting, set(\$Cwa,0)



Code17	Default = Do Not Disturb Star Code	*79 Do Not Dicturb cot(CDnd 1)
		*78, Do Not Disturb, set(\$Dnd,1)
Code18	Default = Disable Do Not Disturb Star Code	*79, Disable DND, set(\$Dnd,0)
Code19	Default = Repeat Dial Star Code	*66, Repeat Dial, rpdi(\$Ldn)
Code20	Default = Disable Repeat Dial Star Code	*86, Disable Repeat Dial, rpdi
Code21	Default = Set Speed Dial Star Code	*74(x xx), Set Speed Dial, coll(\$Spd[\$Code])
Code22	Default = Check Speed Dial Star Code	*75(x xx), Check Speed Dial, say(\$Spd[\$Code])
Code23	Default = Loopback Media Star Code	*03, Loopback Media, set(\$Lbm1,1)
Code24	Default = Loopback RTP Star Code	*04, Loopback RTP Packet, set(\$Lbp1,1)
Code25	Default = Force G711u Codec Star Code	*4711, Use G711 Only, set(\$Cdm1,3)
Code26	Default = Force G729 Codec Star Code	*4729, Use G729 Only, set(\$Cdm1,4)
Code27	Default = Clear Speed Dial Star Code	*76([1-9] [1-9]x), Clear Speed Dial,
		set(\$Spd[\$Code],)
Code28	Default = Blind Transfer Star Code	*98, Blind Transfer, coll(\$Bxrn)
Code29	Default = Barge In Star Code	*96, Barge In, set(\$Bar1,1)
Code30	Default = OBiBT Discoverable Star Code	*28, OBiBT Discoverable, btdscvr()
	(OBi202 and OBi302 only)	
Code31	Default = Set OBiPLUS to Day Mode Star Code	*10, Day Mode, set(\$Opm,0)
Code32	Default = Set OBiPLUS to Night Mode Star	*11, Night Mode, set(\$Opm,1)
	Code	
Code33	Default = Set OBiPLUS to Auto Night Mode	*12, Auto Night Mode, set(\$Opm,2)
	Star Code	
Code34		
Code35		
Code36		
Code37		
Code38		
Code39		
Code40		

Note: Code31 – Code40 requires subscription to OBiPLUS Service



User Settings Features of the OBi Device

Speed Dial Numbers

Each OBi device supports 99 speed dial numbers. The 99 speed dial slots are numbered from 1 to 99 and are invoked by dialing a 1 or 2-digit number corresponding to the slot number. Speed dials may be dialed from the PHONE port or via the Auto Attendant. Note that the 2-digit numbers "01", "02", ..., "09" are not admissible; you must dial the 1-digit number "1", "2", ..., "9" for slot number 1-9.

Speed dial value can be set using the configuration web page, remote provisioning, or star code (see the *Star Code Section* in this document for more details). The value may be a number just like the one you normally dial, with or without any service access code prefix, such as: **9200112233, **214089991123, 4280913, etc. It may also include explicit trunk information with the general format TK(number), where TK= SP1, SP2, LI, or PP. For example, PP(ob200112233), SP2(14089991123), LI(4280913), etc.

If trunk information is *not* specified in the speed dial entry, OBi device applies DigitMap and OutboundCallRoute when making the call. Otherwise neither DigitMap nor OutboundCallRoute is applied.

Using Speed Dial Number as Ad Hoc Gateway

If an external gateway does not require authentication, its access number can be stored in one of the 99 speed dial slots to allow ad hoc direct dialled gateway calls. To do this, the user dials the gateway's speed dial, followed by a *, followed by the target number. That is <gateway-speeddial> * <target-number>. For example, the gateway access number pp(ob200333456) is stored at speed dial 8, and the user can dial 8*14085551234 to call 14085551234 using the given gateway.

Note: At the present time, only gateways that are accessed with an OBi number can be used this way.

Speed Dial Settings

O OBi110	+			
OBIHAI technology, inc.			User	Login Rebo
Setup Wizard	Speed Dials®			~
Status	Parameter Name	Value	Default	Config Current
System Management	1			
Service Providers	2			
Voice Services	3			
	4			
Physical Interfaces	5			
Codecs	6			
Tone Settings	7			
Ring Settings	8			
Star Codes	9			
User Settings	10			
Speed Dials	11		V	
	12			
	13			
	14			
	15			

Speed Dials Parameter Guide:



Parameter	Description	Default Setting
1	Speed Dial 1	
2	Speed Dial 2	
3	Speed Dial 3	
То	to	
99	Speed Dial 99	

User Defined Digit Maps

For an explanation of this feature, please refer to the section User Defined Digit Maps under Digit Map Configuration.

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
User Defined Digit Map 1		
Label	A 2-16 characters long label to reference this digit map in other digit maps and call routing rules. It must be alphanumeric, not containing any spaces, and different from other user- defined or built-in digit map labels	ipd
DigitMap	A valid digit map	(xx.<*:@>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*:. >xx?x? xx.<*:@>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x? ?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*::>xx?x?x?x? Note: this default value supports IPv4 dialing
User Defined Digit Map N ($N = 2 - 10$)		
Label	A 2-16 characters long label to reference this digit map in other digit maps and call routing rules. It must be alphanumeric, not containing any spaces, and different from other user- defined or built-in digit map labels	
DigitMap	A valid digit map	

User Defined Digit Maps Parameter Guide:



Sharing Files on an Attached External USB Storage Device (OBi202 Only)

File Sharing Settings

There are three levels of access to the files stored on a USB storage device attached to the OBi202:

- Admin: Always enabled and requires login as the admin. Admin level has full access to all the files.
- User: The admin can define and enable up to 10 users (User1 User10) in the OBi device configuration with individual UserID and Password. User must login with the corresponding UserID and Password before he can access the files. Each user level access can be further limited by three configurable attributes: HomeDirectory, FileFilter, and WriteEnable. These attributes are explained in the parameter table below.
- Anonymous: The admin can enable anonymous access where the user does not need to login. However the access is limited to read-only for anonymous users.



Here is a screen short of the File Sharing Settings device web page.

OBi202	× O OBi110	× ÷	
DBIHAI			
technology, inc.			User Logi
		File (Charles Cattings
etup Wizard	File Sharing	Files	Sharing Settings
tatus	Parameter Name	Value	Default
outer Configuration			
ystem Management	EnableAccessFromWAN	M	▼ 0
Auto Provisioning			
Device Admin	Anonymous User		
Device Update	Parameter Name	Value	Default
ervice Providers	Enable		
oice Services	HomeDirectory	/obi_share/anonymous	
hysical Interfaces odecs	FileFilter	*	✓ 😢
odecs one Settings			
ing Settings	User1		
tar Codes	Parameter Name	Value	Default
ser Settings	Enable	V	□ 0
kternal USB Storage	UserID	user1	✓ Ø
File Sharing Settings	Password		
File Explorer	HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user1	
	FileFilter WriteEnable	·	
	User2		
	Parameter Name	Value	Default
	Enable		V
	UserID	user2	v
	Password		
	HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user2	
	FileFilter		
	WriteEnable		
	User3		
	Parameter Name	Value	Default
	Enable		▼
	UserID	user3	V
	Password		
	HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user3	
	FileFilter		
	WriteEnable		
	User4		
	Parameter Name	Value	Default
	Enable		
	UserID	user4	
			✓
	Password	*****	
	Password HomeDirectory FileFilter	/obi_share/user4	



Setup Wizard

- + Status
- Router Configuration

- System Management Auto Provisioning Device Admin

Device Update

- Service Providers
- Voice Services
- Physical Interfaces
- + Codecs
- Tone Settings
- Ring Settings
- Star Codes
- User Settings
- External USB Storage
 File Sharing Settings
 File Explorer

User6

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	Γ	
UserID	user6	V
Password	•••••	V
HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user6	v
FileFilter		v
WriteEnable		

User7

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	—	
UserID	user7	V
Password		
HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user7	
FileFilter		
WriteEnable		

User8

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	E	V
UserID	user8	V
Password		V
HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user8	V
FileFilter		V
WriteEnable		

User9

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	Γ	\checkmark
UserID	user9	V
Password		V
HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user9	7
FileFilter		
WriteEnable		

User10

Parameter Name	Value	Default
Enable	Γ	V
UserID	user10	V
Password		✓
HomeDirectory	/obi_share/user10	V
FileFilter		✓
WriteEnable		

Submit Clear Changes Use Defaults Only

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Config

File Sharing Parameter Guide:

Parameter	Description	Default Setting
File Sharing		
EnableAccessFromWAN	While accessing files on the attached USB storage device from the LAN side of the OBi is always enabled, accessing the files from the WAN side may be disabled. By enabling this option you allow access to the files from the WAN side. This option applies to all levels of access (admin, user, and anonymous).	Yes
	Note: If this option is disabled, you will be denied from accessing the files from the WAN when you click on the File Explorer link on the device web page even if you have logged in as the admin.	
	Note: This option needs a reboot for this change to take effect	
Anonymous User		
Enable	By enabling this option, you allow anonymous (read-only) access to the files on the USB storage device., using this link: http:// <obi-address>/obi_share/anonymous</obi-address>	No
	The user will be challenged to enter any UserID or Password in this case.	
	The Home Directory for anonymous level access, such that user cannot navigate the file system above this directory.	
HomeDirectory	Maximum length of this field is 256 characters.	/obi_share/anonymous
	Note: A blank value is same as slash (/) which allows navigation all the way to the root of the file system	
FileFilter	A list of semicolon (;) separated filename filters to limit the type of filtes this user can see. Each filter MUST be of the format: *. <file-type> Where <file-type> is a literal string (no wildcards or space), such as jpg, pdf, mp3, etc., and * is a wildcard that matches any valid filename string.</file-type></file-type>	*
	For example: *.jpg; *.pdf; *.mp3; *.mov Maximum length of this field is 256 characters.	
User $N (N = 1 - 10)$		
Enable	Allow users to login for file sharing with the UserID and Password for User N	No
UserID	UserID is case sensitive. It must be an alphanumeric string, must not start with a number, and must not contain any space.	userN
	Maximum length is 64 characters.	



	Password is case-sensitive. It must be an	
	alphanumeric string and must not contain any	
Password	space.	
	Maximum Password length is 64 characters.	
	The Home Directory for anonymous level access,	
	such that user cannot navigate the file system	
	above this directory.	
HomeDirectory	Maximum length of this field is 256 characters.	/obi_share/userN
	Note: A blank value is same as slash (/) which	
	allows navigation all the way to the root of the file	
	system	
	A list of semicolon (;) separated filename filters to	
	limit the type of filtes this user can see. Each filter	
	MUST be of the format:	
	*. <file-type></file-type>	
	Where <file-type> is a literal string (no wildcards or</file-type>	
FileFilter	space), such as jpg, pdf, mp3, etc., and * is a	*
	wildcard that matches any valid filename string.	
	For example: *.jpg; *.pdf; *.mp3; *.mov	
	Maximum length of this field is 256 characters.	
	By enabling write access to the file system, you	
WriteEnable	allow the user to upload, copy, remove, rename,	No
WITCEHODIC	cut and paste files, or create, remove, and rename	110
	directories on the USB storage device.	



File Explorer

The File Explorer web page can be launched by clicking the File Explorer link on the OBi device webpage or visit the link: http://<obi-address>/obi_share. You may be requested to login with a valid UserID and Password. To use the File Explorer as an anonymous user, visit the link: http://<obi-address>/obi_share/anonymous.

Below is a screen shot of a typical File Explorer web page.

O USB storage ↔		
□ ~1		logout
name	size	suffix
🗆 🔁 download		
□ 🔁 My Documents		
□ □ gameloft		
Generation		
bookmark_thumb1		
Android		
□ 🕞 rssreader		
□ □ □ .footprints		
android_secure		
□ □ lost.dir		
Sample Photo		
□ □ HTC Sync		
	_	
OBiON-1-1-0-1848.apk	1363919 B	apk
☑ OBiON.apk	1064052 B	apk
◙▯脾▥፠₽∥⊘₽₽	485172304 B	available

File Explorer Web Page Layout

At the top of the page is a status bar that looks like this:

🗖 ~ / dlna / Videos /

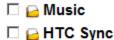
admin | logout

On the left corner of the status bar is a "select all" checkbox for selecting all the items on the current page. To the right of the checkbox is the current directory path. On the far right of the status bar is the User ID of the current login user and the logout button, which are not shown for anonymous level login.



The current directory path information is with respect to the home directory of the login user. The symbol ~ represents the home directory which is always at the root of the path. Each level in the directory path is separated from the previous level with a slash (/). User can click any directory name in the path shown on the status bar to jump to a different level in the directory. Click the "logout" button to logout or login as a different user.

The contents of current directory are listed below the status bar, with all the sub-directories, if any, followed by all the files in this directory. For example:



COBiON-1-1-0-1848.apk

As shown above, each sub-directory or file is shown as a selectable item per row, with a "selected for operation" checkbox on the left. A sub-directory item has a directory icon (\square) and a directory name. A file item has a filename, the file size in bytes and the file type. In the current design, the file type is simply the filename suffix, or a pair of "<>" is shown if the filename does not have a suffix. You can select one or more items for applying an operation by clicking the corresponding checkboxes. The available operations that can be applied are shown on the bottom of the page and may depend on the kind of items or the number of items selected. In the following example, each operation is represented by a special icon on the bottom line:

▋▋₽ڨ፠₿∥₽₽

485172304 B available

1363919 B

apk

Also shown on the far right of the bottom line is the currently available space in bytes on the attached USB storage device, if the option WriteEnable is true for login user.

The name of each sub-directory item is a link to navigate into that sub-directory. Clicking the link of a file item on the other hand may show the contents of the file or download the file based on the file type and web browser functionality.

The table below listed the available file sharing operations:

lcon	Operation	Remarks
٥	Eject USB - Safely detach the USB storage device from the OBi.	This operation is available to the admin only. Any un- pasted Cut or Copy operation will be forgotten by the OBi upon this operation. We highly recommend the admin to always perform this operation before detaching the USB device or rebooting the OBi. If the file system on the USB storage device is <u>HPS Plus or HFP+</u> , the admin MUST perform this operation before detaching the USB device. Failure to do so may cause the USB device to
		become read only and may require reformatting of the USB device
۵	Upload File - Upload a single file from the local host to the USB storage device.	You should check that the size of the file to be uploaded can fit in the available space on the USB device. If there is already a file with the same name in the same location, the OBi will pop up a prompt window to ask for confirmation before overwriting the existing file.
P	Create Folder - Create a new folder with the given path name if it does not exist already; an input box will pop up	Any intermediate directory in the given path name will be created automatically if it does not exist



	for entering the path name when you click this icon	
m	Delete - Remove the selected files and sub-directories permanently from the USB storage device. This operation cannot be undone.	Available only when one or more files or sub- directories are selected. The OBi will pop up a prompt window to ask for confirmation before proceeding.
ϫ	Cut - Cut the selected files and sub-directories to be pasted elsewhere on the USB storage device with a subsequent Paste operation (in the same session).	Available only when one or more files or sub- directories are selected.
₽	Copy - Copy the selected files or sub-directories to be pasted in a different directory on the USB storage device with a subsequent Paste operation (in the same session).	Available only when one or more files or sub- directories are selected.
ß	Paste - Paste the selected files or sub-directories that are either cut with a previous Cut operation or copied with a previous Copy operation	Available only if there is a previous "Cut" or "Copy" operation (in the same session) that has not been pasted yet.
D	Rename - Rename the selected file or directory to the given name; an input box will pop up for entering the new name when you click this icon	Available when one and only one file or sub-directory item is selected.
	Save Link As Download the selected file to store a copy on the local host	Available when one and only one file item is selected.
Ø	Copy Link Location - Copy the links (URLs) of the selected items to the clipboard of the local host	Available only when one or more files or sub- directories are selected. On some web browsers a prompt window will pop up to ask for confirmation before proceeding; the user may need to press Control+C for example before the Link Locations (URLs) are copied into clipboard of the local host.



OBi Call Routing and Digit Map

Trunks, Endpoints, and Terminals

An OBi device is a Voice Service Bridge (VSB) that supports multiple voice services. It can bridge calls across any of the supported services. By a call bridge we refer to a voice connection connecting two calls on the same or different voice services. The OBi110 allows 4 concurrent independent call bridges. The following matrix shows the possible call bridge connections on the OBi110:

	SP1 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	SP2 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	SP3 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	SP4 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	OBiTALK Service	LINE Port ¹ (PSTN)
SP1 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
SP2 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
SP3 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
SP4 Service (ITSP A, B, C ² , or D ²)	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
OBiTALK Service	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
LINE Port ¹ (PSTN)	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no

Supported 2-way call bridges on the OBi110

Each supported service is also referred to as a *trunk* (a traditional telco term for a physical wire or wires that deliver phone services to homes or businesses). Each trunk is represented with 2-letter abbreviation and a 1-based instance identifier:

- SP1 = the SP1 Voice Service (with ITSP A, B, C^2 , or D^2)
- SP2 = the SP2 Voice Service (with ITSP A, B, C^2 , or D^2)
- SP3 = the SP3 Voice Service (with ITSP A, B, C^2 , or D^2)
- SP4 = the SP4 Voice Service (with ITSP A, B, C^2 , or D^2)
- PP1 = the OBiTALK Service
- LI1¹ = the PSTN Line Service on the LINE port

The instance identifier may be omitted if it is equal to 1; hence LI is equivalent LI1, PP is equivalent to PP1, etc. These shorthand notations are used heavily in configuring the OBi device, as found in call routes, call forward numbers, and speed dials parameters. Unless stated otherwise, the abbreviated trunk names are case insensitive.

In addition to all the call bridging functionalities, the OBi110 has a built-in physical PHONE port for hooking up analog telephones or FAX machines. OBi110 includes a set of features to support its PHONE port to make it work also as a full-featured ATA device. Users can place and receive calls on the PHONE port over any of the trunks.



The OBi110 also comes with an Auto Attendant for helping callers to direct their calls landed on the device. When an inbound call is received on the device, it may be routed to the AA which then offers a menu of options to the caller to direct it further. It could be directed to the PHONE port, or bridged with another call on a trunk (which the AA "dials" or sets up on behalf of the caller).

The PHONE port and the AA are the two entities in the OBi device that calls can terminate (i.e., starts or ends there), as opposed to the trunks, which rely on the corresponding service providers to terminate the call. In this document we refer to the PHONE port and the AA as *endpoints*. Like the trunks, each endpoint is represented by a 2-letter abbreviation and a 1-based instance identifier:

- PH1 = the PHONE Port (same as PHONE1 port)
- PH2 = the PHONE2 Port⁵
- AA1 = the Auto Attendant

Unless stated otherwise, abbreviated endpoint names are case insensitive. A trunk or an endpoint is also referred to as a *Terminal* in this document.

The following matrix shows the possible call connections between the endpoints and the trunks:

Supported endpoint calls on the OBi

	Any Trunk	PHONE Port	PHONE2 Port ⁵	AA
		(PHONE1 Port)		
Any Trunk	n/a	yes	yes	yes
PHONE Port	yes	no	yes	yes
(PHONE1 Port)	yes	10	yes	yes
PHONE2 Port	yes	yes	no	yes
AA	yes	yes	yes	no

Call Routing – The OBi Way

Call Routing is the process by which the OBi Device sets up a call bridge or a (endpoint) call based on such information as: the trunk on which the call originates, the caller's number, the called number, etc. Call Routing Rules are parameters used to instruct the OBI device how to route calls. A call may transform into a call bridge or an endpoint call after being routed by the OBi according to the given routing rules.

Every call has to be originated from somewhere. From the device's perspective, calls originated from the trunk side are considered Inbound Calls, while calls originated from an endpoint Outbound Calls. The call routing rule syntaxes for inbound calls and outbound calls are slightly different and we shall explain them separately below. Call Routing Rule configuration relies heaving on digit maps. If you are not familiar with how digit map works yet, please read the *Digit Map Configuration Section* in this document first.

⁵ PHONE2 or PH2 Port is available on the OBi202 only



Inbound Call Route Configuration

Every trunk has a corresponding InboundCallRoute in the OBi device configuration. It is a comma separated list of rules where each rule is also surrounded by a pair of curly braces { }. No extra white spaces are allowed. These rules tell the OBi how to handle an inbound call, such as sending it to the PHONE port (and ringing the attached phone(s)), sending it to the Auto Attendant for further routing (interactively with the caller), or making another call on a specific trunk to bridge with this call.

The general format is:

InboundCallRoute := rule **OR** {rule},{rule},....

Note that the curly braces may be omitted if there is only one rule in the route. The **OR** operator is NOT part of the parameter syntax; it is used here to separate alternative values only.

A rule has the following format:

rule := peering-list : terminal-list		
where		
peering-list := peering,peering,	(comma separated list of 0 or more <i>peering</i> object)	
terminal-list := terminal,terminal,	(comma separated list of 0 or more <i>terminal</i> object)	
peering := caller-list > callee-list		
caller-list := caller caller caller	(vertical bar separated list of 0 or more <i>caller</i> object)	
callee-list := callee callee callee	(vertical bar separated list of 0 or more callee object)	
caller := number OR <u>embedded-</u> digit-map OR ? OR @ (?=anonymous, @=any number but an		
callee := number OR embedded-digit-map OR @		
terminal := PHx OR AAx OR Llx(arg) OR SP	(arg object is optional) (arg object is optional)	
arg := cid > target		
<i>x</i> := 1 OR 2 OR 3	(where applicable; can be omitted if it is equal to 1)	
cid := spoofed-caller-number OR \$1		
target := number-to-call OR \$2		
embedded-digit-map := (Mlabel) OR digit-map		

Notes:

- *Terminal-list* can be empty, which means to block this call. The preceding ':' cannot be omitted. Up to 4 *terminals* may be specified in the list. The listed *terminals* will be called/rung by OBi simultaneously; we refer to this operation as *forking* the call. A terminal may be a trunk or an endpoint.
- Abbreviated terminal names are case-insensitive
- number and number-to-call are literal strings, such as 14089991234
- *digit-map* is just any proper digit map, such as (1xxx | xx.); make sure to include the enclosing parentheses



- *spoofed-caller-number* is a literal string, such as 14081112233, to be used as the caller number for making a new call on the specified trunk
- (M*label*) is a named digit map, where *label* is the abbreviated name of any terminal that has a digit map defined: SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4, LI¹, PP, PH, PH2, or AA
- \$1 is an internal variable containing the value of the caller number of this inbound call, after any digit map transformation in the matched *caller* object of the matched *peering* object in the *peering-list*.
- \$2 is an internal variable containing the called number of this inbound call, after any digit map transformation in the matched *callee* object of the matched *peering* object in the *peering-list*.

More notes on *peering-list* and *peering* objects:

- Peering-list is optional in InboundCallRoute. If peering-list is empty, the succeeding ':' can be omitted also. An
 empty peering-list implies a single peering object whose caller object list matches any caller number. That is, the
 InboundCallRoutes listed below are all equivalent
 - o ph
 - {ph}
 - {:ph}
 - o {?|@>@:ph}
- *Callee-list* in a *peering* object can be empty. It implies the *callee* object @, meaning any called number. The preceding '>' can be omitted if callee-list is empty.
- *Caller-list* in a *peering* object can be empty. It implies the *caller-list* @ |?, meaning any caller number including anonymous. The succeeding '>' cannot be omitted if caller-list is empty but not the callee-list

More notes on the *arg*, *cid*, and *target* objects:

- The *cid* object inside an *arg* object is optional. If omitted, it implies no caller-ID spoofing when making the call on the specified trunk. The succeeding '>' can be omitted is *cid* is omitted
- The *target* object inside an *arg* object is optional. If omitted, it implies the *target* \$2, which means to call the original called number after applying any necessary digit map transformation implied by the rule. The preceding '>' cannot be omitted if *target* is omitted but cid is not
- *arg* object is optional. If omitted, it implies the *arg* with the *target* \$2 and no *cid*. If *arg* is omitted, the succeeding parentheses () can be omitted also.

An inbound call matches a rule if its caller-number/callee-number matches one of the *peering* objects of the rule. *Peering* objects are tested in the order left and right, and the first matched *peering* object will win. Rules are also checked in the order left to right, and the first matched rule will win. Therefore it is important that you place the more specific rules first in the InboundCallRoute if multiple rules can potentially match the same inbound call.

InboundCallRoute Examples:

1) ph OR {ph} OR {:ph} OR {@|?>@:ph} (all equivalent)

It says: Ring the PHONE port for all incoming calls. This is the default InboundCallRoute for all trunks.

2) {(14081223330|15103313456):aa},{(1800xx.|1888xx.):},{ph}

It says: Ring both PHONE port and AA for calls coming from 1 408 122 3330 or 1 510 331 3456, block all 800, 888, and anonymous calls, and ring the PHONE port for all other calls



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3) {(x.4081113333|x.4152224444):aa},{ph}

It says: Ring the AA for calls coming from any number that ends with 408 111 3333 or 415 222 4444, and ring the PHONE port for all other calls. Be sure to include the enclosing parentheses in this example since "x." is a digit map specific syntax.

4) {200123456:aa},{sp1(14083335678)}

It says: Ring the AA for calls coming from 200123456. For all any other call, bridge it by calling 1 408 333 5678 using SP1 Service

Outbound Call Route Configuration

Every endpoint has an OutboundCallRoute parameter in the OBi device configuration. It tells the device where to send the call when the endpoint attempts to make a call. Endpoints may call each other or an outside number using one of the trunks. The OutboundCallRoute syntaxes are almost identical to those of the InboundCallRoute; the differences are mainly in the implied value when an optional field is omitted, no *caller* objects and one and only one terminal object per terminal-list in an OutboundCallRoute. Forking is not supported when routing outbound calls.

The general format is:

OutboundCallRoute := rule **OR** {rule},{rule},....

Note that the curly braces may be omitted if there is only one rule in the route. The **OR** operator is NOT part of the parameter syntax; it is used here to separate alternative values only.

A rule has the following format:



Notes:

- A terminal may be a trunk or another endpoint.
- Abbreviated terminal names are case-insensitive
- number and number-to-call are literal strings, such as 14089991234
- *digit-map* is just any proper digit map, such as (1xxx | xx.); make sure to include the enclosing parentheses
- *spoofed-caller-number* is a literal string, such as 14081112233, to be used as the caller number for making a new call on the specified trunk
- (M*label*) is a named digit map where *label* is the abbreviated name of any terminal that has a digit map defined: SP1, SP2, LI, PP, PH, or AA
- \$2 is an internal variable containing the called number of this outbound call, after any digit map transformation in the matched *callee* object
- *Callee-list* can be empty, which implies the single *callee* object @, which means any called number. The succeeding ':' can be omitted also when *callee-list* is empty

More notes on the *arg*, *cid*, and *target* objects:

- The *cid* object inside an *arg* object is optional. If omitted, it implies no caller-ID spoofing when making the call on the specified trunk. The succeeding '>' can be omitted if *cid* is omitted.
- The *target* object inside an *arg* object is optional. If omitted, it implies the *target* \$2, which means to call the original called number after applying any necessary digit map transformation implied by the rule. The preceding '>' cannot be omitted if *target* is omitted but not the cid.
- arg object is optional. If omitted, it implies the arg with the target \$2 and no cid

An outbound call matches a rule if its called number matches one of the *callee* objects of the rule. *Callee* objects are tested in the order left and right, and the first matched *callee* will win. Rules are also checked in the order left to right, and the first matched rule will win. Therefore it is important that you place the more specific rules first in the OutboundCallRoute if multiple rules can potentially match the same outbound call.

Note that every endpoint also has a digit map defined. The user dialed number is completely processed with the endpoint's digit map first before it is passed to the OutboundCallRoute for routing decision. Therefore the number used for matching call routing rules has already incurred the transformations, if any, implied by the digit map. Remember this fact when crafting your own OutboundCallRoute.

OutboundCallRoute Examples:

1) sp1 OR {SP1} OR {:SP1} OR {@:Sp1}(all equivalent)This rule says: Make all calls using SP1 Service, without any caller-id spoofing or digit transformation

2)

{(<#:>|911):li},{**0:aa},{***:aa2},{(Mpli):pli},{(<**1:>(Msp1)):sp1},{(<**2:>(Msp2)):sp2},{(<**8:>(Mli)):li},{(<**9:>(Mpp)):pp} This is the default OutboundCallRoute for the PHONE port. It says:



- Dial # key to connect to the LINE port; OBi will take the LINE port hardware to off-hook but will not dial out any digit. The net result is that the user will hear dial tone generated by the PSTN company if a working line is connected to the LINE port. The user may then continue to dial the PSTN number directly to the phone company. Note that from the OBi's point of view, the PSTN call is connected the moment it takes the LINE port to the off-hook state!
- Use the PSTN Line to call 911
- Dial **0 to invoke AA1 or AA
- Dial *** to invoke the local device configuration IVR (a.k.a AA2)
- (Mpli) and pli will be substituted with the PrimaryLine's abbreviated name
- Use SP1 Service to call all numbers that start with **1 and subsequent digits matching SP1 Service's DigitMap.
 Remove the **1 prefix from the resulting number before making the call
- Use SP2 Service to call all numbers that start with **2 and subsequent digits matching SP2 Service's DigitMap.
 Remove the **2 prefix from the resulting number before making the call
- Use the LINE port to call all numbers that start with **8 and subsequent digits matching LINE port's DigitMap.
 Remove the **8 prefix from the resulting number before making the call
- Use the OBiTALK Service to call all numbers that start with **9 and subsequent digits matching OBiTALK Service's DigitMap. Remove the **9 prefix from the resulting number before making the call

Digit Map Configuration

Digit Map Rules and Elements

A digit map serves to transform and restrict the number that may be dialed or called, and determine if sufficient digits have been dialed by the user to form a complete number. Each map is composed of one more rules surrounded by parentheses (which MUST NOT be omitted). Here is the general format of a digit map:

(rule|rule|....|rule)

A digit map *rule* is a rule for matching a given sequence of digits. It may contain extra white spaces for readability; all spaces are removed by the OBi device during parsing. A rule may contain one or more of the following *elements*:

- literals Any combination of 0-9,*,#,+,-,A-Z,a-z, except m, M, s, S, x, X which have special meaning in the digit map syntax. It matches digit sequences with exactly the same literals
- 'literals' Everything inside a pair of single quotes is treated as a literal except for the single quote (') character.
- x a wild card digit that matches any digit from 0-9. x is CASE SENSITIVE
- x. matches 0 or more x
- [123-7] or [135] A set of 1 or more digits surrounded by pair of []. It matches any digit in the set. The syntax represents an inclusive digit range, such as 0–9, 3–7. So [123–7] is equivalent to [1–7] or [1234567]
- S, S0, S1, S2, ...S9 Digit timer of 0, 1, 2, ...,9 seconds respectively; S is equivalent to S1; S0 is the same as "blank". You can concatenate multiple S elements together if you need more than 9s timeout, such as S9S5 for a 14s timeout. S is CASE SENSITIVE. It should only be used either as the first element of a rule for hot/warm line implementation, or as the last element of a rule as a means of overriding the default interdigit timer
- <elements:literals> Substitute the digit sequence matching *elements* with the given *literals*. Single quote syntax is NOT needed or allowed for the *literals* in this context; special characters may be used here as they do not apply in this context either . Elements can be empty, in which case the ':' may be omitted. This case is useful for inserting



some extra digits in certain part of the dialed digits. The literals part can be empty also but the ':' MUST NOT be omitted. This case is useful for removing part of dialed digits. *Elements* and *literals* MUST NOT be both empty.

- (*map*) An embedded digit map for matching subsequent digits.
- (Mlabel) A named embedded digit map for matching subsequent digits, where label is one of abbreviated terminal names. Possible choices are:
 - (Msp1) for SP1 Service::DigitMap
 - (Msp2) for **SP2 Service::**DigitMap
 - (Msp3) for SP3 Service::DigitMap
 - (Msp4) for **SP4 Service::**DigitMap
 - (Mpp) for **OBiTALK Service::**DigitMap
 - (Mli) for LINE Port¹::DigitMap
 - (Mph) for **PHONE Port::**DigitMap
 - (Mph2) for **PHONE2 Port::**DigitMap
 - (Maa) for **Auto Attendant::**DigitMap
 - (MtgN) for TrunkGroupN::DigitMap, N=1,2,3,4
 - (MvgN) for VoiceGatewayN::DigitMap, N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8

Starting with release 1.2, the following elements are added:

- X A wildcard digit that matches 0–9 or *. This is equivalent to [x*] or [0-9*x]
- @ A wildcard character that matches any alphanumeric character except #
- x? matches 0 or 1 x
- @? matches 0 or 1 @
- [^...] matches any single alphanumeric character that is not in the set
- Allow alphanumeric and wildcard inside a set [], such as [x], [X#], [@#], [a-zA-Zx]

The last two elements imply that the OBi digit maps are *recursive*. Recursive digit maps allow digit maps to be re-used and make their specification more compact and readable. It is important that you do not specify digit maps that lead to infinite recursion. For example, a digit map must not include a named embedded digit map that references itself.

To bar users from calling numbers that match a rule, add a '!' in front of that rule in the digit map. The rule is then referred to as a *barring rule*.

Let's look at some examples.

1408xxxxxx – Matches any 11-digit number that starts with 1408

011xx. – Matches any number that starts with 011 followed by one or more digits

<1408>xxxxxxx – Matches any 7-digit number. OBi pre-pends 1408 to the number when making the call

<:1408>xxxxxxx – Equivalent to the last example

<+>1xxxxxxxxx – Pre-pends '+' to any 11-digit number that starts with 1

<**1:>1408xxxxxxx – Matches any number that starts with **11408 followed by 7 digits. OBi removes the **1 prefix when making the call

*74(x | xx) – Matches any number that starts with *74, followed by 1 or 2 digits



**1(Msp1) - Matches any number that starts with **1 and with the rest of digits matching the DigitMap in the SP1
Service

<: 1234> - Matches an empty phone number and replaces with 1234. This is the syntax for a hotline to 1234

<S0:1234> – Equivalent to the last example

<:#> - Hotline to the number #

<S0:#> - Equivalent to the last example

<S4:1234> - Call 1234 if no digits entered for 4s. This is the syntax of a warm line.

xx.853 7683 – Matches any number with at least 8 digits and ends with 8537683, such as 15108537683, 98537683

(x.408 223 1122) – Matches any number with at least 10 digits and ends with 408 223 1122, such as 4082231122, 1408 223 1122

xx.<#> - Adds a # to the end of any number with 1 or more digits

!1900xxx xxxx – Barring all 11-digit numbers that start with 1900

[^*]@@. - Arbitrarily long alphanumeric sequence (except #) that does not start with *

xx? - one or two-digit number

(1xxxxxxxS0|xx.) – Arbitrarily long digit sequence not starting with 1; otherwise it is limited to 11 digits

Matching Against Multiple Rules in Digit Map

One important function of a digit map is to determine if sufficient digits have been entered by the user during dialing. A digit map normally contains more than one rules. The Digit Map Processor (DMP) must return the best matched rule at some point, or declare the input digit sequence is invalid. The DMP keeps refining its decision as each digit is entered until it reaches a *final decision*, or will be forced to make a *timely decision* when the interdigit timer expires.

The DMP restarts the interdigit timer on every newly entered digit. The duration of this timer can be either *long* or *short*. The long and the short timer values are set to 10s and 2s respectively at present (and they are not configurable). Whether to use the long or short interdigit timer depends on the current rule matching states. The DMP maintains a matching state for each rule in the digit map as it processes each input digit. The following states are defined:

- Partially Matched (PM) The rule partially matches the accumulated input sequence. Initially all rules are in this state before any digit is entered. Rules in this state have the potential of becoming EM or IM as more digits are entered. Example: 1234 partially matches the rules xxxxxxx, 1xxxx, 1234567, <123:>xxxx.
- Exactly Matched (EM) The rule exactly matches the accumulated input sequence. However, any further input digit will turn this rule into the MM state. Example: 1234 exactly matches the rules xxxx, 1234, 1xxx, <123:5678>x
- Indefinitely Matched (IM) The rule matches the accumulated input sequence indefinitely, with a variable length such that the rule can potentially stay as IM as more matching digits are entered. Example: 011853 indefinitely matches the rules xx., 011xx., <011:>xx.



- Mismatch (MM) – The rule does not match the accumulated input sequence. This state will not change as more digits are entered. Example: 1234 mismatches the rules 123, 1xx, 12345

Rules in the EM or IM state are candidates to be selected by the DMP. After processing a new digit, the DMP returns a final decision if any of the following conditions holds:

- 1. All rules are the MM state. DMP returns an error
- 2. One or more rules are in the EM state with no rules in the IM state. DMP returns the best matched EM rule. If the best matched rule is a barring rule, DMP returns an error instead

Otherwise, DMP starts the short interdigit timer if there is at least one rule in the EM state, or else the long one. When the interdigit timer expires, DMP makes a timely decision by returning the best matched rule at that moment if one is found, or else a timeout error. Again if the best matched rule in this case is a barring rule, DMP returns an error instead. Note that the timer to wait for the first input digit is NOT governed by the interdigit timer, but the duration of dial tone being played and could be a lot lengthier than the long interdigit timer.

The best matched rule is the one that has the most specific literals matching the input digit sequence. For example, the input sequence 1234 matches the rule 123x better than 1xxx. On the other hand, an EM rule is always selected over an IM rule.

Finally, the default interdigit timer can be overridden by appending the Sn element at the end of the rule (n = 0-9).

Let's look at some examples. Consider this simple digit map:

(<1408>xxx xxxx)

As soon as 7 digit have been entered, the DMP returns a complete number by pre-pending the accumulated digits with 1408.

Consider another simple map:

(xx.)

After user dials one or more digits, the DMP returns the accumulated digits as a complete number when the long interdigit timer expires.

Let's combine the last two maps:

(xx. | <1408>xxx xxxx)

After user dials 1 or more digits but less than 7 digits, the DMP would return the accumulated digits as a complete number when the (long) interdigit timer expires. As soon as 7 digits are entered, the DMP would return 1408 followed by the accumulated 7-digit when the (short) interdigit expires. On the 8th digit and beyond, however, the DMP will consider the first rule only and return the accumulated digits as is when the (long) interdigit timer expires.

Now add a S4 timer to the 2nd rule:



(xx. | <1408>xxx xxxxS4)

In this case the DMP behaves exactly the same as the last, except that the short interdigit timer the DMP uses upon receiving the 7^{th} digit is overridden by a 4s timer; hence the user will have up to 4s instead of 2 to dial the 8^{th} digit.

Forcing Interdigit Timeout With A Pound(#) Key

When dialing, user may force an interdigit timeout with a # key instead of waiting for the DMP to timeout its own long or short timer. This is allowed as long as the # key does not match the current element of any PM rules. Otherwise the # key will be "swallowed" by the DMP instead of triggering a timeout.

Consider the digit map (33xx.)

If the user enters 333#, the DMP will return immediately with the number 333.

Now consider the digit map (33xx. | 333#1234x.)

If the user enters 333#, the DMP will not return but continue to wait for further input or its interdigit timer to expire. Note that the first rule "33xx." is now in the MM state since the digit # does not match "x". The user may continue to enter 1234#, or 1234 and wait for a long interdigit timeout for the DMP to successfully return 333#1234.

Invoke Second Dial Tone in Digit Map

You can tell OBi to start a tone after a certain pattern of digits have been dialed by specifying the element {t=<tone>} within a digit map, where <tone> is a 1 to 3-letter name of the tone to play. The tone will stop when the next digit is entered. For example:

(**1{t=di2}(Msp)|**8{t=od}(Mli))

which tells the device to play Second Dial Tone when ****1** is dialed, or play Outside Dial Tone when ****8** is dialed. Here is a full list of acceptable (case insensitive) values of <tone>:

- cf = Call Forwarded Dial Tone cm = Confirmation Tone co = Conference Tone cw1 – cw10 = Call Waiting Tone 1-10, respectively di = Dial Tone di2 = Second Dial Tone fb = Fast Busy Tone ho = Holding Tone od = Outside Dial Tone pr = Prompt Tone rb = Ringback Tone
- ro = Reorder Tone (same as fast busy)



si1 - si4 = SIT TONE 1 - 4, respectively

st = Stutter Tone

0-9, *, #, a-d = DTMF 0-9, *, #, A-D respectively

User Defined Digit Maps

Starting from release 1.2, there are 10 user definable digit maps available under the User Settings – User Defined Digit Maps section of the device configuration web page. These digit maps are referred to as User Defined Digit Map 1 to 10. Each user defined digit map is specified with 2 parameters:

- Label: An arbitrary string for referencing this digit map in other digit map specification. The value should be 2-16 characters long. For example, "friends". In this case, (Mfriends) can be referenced in other digit maps, such as PHONE Port::DigitMap
- DigitMap

By default both parameters are empty, except for User Defined Digit Map 1 (see the section below).

A User Defined Digit Map For IPv4 Dialing

The default values of the parameters for User Defined Digit Map 1 are set the following values to support IPv4 Dialing:

- Label: ipd
- Digit Map: (xx.<*:@>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<*:.>xx?x?<

The map (Mipd) is referenced in the default setting of the DigitMap in ITSP Profile A and B. It supports the following two forms of IPv4 dialing:

- a) <user-id>*<a>**<c>*<d>
- b) <user-id>*<a>**<c>*<d>*<port>

1234*192*168*15*113maps to 1234@192.168.15.113123456*192*168*15*180*5061maps to 123456@192.168.15.180:5061



Specifications & Environmental Characteristics of the OBi Device

OBi100

General

Brand	<u>Obihai</u> Browse Obihai Devices
Manufacturer	Obihai
Hardware Designer	Obihai Technology, Inc.
Model Name	OBi100
Release Date	March 2011
Microprocessor	
Chip Vendor	Obihai SoC
Width of Machine Word	32 bit
Instruction Set	MIPS

FXS SLIC (Subscriber Line Integrated Circuit)

Ringer Specifications	Ring Frequency: 14Hz – 68Hz Ring Waveform: Trapezoidal, Sinusoidal Ring Voltage: 55v – 85v
Maximum Ring Load	5 REN (Ringer Equivalence Number)
FXS (PHONE Port) Configuration Settings	Recursive Digit Map & Associated Outbound Call Routing On-Hook Tip Ring Voltage: $30v - 52v$ Off-Hook Current Max: $15mA - 45mA$ Impedance: 12 Independent Settings DTMF Playback Level: -90 dBm $- 3$ dBm Caller ID Method (FSK Bell202, FSK V.23, DTMF FI/SE/DK) Caller ID Trigger (Before / After First Ring, Polarity Reversal) Channel Tx Gain: $-12dB - 12dB$ Channel Rx Gain: $-12dB - 12dB$ Silence Detect Sensitivity HookFlash Time Max HookFlash Time Min CPC Delay Time CPC Duration Idle Polarity Connect Polarity
Management – Configuration	
Local Access Interface	IVR, Web Page – Password Protected (Admin & User Level Log-in)
Remote Access Interface	Syslog (Multi-Level Granularity), Invokable via SIP Notify, Web, Provisioning

Local Access Interface	IVR, Web Page – Password Protected (Admin & User Level Log-in)
Remote Access Interface	Syslog (Multi-Level Granularity), Invokable via SIP Notify, Web, Provisioning
Device Web Page Standard	HTTP v1.1, XML v1.0
Remote Provisioning	XML via TFTP or HTTP, TR069 / TR104
Secure Remote Provisioning	SSL via HTTPS , Encrypted XML via HTTP or TFTP – Dedicated User Name & Password
Secure Remote Firmware Update	Encrypted Binary File via TFTP or HTTP + Dedicated User Name & Password
Customization	OBi-ZT: Obihai Zero-Touch Automatic Customization & Configuration **
Call History (CDRs)	Call Detail Records on OBi Web Page, Export to XML
LED Indications	Power, Device Status, Upgrade Progress Status, Ethernet Actvty, PHONE Status
RTP Statistics	RTP Transport Type Audio Codec Type (Tx/Rx) RTP Packetization - ms (Tx/Rx)



RTP Statistics Cont	RTP Packet Count (Tx/Rx) RTP Byte Count (Tx/Rx) Peer Clock Differential Rate - PPM Packets In Jitter Buffer Packets Out-Of-Order Packets Interpolated Packets Late (Dropped) Packets Lost Packet Loss Rate % Packet Drop Rate % Jitter Buffer Length - ms Received Interarrival Jitter - ms DTMF Digits Received Jitter Buffer Underruns Jitter Buffer Overruns Sequence Number Discontinuities Skew Compensation - ms
Session Information	SIP Session Status OBiTALK Status Phone Port Status
Primary SIP Service Set-Up Wizard	Dedicated Device Web Page for Quick ITSP Account Set-Up
System Settings Back-Up / Restore	Save & Restore Configuration via XML file to / from a Local Folder
Security	
Local Access Interface	IVR Password
Remote Access Interface	User Name & Password Access via HTTP, TFTP – HTTPS
Device Web Page Standard	HTTP v1.1, XMLv1.0
Secure Remote Provisioning	TFTP, HTTP, HTTPS
Network – Application Details	
Data Networking	MAC Address (IEEE 802.3) UDP (RFC 768) TCP (RFC 793) IP version 4 (RFC 791) – Static IP and DHCP Support ICMP (RFC 792) ARP - Address Resolution Protocol RTP (RFC 1889, 1890) RTCP (RFC 1889) DHCP Client (RFC 2131) DiffServ (RFC 2475) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media ToS (RFC 791, 1349) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media VLAN Tagging (802.1p) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media SNTP (RFC 2030) – Primary & Secondary NTP Servers
VoIP	SIPv2 (RFC 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264) SIP over UDP SIP over TCP SIP over TCP with TLS 2 SIP Service Provider Service Sessions – Concurrent Operation 2 XMPP (Google Voice) Sessions 1 OBiTALK Service Session SIP Proxy Redundancy – Local or DNS Based SVR, Primary & Secondary Fallback List Restrict Source IP Address Maximum Number of Sessions – Independent per Service Trunk Groups (4) Voice Gateway – Direct Dialing (8) G.711 μ-Law G.711 μ-Law



VoIP Cont	G.726 (40/32/24/16) G.729a Codec Pre-selection Code Voice Processing per SIP Service – TX/RX Audio Gain, Echo Cancellation Adjustable Audio Frames per Packet Codec Name Assignment Codec Profile per SIP SP (2) & OBITALK Service Dynamic Audio Payload Packet Loss Concealment Jitter Buffer (Adaptive) STUN ICE SUBSCRIBE / NOTIFY Framework (RFC 3265) NOTIFY Dialog, Line Status SUBSCRIBE Message Summary VoIP NAT Interworking DATE Header Support ALERT-INFO Header Support Remote-Party-ID (RPID) P-Asserted-Identity (PAID) RTP Statistics in BYE Message
Telephony	Media Loopback Support Configurable Contact List (Inbound Call Routing) Automatic Attendant (English) with Configurable Answer Delay PIN Access Control to AA (Up to 4 PINs) Recursive Digit Map for Call Routing (AA, Phone, Voice Gateways, Trunk Groups) AA Configurable Outbound Call Routing Rule SIP Service Configurable Inbound Call Routing Rule (2) Direct / Single-Stage Dialing (Route to Voice Gateway) Fax Pass Through (G.711) Modem Pass Through (G.711) In-Band DTMF (G.711) Un Otice Band DTMF (RFC 2833) Out of Voice Band DTMF (INFO Method) Call Progress Tone Generation Tone Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Ring Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Star Code Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Star Code Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Full Duplex Audio G.165, 168 Echo Cancelation VAD – Voice Activity Detection Silence Suppression Comfort Noise Generation Three Way Conference Calling with Local Mixing Hook Flash Event Signaling Flash Hook Timer Caller ID – Name & Number per Bellcore, ETSI and DTMF MVI – Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indicator Call Forward - Unconditional Call Forward on No Answer (Ring Count Configurable) Call Forward on Buck



	Anonymous Call Do Not Disturb Call Return Repeat Dialing
Call Progress Tones	Configurable Call Progress Tone Call Progress Tone Profiles (2) Dial Tone Busy Tone Ringback Tone Reorder Tone Confirmation Tone Holding Tone Second Dial Tone Stutter Tone Howling Tone Prompt Tone Call Forwarded Tone Conference Tone SIT Tones (1-4) Ringing & Call Waiting Tone Configuration Ring Patterns (10) - Configurable Call Waiting Tone Patterns (10) - Configurable Call Waiting Tone Pattern Profiles (2)
Star Code Configuration	Configurable Start Codes Star Code Profiles (2) Redial Call Return Activate Block Caller ID Deactivate Block Caller ID Block Caller ID Once Unblock Caller ID Once Unblock Caller ID Once Activate Call Forwarding (All Calls) Deactivate Call Forward on Busy Deactivate Call Forward on Busy Deactivate Call Forward on Busy Activate Call Forward on No Answer Deactivate Call Forward on No Answer Deactivate Call Forward on No Answer Activate Block Anonymous Calls Deactivate Block Anonymous Calls Activate Call Waiting Deactivate Call Waiting Activate Do Not Disturb Deactivate Do Not Disturb Activate Repeat Dial Deactivate Repeat Dial
Interfaces & Indicator Lights	
Internet (WAN)	1 x 10/100BaseT Ethernet Port (802.3)
Phone (FXS)	1 x RJ-11 FXS Analog Phone Port
Reset Button	Yes – Located on Bottom of Case
LEDs	3 – Power + Status, Ethernet Activity, Phone
LED Indications	Power On, Device Status, Upgrade in Progress Status, Packet RX/TX, Phone Port Status
Certifications	
FCC Part 15	Yes – Class B
A-Tick	Yes
CE	Yes



ICES-003	Yes
RoHS	Yes
WEEE	Yes
UL/cUL	Yes – Power Adapter
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	0º to 45º C (32º to 113º F)
Storage Temperature	-25º to 85º C (-13º to 185º F)
Operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing
Non-operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing
Physical Attributes	
Dimensions:	6.5 x 9.0 x 2.2 centimetres
(width x depth x height)	2.6 x 3.5 x 0.9 inches
Unit Weight:	200 grams / 7 ounces
Shipping Weight	312 grams / 12 ounces (Including Power Supply, Cable and Packaging)
Mounting	Desktop Mountable
Power Supply	
Туре	Universal Switching with Fixed US, EU, UK or AU Style Plug Prongs (Model Dependent)
Input Power	AC Input: 100 to 240 Volts 0.3A 50-60Hz (26-34 VA)
Output Power	DC: +12V 1.0 Amp Max
Carton Specifications	
Units Per Carton	20 Units
Carton Dimensions (width x depth x height)	43.2 x 25.4 x 21.6 centimetres 17 x 10 x 8.5 inches
Carton Weight	6.4 Kilograms / 14 pounds
Cartons Per Std. 20 / 40 ft Container	1,170 / 2,430 Cartons – Non-palletized
Miscellaneous	
	Active Internet Connection
Requirements	Analog Touch Tone Phone Access to Internet Via a Switched Ethernet Port on Home or Office Router
	(Optional) Active Internet Phone Service Subscription with All Required SIP Credentials to
	Make & Receive Calls
	Quick Start / Installation Guide
Documentation	User / Administrative Guide Implementation Guide for Service Providers **
	OBi100 Voice Service Bridge and Telephone Adapter
Package Contents	Power Adapter
	1 x RJ-45 Ethernet Cable (80 inches / 203 centimeters)
Warranty	Quick Start / Installation Guide
Warranty Engineering & Design Location	1-Year Hardware (Limited) California, USA
Country of Origin	China
HST Code	8517.62.00
	All content subject to change.
Data Sheet State	This data sheet is not a warranty.
Data Sheet Version	140911.100.1



OBi110

General

Brand	<u>Obihai</u> Browse Obihai Devices
Manufacturer	<u>Obihai</u>
Hardware Designer	Obihai Technology, Inc.
Model Name	OBi110
Release Date	November 2010
Microprocessor	
Chip Vendor	Obihai SoC
Width of Machine Word	32 bit
Instruction Set	MIPS
FXS SLIC (Subscriber Line Integrated Circu	it) & FXO Subsystem
Ringer Specifications	Ring Frequency: 14Hz – 68Hz Ring Waveform: Trapezoidal, Sinusoidal Ring Voltage: 55v – 85v

Maximum Ring Load	5 REN (Ringer Equivalence Number)
FXS (PHONE Port) Configuration Settings	Recursive Digit Map & Associated Outbound Call Routing On-Hook Tip Ring Voltage: $30v - 52v$ Off-Hook Current Max: $15mA - 45mA$ Impedance: 12 Independent Settings DTMF Playback Level: -90 dBm - 3dBm Caller ID Method (FSK Bell202, FSK V.23, DTMF FI/SE/DK) Caller ID Trigger (Before / After First Ring, Polarity Reversal) Channel Tx Gain: -12dB - 12dB Channel Rx Gain: -12dB - 12dB Silence Detect Sensitivity HookFlash Time Max HookFlash Time Min CPC Delay Time CPC Duration Idle Polarity Connect Polarity
FXO (LINE Port) Configuration Settings	Recursive Digit Map & Associated Inbound Call Routing Ring Delay Detect CPC CPC Time Threshold Detect Polarity Reversal Detect Far End Long Silence Detect Near End Long Silence Silence Detect Sensitivity Silence Time Threshold Detect Disconnect Tone Disconnect Tone Pattern – Programmable AC Impedance: 16 Settings On-Hook Speed: 0.5ms, 3ms (ETSI), 26 (AU) Tip-Ring Voltage: 3.1v, 3.2v, 3.35v, 3.5v Min Operational Loop Current: 10mA, 12mA, 14mA, 16mA Current Limiting Enable Channel Tx Gain Channel Rx Gain Line In-Use Voltage Threshold Line In-Use Current Threshold



	Caller ID Detect Method: FSK (Bell 202), FSK (V.23), DTMF (FI, SE, DK) DTMF Playback Level
FXO (LINE Port) Ring Detection	Ring Detection Ring Frequency Min Ring Frequency Max Ring Threshold: 40.50-49.50 Vrms, 19.35-23.65 Vrms, 13.50-16.50 Vrms Ring Validation Time: 8 Settings Ring Indication Delay Time: 8 Settings Ring Timeout: 15 Settings Ringer Impedance: High, Synthesized

Management – Configuration Local Access Interface IVR, Web Page - Password Protected (Admin & User Level Log-in) **Remote Access Interface** Syslog (Multi-Level Granularity), Invokable via SIP Notify, Web, Provisioning Device Web Page Standard HTTP v1.1, XML v1.0 **Remote Provisioning** XML via TFTP or HTTP, TR069 / TR104 SSL via HTTPS, Encrypted XML via HTTP or TFTP - Dedicated User Name & Password Secure Remote Provisioning Secure Remote Firmware Update Encrypted Binary File via TFTP or HTTP + Dedicated User Name & Password Customization OBi-ZT: Obihai Zero-Touch Automatic Customization & Configuration ** Call History (CDRs) Call Detail Records on OBi Web Page, Export to XML Power, Device Status, Upgrade in Progress Status, Ethernet Activity, PHONE Port Status, **LED** Indications LINE Port Status **RTP Transport Type** Audio Codec Type (Tx/Rx) RTP Packetization - ms (Tx/Rx) RTP Packet Count (Tx/Rx) RTP Byte Count (Tx/Rx) Peer Clock Differential Rate - PPM Packets In Jitter Buffer Packets Out-Of-Order Packets Interpolated Packets Late (Dropped) **RTP Statistics** Packets Lost Packet Loss Rate % Packet Drop Rate % Jitter Buffer Length - ms Received Interarrival Jitter - ms **DTMF** Digits Received Jitter Buffer Underruns Jitter Buffer Overruns Sequence Number Discontinuities Skew Compensation - ms **SIP Session Status OBiTALK Status** Session Information **Phone Port Status** Line Port Status Primary SIP Service Set-Up Wizard Dedicated Device Web Page for Quick ITSP Account Set-Up System Settings Back-Up / Restore Save & Restore Configuration via XML file to / from a Local Folder

Security



Local Access Interface	IVR Password
Remote Access Interface	User Name & Password Access via HTTP, TFTP – HTTPS
Device Web Page Standard	HTTP v1.1, XMLv1.0
Secure Remote Provisioning	TFTP, HTTP, HTTPS
Network – Application Details	
Data Networking	MAC Address (IEEE 802.3) UDP (RFC 768) TCP (RFC 793) IP version 4 (RFC 791) – Static IP and DHCP Support ICMP (RFC 792) ARP - Address Resolution Protocol RTP (RFC 1889, 1890) RTCP (RFC 1889) DHCP Client (RFC 2131) DiffServ (RFC 2475) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media TOS (RFC 791, 1349) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media VLAN Tagging (802.1p) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media SNTP (RFC 2030) – Primary & Secondary NTP Servers
VoIP	SIPv2 (RFC 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264) SIP over TCP SIP over TCP with TLS 2 SIP Service Provider Service Sessions – Concurrent Operation 2 XMPP (Google Voice) Sessions 1 OBITALK Service Session SIP Proxy Redundancy – Local or DNS Based SVR, Primary & Secondary Fallback List Restrict Source IP Address Fail-over to FXO on Primary and/or Secondary SP Reg Failure - Selectable Maximum Number of Sessions – Independent per Service Trunk Groups (4) Voice Gateway – Direct Dialing (8) G.711 A-Law G.711 A-Law G.726 (40/32/24/16) G.729a Codec Pre-selection Code Voice Processing per SIP Service – TX/RX Audio Gain, Echo Cancellation Adjustable Audio Frames per Packet Codec Name Assignment Codec Profile per SIP Service – TX/RX Audio Gain, Echo Cancellation Adjustable Audio Frames per Packet Codec Name Assignment Codec Profile per SIP SP (2) & OBITALK Service Dynamic Audio Payload Packet Loss Concealment Jitter Buffer (Adaptive) STUN ICE SUBSCRIBE / NOTIFY Framework (RFC 3265) NOTIFY Dialog, Line Status SUBSCRIBE Message Summary VoIP NAT Interworking DATE Header Support ALERT-INFO Header Support Remote-Party-ID (RPID) P-Asserted-Identity (PAID) RTP Statistics in BYE Message Media Loopback Support



Telephony	Configurable Contact List (Inbound Call Routing) Automatic Attendant (English) with Configurable Answer Delay PIN Access Control to AA (Up to 4 PINs) Recursive Digit Map for Call Routing (AA, Line, Phone, Voice Gateways, Trunk Groups) AA Configurable Outbound Call Routing Rule SIP Service Configurable Inbound Call Routing Rule (2) Direct / Single-Stage Dialing (Route to Voice Gateway) Fax Pass Through (G.711) Modem Pass Through (G.711) In-Band DTMF (G.711) Out of Voice Band DTMF (INFO Method) Call Progress Tone Generation Tone Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Ring Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Star Code Profile per SIP SP and OBITALK service Full Duplex Audio G.165, 168 Echo Cancelation VAD – Voice Activity Detection Silence Suppression Comfort Noise Generation Three Way Conference Calling with Local Mixing Hook Flash Event Signaling Flash Hook Timer Caller ID – Name & Number per Bellcore, ETSI and DTMF MWI – Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indicator Caller ID Name (Alphanumeric) Call Proward on No Answer (Ring Count Configurable) Call Forward on No Answer (Ring Count Configurable) Call Return Repeat Dia
Call Progress Tones	Configurable Call Progress Tone Call Progress Tone Profiles (2) Dial Tone Busy Tone Ringback Tone Reorder Tone Confirmation Tone Holding Tone Second Dial Tone Second Dial Tone Stutter Tone Howling Tone Prompt Tone Call Forwarded Tone Conference Tone SIT Tones (1-4) Ringing & Call Waiting Tone Configuration Ring Patterns (10) - Configurable Call Waiting Tone Patterns (10) - Configurable



Call Waiting Tone Pattern Profiles (2)

	Configurable Start Codes
	Star Code Profiles (2)
	Redial
	Call Return
	Activate Block Caller ID
	Deactivate Block Caller ID
	Block Caller ID Once
	Unblock Caller ID Once
	Activate Call Forwarding (All Calls)
	Deactivate Call Forwarding (All Calls)
Star Code Configuration	Activate Call Forward on Busy
	Deactivate Call Forward on Busy
	Activate Call Forward on No Answer
	Deactivate Call Forward on No Answer
	Activate Block Anonymous Calls
	Deactivate Block Anonymous Calls
	Activate Call Waiting
	Deactivate Call Waiting
	Activate Do Not Disturb
	Deactivate Do Not Disturb
	Activate Repeat Dial
	Deactivate Repeat Dial
	···· ··· ··· ···

Interfaces & Indicator Lights

Internet (WAN)	1 x 10/100BaseT Ethernet Port (802.3)
Phone (FXS)	1 x RJ-11 FXS Analog Phone Port
Line (FXO)	1 x RJ-11 FXO Analog Line Port
Reset Button	Yes – Located on Bottom of Case
LEDs	4 – Power + Status, Ethernet Activity, Phone, Line
LED Indications	Power On, Device Status, Upgrade in Progress Status, Packet RX/TX, Phone Port Status (Enabled, In-Use), Line Port Status (Enabled, In-Use)

Certifications

FCC Part 15	Yes – Class B
FCC Part 68	Yes – FCC ID: OBIITO.OBOBI110
A-Tick	Yes
CE	Yes
ICES-003	Yes
RoHS	Yes
WEEE	Yes
UL/cUL	Yes – Power Adapter

Environmental

Operating Temperature	0º to 45º C (32º to 113º F)
Storage Temperature	-25º to 85º C (-13º to 185º F)
Operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing
Non-operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing

Physical Attributes

Dimensions	11.5 x 11.0 x 3.0 centimetres
(width x depth x height)	4.5 x 4.2 x 1.2 inches



Unit Weight	255 grams / 9 ounces
Shipping Weight	400 grams / 14 ounces (Including Power Supply, Cables and Packaging)
Mounting	Desktop or Wall Mountable
Power Supply	
Туре	Universal Switching with Fixed US, EU, UK or AU Style Plug Prongs (Model Dependent)
Input Power	AC Input: 100 to 240 Volts 0.3A 50-60Hz (26-34 VA)
Output Power	DC: +12V 1.0 Amp Max
Carton Specifications	
Units Per Carton	20 Units
Carton Dimensions (width x depth x height)	48.0 x 29.0 x 29.0 centimetres 19.0 x 11.4 x 11.4 inches
Carton Weight	8.6 Kilograms / 19 pounds
Cartons Per Std. 20 / 40 ft Container	768 / 1,613 Cartons – Non-palletized
Miscellaneous	
Requirements	Active Internet Connection Analog Touch Tone Phone Access to Internet Via a Switched Ethernet Port on Home or Office Router (Optional) Access to an Analog Telephone (POTS) Line. (Optional) Active Internet Phone Service Subscription with All Required SIP Credentials to Make & Receive Calls
Documentation	Quick Start / Installation Guide User / Administrative Guide Implementation Guide for Service Providers **
Package Contents	OBi110 Voice Service Bridge and Telephone Adapter Power Adapter 1 x RJ-45 Ethernet Cable (80 inches / 203 centimeters) 1 x RJ-11 Telephone Cable (45 inches / 113 centimeters) Quick Start / Installation Guide
Warranty	1-Year Hardware (Limited)
Engineering & Design Location	California, USA
Country of Origin	China
HST Code	8517.62.00
Data Sheet State	All content subject to change. This data sheet is not a warranty.
Data Sheet Version	140911.110.1



OBi202 / OBi302

General

General	
Brand	<u>Obihai</u> <u>Browse Obihai Devices</u>
Manufacturer	<u>Obihai</u>
Hardware Designer	Obihai Technology, Inc.
Model Name	OBi202 / OBi302
Release Date	April 2012 / June 2012
Microprocessor	
Width of Machine Word	32 bit
Instruction Set	ARM
FXS SLIC (Subscriber Line Integrated Circu	·
Ringer Specifications	Ring Frequency: 14Hz – 68Hz Ring Waveform: Trapezoidal, Sinusoidal Ring Voltage: 55v – 85v
Maximum Ring Load	5 REN (Ringer Equivalence Number)
FXS (PHONE Port) Configuration Settings	Recursive Digit Map & Associated Outbound Call Routing On-Hook Tip Ring Voltage: $30v - 52v$ Off-Hook Current Max: $15mA - 45mA$ Impedance: 12 Independent Settings DTMF Playback Level: $-90 \text{ dBm} - 3\text{ dBm}$ Caller ID Method: Bellcore, ETSI (FSK or DTMF) Caller ID Trigger (Before / After First Ring, Polarity Reversal) Channel Tx Gain: $-12dB$ to 6 dB at 1 dB Resolution Channel Rx Gain: $12dB$ to 6 dB at 1 dB Resolution Silence Detect Sensitivity Hook Flash Time Max Hook Flash Time Min CPC Delay Time CPC Duration Idle Polarity Connect Polarity
Management – Configuration	
Local Access Interface	IVR, Web Page – Password Protected (Admin & User Level Log-in)
Remote Access Interface	Syslog (Multi-Level Granularity), Invokable via SIP Notify, Web, Provisioning
Device Web Page Standard	HTTP v1.1, XML v1.0
Remote Provisioning	XML via TFTP or HTTP, TR069 / TR104
Secure Remote Provisioning	SSL via HTTPS , Encrypted XML via HTTP or TFTP – Dedicated User Name & Password
Secure Remote Firmware Update	Encrypted Binary File via TFTP or HTTP + Dedicated User Name & Password
Customization	OBi-ZT: Obihai Zero-Touch Automatic Customization & Configuration **
Call History (CDRs)	Call Detail Records on OBi Web Page, Export to XML
LED Indications	Power, Device Status, Upgrade Progress Status, Ethernet Activity, PHONE Status
RTP Statistics	RTP Transport Type Audio Codec Type (Tx/Rx) RTP Packetization - ms (Tx/Rx) RTP Packet Count (Tx/Rx) RTP Byte Count (Tx/Rx) Peer Clock Differential Rate - PPM Packets In Jitter Buffer Packets Out-Of-Order



	Packets Interpolated Packets Late (Dropped) Packets Lost Packet Loss Rate % Packet Drop Rate % Jitter Buffer Length - ms Received Interarrival Jitter - ms DTMF Digits Received Jitter Buffer Underruns Jitter Buffer Overruns Sequence Number Discontinuities Skew Compensation - ms
Session Information	SIP Session Status OBiTALK Status Phone Port Status (Phone 1 and Phone 2)
Primary SIP Service Set-Up Wizard	Dedicated Device Web Page for Quick ITSP Account Set-Up
System Settings Back-Up / Restore	Save & Restore Configuration via XML file to / from a Local Folder

Security

Local Access Interface	IVR Password
Remote Access Interface	User Name & Password Access via HTTP, TFTP – HTTPS
Device Web Page Standard	HTTP v1.1, XMLv1.0
Secure Remote Provisioning	TFTP, HTTP, HTTPS

Network – Application Details

Data Networking	MAC Address (IEEE 802.3) UDP (RFC 768) TCP (RFC 793) IP version 4 (RFC 791) – Static IP and DHCP Support ICMP (RFC 792) ARP - Address Resolution Protocol Domain Name System (DNS) A Records (RFC 1706) & SRV Records (RFC 2782) RTP (RFC 1889, 1890) RTCP (RFC 1889) DHCP Client (RFC 2131) LAN (Computer) Port May be Configured as a Router or Bridge DHCP Server (RFC 2131) DHCP Client Reservation PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet) client (RFC 2516) MAC Address Cloning Port Forwarding DiffServ (RFC 2475) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media ToS (RFC 791, 1349) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media VLAN Tagging (802.1p) – Independently Configured: Service, SIP & Media SNTP (RFC 2030) – Primary & Secondary NTP Servers Firewall with: - DRDOS Attack Protection - VPN Pass Through - NAT Redirection DMZ Mode QoS Features - Upstream Data Rate Allocation - Highest Priority (Voice) Bandwidth Allocation - Priority Class Assignments (4) for Bandwidth Allocation - DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) to Priority Class Mapping VPN Pass-Thru - IPsec ESP (IP Security encapsulating security payload)



- PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) - L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) Four (4) Service Provider Configuration Profile Assignments (ITSP 1-4) Four (4) Service /Trunk Subscription Profile Assignments (SP 1-4) SIPv2 (RFC 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264) SIP over UDP SIP over TCP SIP over TCP with TLS 4 SIP Service Provider Service Sessions – Concurrent Operation 4 XMPP (Google Voice) Sessions (OBi202 Only) 2 OBiTALK Service Session SIP Proxy Redundancy - Local or DNS Based SVR, Primary & Secondary Fallback List **Restrict Source IP Address** Maximum Number of Sessions - Independent per Service Trunk Groups (4) Voice Gateway – Direct Dialing (8) G.711 A-Law (64 kbps) G.711 µ-Law (64 kbps) G.726 (32 kbps) G.729a (8 kbps) iLBC (13.3, 15.2 kbps) Codec Pre-selection Code Voice Processing per SIP Service – TX/RX Audio Gain, Echo Cancellation Adjustable Audio Frames per Packet Codec Name Assignment Codec Profile per SIP SP (2) & OBiTALK Service Dynamic Audio Payload Packet Loss Concealment Jitter Buffer (Adaptive) STUN ICE SUBSCRIBE / NOTIFY Framework (RFC 3265) NOTIFY Dialog, Line Status SUBSCRIBE Message Summary **VoIP NAT Interworking DATE Header Support** Remote-Party-ID (RPID) P-Asserted-Identity (PAID) **RTP Statistics in BYE Message** Media Loopback Support Configurable Contact List (Inbound Call Routing) Automatic Attendant (English) with Configurable Answer Delay PIN Access Control to AA (Up to 4 PINs) Recursive Digit Map for Call Routing (AA, Phone, Voice Gateways, Trunk Groups) AA Configurable Outbound Call Routing Rule SIP Service Configurable Inbound Call Routing Rule (2) Direct / Single-Stage Dialing (Route to Voice Gateway) Fax Pass Through (G.711) T.38 Fax Relay for Real-Time Fax over IP Modem Pass Through (G.711) In-Band DTMF (G.711) Out of Voice Band DTMF (RFC 2833) Out of Voice Band DTMF (INFO Method) **Call Progress Tone Generation** Tone Profile per SIP SP and OBiTALK service Ring Profile per SIP SP and OBiTALK service Star Code Profile per SIP SP and OBiTALK service **Full Duplex Audio** G.165, 168 Echo Cancelation VAD - Voice Activity Detection

VoIP

Telephony



	Silence Suppression Comfort Noise Generation Three Way Conference Calling with Local Mixing Hook Flash Event Signaling Flash Hook Timer Caller ID – Name & Number per Bellcore, ETSI and DTMF MWI – Message Waiting Indicator Visual Message Waiting Indication (VMWI) Daylight Savings Time Support – North & South Hemispheres Caller ID Enable /Disable Caller ID Number Caller ID Number Caller ID Name (Alphanumeric) Call Waiting Maximum Session Control Call Forward - Unconditional Call Forward on Busy Call Forward on No Answer (Ring Count Configurable) Call Transfer Enable / Disable Anonymous Call Block Anonymous Call Do Not Disturb Call Return Repeat Dialing
Call Progress Tones	Configurable Call Progress Tone Call Progress Tone Profiles (2) Dial Tone Busy Tone Ringback Tone Reorder Tone Confirmation Tone Holding Tone Second Dial Tone Stutter Tone Howling Tone Prompt Tone Call Forwarded Tone Conference Tone SIT Tones (1-4) Ringing & Call Waiting Tone Configuration Ring Patterns (10) - Configurable Call Waiting Tone Patterns (10) - Configurable Call Waiting Tone Pattern Profiles (2)
Star Code Configuration	Configurable Start Codes Star Code Profiles (2) Redial Call Return Activate Block Caller ID Deactivate Block Caller ID Block Caller ID Once Unblock Caller ID Once Activate Call Forwarding (All Calls) Deactivate Call Forward on Busy Activate Call Forward on Busy Activate Call Forward on No Answer Deactivate Call Forward on No Answer Activate Block Anonymous Calls Deactivate Block Anonymous Calls Activate Call Waiting Deactivate Call Waiting



Activate Do Not Disturb Deactivate Do Not Disturb Activate Repeat Dial
Deactivate Repeat Dial

Interfaces & Indicator Lights

Internet (WAN)	1 x 10/100BaseT Ethernet Port (802.3)
LAN	1 x 10/100BaseT Ethernet Port (802.3)
Phone (FXS)	2 x RJ-11 FXS Analog Phone Port
USB	USB 2.0
Reset Button	Yes – Located on Bottom of Case
LEDs	5 – Power/Status, Ethernet Activity (WAN), Ethernet Activity (LAN), Phone 1, Phone 2
LED Indications	Power On, Status, Upgrade in Progress Status, Packet RX/TX, Phone Port Status

Certifications

FCC Part 15	Yes – Class B
A-Tick	Future
CE	Yes
ICES-003	Yes
RoHS	Yes
WEEE	Yes
UL/cUL	Yes – Power Adapter

Environmental

Operating Temperature	0º to 45º C (32º to 113º F)
Storage Temperature	-25º to 85º C (-13º to 185º F)
Operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing
Non-operating Humidity	10% to 90% Non-condensing

Physical Attributes

Dimensions: (width x depth x height)	10.5 cm x 11.4 cm x 3.0 cm 4.1 in x 4.5 in x 1.2 in
Unit Weight:	255 grams / 9 ounces
Shipping Weight	390 grams / 14 ounces (Including Power Supply, Ethernet Cable and Packaging)
Mounting	Wall & Desktop Mountable

Power Supply

Туре	Universal Switching with Fixed US, EU, UK Style Plug Prongs (Model Dependent)
Input Power	AC Input: 100 to 240 Volts 0.3A 50-60Hz (26-34 VA)
Output Power	DC: +12V 1.0 Amp Max

Carton Specifications

Units Per Carton	20 Units
Carton Dimensions	36.0 cm x 33.0 cm x 26.8 cm – 14.2 in x 13 in x 10.5 in
Carton Weight	8.2 Kilograms / 18 pounds
Cartons Per Std. 20 / 40 ft Container	896 / 1,848 Cartons – Non-palletized

Miscellaneous

Requirements

Active Internet Connection



	Analog Touch Tone Phone Access to Internet Via a Switched Ethernet Port on Home or Office Router (Optional) Active Internet Phone Service Subscription with All Required SIP Credentials to Make & Receive Calls
Documentation	Quick Start / Installation Guide User / Administrative Guide Implementation Guide for Service Providers **
Package Contents	OBi202 Voice Service Bridge and Telephone Adapter Power Adapter 1 x RJ-45 Ethernet Cable (80 inches / 203 centimeters) Quick Start / Installation Guide
Warranty	1-Year Hardware (Limited)
Engineering & Design Location	California, USA
HST Code	8517.62.00
Data Sheet State	All content subject to change. This data sheet is not a warranty.
Data Sheet Version	100411.202.2
	** For Service Providers Only

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